AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd.

800-525 West 8th Avenue Vancouver, BC, Canada V5Z 1C6

October 18, 2024

To the Shareholders of AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd.:

You are cordially invited to attend the Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the "Annual Meeting") of AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd., a British Columbia corporation (the "Company"), to be held at 11:00 AM Pacific time on November 25, 2024, at 800-525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC, Canada V5Z 1C6.

At the Annual Meeting, Shareholders will be asked to consider and vote upon the following proposals:

- 1. Approve the election of five directors for a one year term expiring in 2025.
- 2. The ratification of the appointment of Marcum LLP, as the Company's independent registered certified public accountant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.
- 3. To approve a reverse split of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares in a ratio of 1:15 to 1:100.
- 4. Approval of the Company's 2024 Equity Incentive Plan
- 5. To transact such other business as may be properly brought before the 2024 Annual Meeting and any adjournments thereof.

In addition, shareholders will receive and consider the financial statements for the Company's fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the report of the Company's auditor thereon, and the related management discussion and analysis.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" APPROVAL OF THE ABOVE FOUR PROPOSALS.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Company's articles, the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") has fixed the close of business on October 15, 2024 as the record date for determining the shareholders of the Company entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting or any adjournment thereof. Accordingly, only shareholders of record at the close of business on October 15, 2024 are entitled to notice of, and shall be entitled to vote at, the Annual Meeting or any postponement or adjournment thereof.

Shareholders who intend to attend the meeting via teleconference or video conference must submit votes by Proxy ahead of the proxy deadline of 9:00 a.m. (Pacific Time) on November 25, 2024.

Please review in detail the attached notice and proxy statement for a more complete statement of matters to be considered at the Annual Meeting.

Your vote is very important to us regardless of the number of shares you own. Whether or not you are able to attend the Annual Meeting in person, please read the proxy statement and promptly vote your proxy via the internet, by telephone or, if you received a printed form of proxy in the mail, by completing, dating, signing and returning the enclosed proxy in order to assure representation of your shares at the Annual Meeting. Granting a proxy will not limit your right to vote in person if you wish to attend the Annual Meeting and vote in person.

By Order of the Board of Directors:

/s/ David Welch

David Welch,

Chairman of the Board of Directors

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

The 2024 Annual Meeting of shareholders (the "Annual Meeting") of AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd. (the "Company") will be held 11:00 AM Pacific time on Monday, November 25, 2024, at the Company's principal offices at 800-525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC, Canada V5Z 1C6.

At the Annual Meeting, the holders of the Company's outstanding common shares will act on the following matters:

- 1. Approve the election of five directors for a one year term expiring in 2025.
- 2. The ratification of the appointment of Marcum LLP, as the Company's independent registered certified public accountant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.
- 3. Approval of a reverse split of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares in a ratio of 1:15 to 1:100.
- 4. Approval of the Company's 2024 Equity Incentive Plan
- 5. To transact such other business as may be properly brought before the 2024 Annual Meeting and any adjournments thereof.

In addition, shareholders will receive and consider the financial statements for the Company's fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the report of the Company's auditor thereon, and the related management discussion and analysis.

Shareholders of record at the close of business on October 15, 2024 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the 2024 Annual Meeting and any postponements or adjournments thereof.

Shareholders who intend to attend the meeting via teleconference or video conference must submit votes by Proxy ahead of the proxy deadline of 9:00 a.m. (Pacific Time) on November 25, 2024.

It is hoped you will be able to attend the 2024 Annual Meeting but in any event, please vote according to the instructions on the enclosed proxy as promptly as possible. If you are able to be present at the 2024 Annual Meeting in person, you may revoke your proxy and vote in person.

Dated: October 18, 2024

/s/ David Welch

David Welch,

Chairman of the Board of Directors

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS LTD. 800-525 West 8th Avenue Vancouver, BC V5Z 1C6

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS To Be Held November 25, 2024

PROXY STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd. (the "Company") is soliciting proxies from its shareholders to be used at the 2024 Annual Meeting of shareholders (the "Annual Meeting") to be held at the Company's offices at 800-525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC, Canada V5Z 1C6, and at any postponements or adjournments thereof. This proxy statement contains information related to the Annual Meeting. This proxy statement and the accompanying form of proxy are first being sent to shareholders on or about October 21, 2024.

ABOUT THE ANNUAL MEETING

Why am I receiving this proxy statement?

You are receiving this proxy statement because you have been identified as a shareholder of the Company as of the record date which our Board has determined to be October 15, 2024, and thus you are entitled to vote at the Company's 2024 Annual Meeting. This document serves as a proxy statement used to solicit proxies for the 2024 Annual Meeting. This document and the Appendixes hereto contain important information about the 2024 Annual Meeting and the Company, and you should read it carefully. We formally adjourned the meeting which we had scheduled for September 23, 2024 as we did not receive the required quorum under Nasdaq rules to hold a meeting and thus have set a new Meeting for November 25, 2024.

Who is entitled to vote at the 2024 Annual Meeting?

Only shareholders of record as of the close of business on the record date will be entitled to vote at the 2024 Annual Meeting. As of the close of business on the record date, there were 117,343,337 common shares issued and outstanding and entitled to vote. Each holder of common shares is entitled to one vote for each common share held by such shareholder on the record date on each of the proposals presented in this proxy statement.

May I vote in person?

If you are a shareholder of the Company and your shares are registered directly in your name with the Company's transfer agent, Continental Stock Transfer and Trust, you are considered, with respect to those shares, the shareholder of record, and the proxy materials and proxy card, attached hereto as Appendix A, are being sent directly to you by the Company. If you are a shareholder of record, you may attend the 2024 Annual Meeting to be held on November 25, 2024, and vote your shares in person, rather than signing and returning your proxy. Only persons attending in person may vote their shares in person.

If your shares of common stock are held by a bank, broker or other nominee, you are considered the beneficial owner of shares held in "street name," and the proxy materials are being forwarded to you together with a voting instruction card by such bank, broker or other nominee. As the beneficial owner, you are also invited to attend the 2024 Annual Meeting. Since a beneficial owner is not the shareholder of record, you may not vote these shares in person at the 2024 Annual Meeting unless you obtain a proxy from your broker issued in your name giving you the right to vote the shares at the 2024 Annual Meeting.

Photo identification may be required (a valid driver's license, state identification or passport). If a shareholder's shares are registered in the name of a broker, trust, bank or other nominee, the shareholder must bring a proxy or a letter from that broker, trust, bank or other nominee or their most recent brokerage account statement that confirms that the shareholder was a beneficial owner of shares of stock of the Company as of the Record Date. Since seating is limited, admission to the meeting will be on a first-come, first-served basis.

Cameras (including cell phones with photographic capabilities), recording devices and other electronic devices will not be permitted at the meeting.

If my Company shares are held in "street name" by my broker, will my broker vote my shares for me?

Generally, if shares are held in street name, the beneficial owner of the shares is entitled to give voting instructions to the broker or nominee holding the shares. If the beneficial owner does not provide voting instructions, the broker or nominee can still vote the shares with respect to matters that are considered to be "routine," but not with respect to "non-routine" matters, as discussed further below. Your broker will not be able to vote your shares of common stock without specific instructions from you for "non-routine" matters.

If your shares are held by your broker or other agent as your nominee, you will need to obtain a proxy form from the institution that holds your shares and follow the instructions included on that form regarding how to instruct your broker or other agent to vote your shares.

What are "broker non-votes"?

If you hold shares beneficially in street name and do not provide your broker with voting instructions, your shares may constitute "broker non-votes." "Broker non-votes" occur on a matter when a broker is not permitted to vote on that matter without instructions from the beneficial owner and instructions are not given. These matters are referred to as "non-routine" matters. Since brokers are permitted to vote on "routine" matters without instructions from the beneficial owner, "broker non-votes" do not occur with respect to "routine" matters.

All matters other than Proposal 1 are "routine" matters.

The determination of "routine" and "non-routine" matters is determined by brokers and those firms responsible to tabulate votes cast by beneficial owners of shares held in street name and other nominees. Firms casting such votes have generally been guided by rules of the New York Stock Exchange when determining if proposals are considered "routine" or "non-routine". When a matter to be voted on is the subject of a contested solicitation, banks, brokers and other nominees do not have discretion to vote your shares with respect to any proposal to be voted on.

How do I cast my vote if I am a shareholder of record?

The link for the material will be posted on our website: https://ir.agriforcegs.com/news-events/ir-calendar. If you are a shareholder with shares registered in your name with the Company's transfer agent, Continental Stock Transfer and Trust, on the record date, you may vote in person at the 2024 Annual Meeting or by going to https://lsp.continentalstock.com/pxlogin. Record holders can also vote: via email (cstmail@continentalstock.com), via mail (with the self addressed envelope the transfer agent will provide).

Whether or not you plan to attend the 2024 Annual Meeting, please vote as soon as possible to ensure your vote is counted. You may still attend the 2024 Annual Meeting and vote in person even if you have already voted by proxy. For more detailed instructions on how to vote using one of these methods, please see the form of proxy card attached to this Schedule 14A and the information below.

- To vote in person. You may attend the 2024 Annual Meeting and the Company will give you a ballot when you arrive.
- To vote by proxy by fax or internet. If you have fax or internet access, you may submit your proxy by following the instructions provided in this proxy statement, or by following the instructions provided with your proxy materials and on the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction card.
- To vote by proxy by mail. You may submit your proxy by mail by completing and signing the enclosed proxy card and mailing it in the enclosed envelope. Your shares will be voted as you have instructed.

How do I cast my vote if I am a beneficial owner of shares registered in the name of any broker or bank?

If you are a beneficial owner of shares registered in the name of your broker, bank, dealer or other similar organization, you should have received a proxy card and voting instructions with these proxy materials from that organization rather than from the Company. Simply complete and mail the proxy card to ensure that your vote is counted. Alternatively, you may vote by telephone or over the internet as instructed by your broker or other agent. To vote in person at the 2024 Annual Meeting, you must obtain a valid proxy from your broker or other agent. Follow the instructions from your broker or other agent included with these proxy materials or contact your broker or bank to request a proxy form.

What constitutes a quorum for purposes of the 2024 Annual Meeting?

The presence at the meeting, in person or by proxy, of the holders of at least one third of the issued and outstanding shares entitled to vote are present or represented by proxy at the Annual Meeting permitting the conduct of business at the meeting. On the record date, there were 117,343,337 shares of Common Stock and 0 shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote. Accordingly, the holders of the 39,114,446 shares eligible to vote must be present at the 2024 Annual Meeting to have a quorum. Proxies received but marked as abstentions or broker non-votes, if any, will be included in the calculation of the number of votes considered to be present at the meeting for purposes of a quorum. Your shares will be counted toward the quorum at the 2024 Annual Meeting only if you vote in person at the meeting, you submit a valid proxy or your broker, bank, dealer or similar organization submits a valid proxy.

Can I change my vote?

Yes. Any shareholder of record voting by proxy has the right to revoke their proxy at any time before the polls close at the 2024 Annual Meeting by sending a written notice stating that they would like to revoke his, her or its proxy to the Corporate Secretary of the Company; by providing a duly executed proxy card bearing a later date than the proxy being revoked; or by attending the 2024 Annual Meeting and voting in person. Attendance alone at the 2024 Annual Meeting will not revoke a proxy. If a shareholder of the Company has instructed a broker to vote its shares of common stock that are held in "street name," the shareholder must follow directions received from its broker to change those instructions.

Who is soliciting this proxy – Who is paying for this proxy solicitation?

We are soliciting this proxy on behalf of our Board of Directors. The Company will bear the costs of and will pay all expenses associated with this solicitation, including the printing, mailing and filing of this proxy statement, the proxy card and any additional information furnished to shareholders. In addition to mailing these proxy materials, certain of our officers and other employees may, without compensation other than their regular compensation, solicit proxies through further mailing or personal conversations, or by telephone, facsimile or other electronic means. We will also, upon request, reimburse banks, brokers, nominees, custodians and fiduciaries for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses for forwarding proxy materials to the beneficial owners of our stock and to obtain proxies. We have also retained a proxy solicitor, and the cost of proxy solicitation we estimate to be approximately \$10,000.

If you have any questions or need assistance voting your shares, please call our proxy solicitor, Campaign Management:

Strategic Stockholder Advisor and Proxy Solicitation Agent 15 West 38th Street, Suite #747, New York, New York 10018



North American Toll-Free Phone:

855-434-5243

Email: info@campaign-mgmt.com

Call Collect Outside North America: +1 (212) 632-8422

What vote is required to approve each item?

The following votes are required to approve each proposal:

- Proposal 1 Election of the five directors requires a plurality (the five nominees receiving the most "FOR" votes) of the votes cast at the 2024 Annual Meeting.
- **Proposal 2** The ratification of the appointment of Marcum LLP, as the Company's independent registered certified public accountant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. "FOR" votes from the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company's common stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter at the 2024 Annual Meeting are required to approve this proposal.
- **Proposal 3** To approve the proposed reverse stock split. "FOR" votes from the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company's common stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter at the 2024 Annual

Meeting are required to approve this proposal. "FOR" votes from the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company's common stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter at the 2024 Annual Meeting are required to approve this proposal.

Proposal 4 – To approve the proposed 2024 Equity Incentive Plan. "FOR" votes from the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company's common stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter at the 2024 Annual Meeting are required to approve this proposal. "FOR" votes from the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company's common stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter at the 2024 Annual Meeting are required to approve this proposal.

Proposal 5 - To transact such other business as may be properly brought before the Annual Meeting and any adjournments
thereof. "FOR" votes from the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company's common stock present in person or
represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter at the 2024 Annual Meeting are required to approve this proposal.

Will My Shares Be Voted If I Do Not Return My Proxy Card?

If your shares are registered in your name or if you have stock certificates, they will not be voted if you do not return your proxy card by mail or vote at the Annual Meeting. If your broker cannot vote your shares on a particular matter because it has not received instructions from you and does not have discretionary voting authority on that matter, or because your broker chooses not to vote on a matter for which it does have discretionary voting authority, this is referred to as a "broker non-vote." The New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") has rules that govern brokers who have record ownership of listed company stock (including stock such as ours that is listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market) held in brokerage accounts for their clients who beneficially own the shares. Under these rules, brokers who do not receive voting instructions from their clients have the discretion to vote uninstructed shares on certain matters ("routine matters"), but do not have the discretion to vote uninstructed shares as to certain other matters ("non-routine matters"). Neither proposal herein is a routine matter.

If your shares are held in street name and you do not provide voting instructions to the bank, broker or other nominee that holds your shares the bank, broker or other nominee does not have authority to vote your unvoted shares on any of the other proposals submitted to shareholders for a vote at the Annual Meeting. We encourage you to provide voting instructions. This ensures your shares will be voted at the Annual Meeting in the manner you desire.

Can I access these proxy materials on the Internet?

Yes. The Notice of Annual Meeting, and this proxy statement and the Appendix hereto are available for viewing, printing, and downloading at https://ir2.agriforcegs.com/events-presentation. All materials will remain posted on https://ir2.agriforcegs.com/events-presentation at least until the conclusion of the meeting.

What should I do if I receive more than one set of voting materials?

You may receive more than one set of voting materials, including multiple copies of this proxy statement and multiple proxy cards or voting instruction cards. For example, if you hold your shares in more than one brokerage account, you may receive a separate voting instruction card for each brokerage account in which you hold shares. If you are a shareholder of record and your shares are registered in more than one name, you will receive more than one proxy card. Please vote your shares applicable to each proxy card and voting instruction card that you receive.

How can I find out the results of the voting at the Annual Meeting?

Preliminary voting results will be announced at the Annual Meeting. Final voting results will be published in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within four business days of the 2024 Annual Meeting.

What interest do officers and directors have in matters to be acted upon?

No person who has been a director or executive officer of the Company at any time since the beginning of our fiscal year, and no associate of any of the foregoing persons, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any matter to be acted upon.

Who can provide me with additional information and help answer my questions?

If you would like additional copies, without charge, of this proxy statement or if you have questions about the proposals being considered at the 2024 Annual Meeting, including the procedures for voting your shares, you should contact Richard Wong, the Company's CFO, by telephone at 604-757-0952.

Householding of Annual Disclosure Documents

The SEC previously adopted a rule concerning the delivery of annual disclosure documents. The rule allows us or brokers holding our shares on your behalf to send a single set of our annual report and proxy statement to any household at which two or more of our shareholders reside, if either we or the brokers believe that the shareholders are members of the same family. This practice, referred to as "householding," benefits both shareholders and us. It reduces the volume of duplicate information received by you and helps to reduce our expenses. The rule applies to our annual reports, proxy statements and information statements. Once shareholders receive notice from their brokers or from us that communications to their addresses will be "householded," the practice will continue until shareholders are otherwise notified or until they revoke their consent to the practice. Each shareholder will continue to receive a separate proxy card or voting instruction card.

Those shareholders who either (i) do not wish to participate in "householding" and would like to receive their own sets of our annual disclosure documents in future years or (ii) who share an address with another one of our shareholders and who would like to receive only a single set of our annual disclosure documents should follow the instructions described below:

- shareholders whose shares are registered in their own name should contact our transfer agent, Continental Stock Transfer & Trust, and inform them of their request by calling them at 1-800-509-5586 or writing them at 1 State Street, 30th Floor New York, NY 10004-1561
- shareholders whose shares are held by a broker or other nominee should contact such broker or other nominee directly and
 inform them of their request, shareholders should be sure to include their name, the name of their brokerage firm and their
 account number.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth information known to us regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of October 15, 2024 by:

- each person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding common stock;
- each of our executive officers and directors; and
- all of our executive officers and directors as a group.

	Common shares	Options Granted vested within 60 days of October 15, 2024	Warrants	Total	Percentage beneficially owned
Directors and Officers:					'
Jolie Kahn	126,646	-	-	126,646	0.1%
Richard Wong	234,290	21,053	-	255,343	0.3%
Mauro Pennella	425,256	13,495	-	438,751	0.4%
John Meekison	865	4,251	-	5,116	0.0%
David Welch	11,049	4,239	-	15,288	0.0%
Amy Griffith	-	3,719	-	3,719	0.0%
Richard Levychin	-	3,719	-	3,719	0.0%
Elaine Goldwater Ingo Mueller (Former CEO and	-	-	-	-	%
Chairman)Troy McClellan (Former President	3,954	-	-	3,954	0.0%
Design & Construction)	28,159	-	-	28,159	0.0%
Margaret Honey (Former Director)	-	-	-	-	-%
Total all officers and directors					
(10 persons)*	830,219	50,476	-	880,695	0.8%
5% or Greater Beneficial Owners					
	-	-	-	-	-

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The following table presents information with respect to our officers, directors and significant employees as of the date of this 14A:

Name	Age	Position	Served Since
Jolie Kahn	59	Chief Executive Officer	June 2024
William J. Meekison	60	Director, Audit Committee, Compensation Committee Chair, and M&A Committee Chair	June 2019
David Welch	43	Executive Chairman, Director, M&A Committee	June 2019
Amy Griffith	52	Director, Compensation Committee, Audit Committee and Chair Nominations and Corporate Governance and Strategy Committee	July 2021
Richard Levychin	65	Director, Audit Committee Chair, Nominations and Corporate Governance and Strategy Committee and M&A Committee Member	July 2021
Richard S. Wong	59	Chief Financial Officer	October 2018
Elaine Goldwater	52	Director, Compensation Committee, and Nominations and Corporate Governance and Strategy Committee	August 2023
Mauro Penella	58	President, AgriFORCE Brands, Chief Marketing Officer	July 15, 2021

Directors serve until the next annual meeting and until their successors are elected and qualified. Officers are appointed to serve for one year until the meeting of the Board of Directors following the annual meeting of shareholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

Jolie Kahn, Chief Executive Officer

Jolie Kahn has an extensive background in corporate finance and management and corporate and securities law. She has been the proprietor of Jolie Kahn, Esq. since 2002 and still practices law on a limited basis, including serving as U.S. securities counsel for the Company. Ms. Kahn has also acted in various corporate finance roles, including extensive involvement of preparation of period filings and financial statements and playing an integral part in public company audits. She also works with companies and hedge funds in complex transactions involving the structuring and negotiation of multi-million-dollar debt and equity financings, mergers, and acquisitions. Ms. Kahn has practiced law in the areas of corporate finance, mergers & acquisitions, reverse mergers, and general corporate, banking, and real estate matters. She has represented both public and private companies, hedge funds, and other institutional investors in their role as investors in public companies. She served as Interim CFO of GlucoTrack, Inc. from 2019 – 2023 and has served, on a part time basis, as CFO of Ocean Biomedical, Inc. since February 2024. Ms. Kahn holds a BA from Cornell University and a J.D. magna cum laude from the Benjamin N. Cardozo School of Law.

David Welch, Chairman of the Board and Director

Mr. Welch is a businessman and lawyer who currently serves as the managing partner for ENSO LAW, LLP, a Los Angeles based International Intellectual Property and Regulatory law firm. He has overseen and conducted business transactions in the Caribbean, Europe, as well as Central and South America. As an attorney he has a broad base of experience in representing US, Canadian and Mexican corporate clients in the areas of litigation, intellectual property and government regulatory advisement and defense. Mr. Welch represents recognizable businesses, and notable intellectual property portfolios before United States Federal Court, California state courts and the USPTO and TTAB. He obtained his Juris Doctorate degree from Loyola Law School, Los Angeles with an emphasis on International Trade. He has also studied at the Universidad Iberoamericana in Baja, Mexico and the University of International Business and Economics in Beijing, China. Mr. Welch's, who is also a registered aquaculturist, is conducting various studies of sustainable and regenerative agricultural practices in the Caribbean in partnership with local governments and businesses. He is suited to serve as our Chairman due to his long-standing experience in international intellectual property, international agriculture, and international business.

William John Meekison, Director

Mr. Meekison is a career Chief Financial Officer and former investment banker. He has spent the last fifteen years serving in a variety of executive management and CFO roles with both private and public companies, currently as the CFO and Director of Exro Technologies Inc. (since October 2017), a technology company that creates energy management system, and CFO and Director of ArcWest Exploration Inc. (since December 2010), a mining exploration company in British Columbia. He is currently on the board of directors of Pike Mountain Minerals Inc. (since July 2018) and Quest Pharmatech Inc. (since November 2017). Prior to his position at Exro Technologies Inc., Mr. Meekison spent fifteen years in corporate finance with a focus on raising equity capital for North American technology companies, including nine years at Haywood Securities Inc. Mr. Meekison received his Bachelor of Arts from the University of British Columbia and is a Chartered Professional Accountant, Professional Logistician and Certified Investment Manager. He is suited to serve as a director due to his long time experience as a CFO.

Amy Griffith, Director

Amy Griffith, was appointed as a director in July 2021, concurrent with the completion of our IPO. Ms Griffith is Head of Government Relations & External Affairs for McCain Foods North America. She leads McCains engagement with policymakers in the United States and Canada. Previously, she led The Coca-Cola Company's Public Affairs, Communications and Sustainability team for the North American Operating Unit's North Zone. Ms. Griffith was previously with Wells Fargo's State & Local Government Relations team managing the Keystone Region encompassing Pennsylvania, Delaware and West Virginia. She was recruited to Wells Fargo's Government Relations and Public Policy team in 2019. In this role, Griffith leads Wells Fargo's legislative and political agenda in her region and manages relationships with a state and local policymakers and community stakeholders.

From 2008-2019, Griffith led government relations for sixteen states in the Eastern United States for TIAA for over a decade. In her role at TIAA, she successfully lobbied for multiple high-profile issues, including landmark pension reform legislation adopted in Pennsylvania. Prior to that, she worked in the aerospace, high tech, education, private and public sectors, and has managed multiple high-profile political campaigns at the local, state and national level.

She is a graduate of Gwynedd-Mercy College and holds a Bachelor of Arts in History. Our Board has determined that Ms. Griffith is well qualified to serve as a director due to her significant experience in government relations and politics and years of experience working with companies in both the private and public sectors.

Mr. Richard Levychin, Director

Richard Levychin, CPA, CGMA, was appointed as a director on July 2021, concurrent with the completion of our IPO. Mr. Levychin is a Partner in Galleros Robinson's Commercial Audit and Assurance practice where he focuses on both privately and publicly held companies. Prior to taking this position in October 2018, Richard was the managing partner of KBL, LLP, a PCAOB certified independent registered accounting firm, since 1994. Mr. Levychin has over 25 years of accounting, auditing, business advisory services and tax experience working with both privately owned and public entities in various industries including media, entertainment, real estate, manufacturing, not-for-profit, technology, retail, technology, and professional services. His experience also includes expertise with SEC filings, initial public offerings, and compliance with regulatory bodies. As a business adviser, he advises companies, helping them to identify and define their business and financial objectives, and then provides them with the on-going personal attention necessary to help them achieve their established goals.

Mr. Levychin has written articles on a wide range of topics, which have been featured in several periodicals including Dollars and Sense, New York Enterprise Report, Black Enterprise Magazine, Forbes, Business Insider, and The Network Journal. He has also conducted seminars on a wide range of business topics including SEC matters and taxation for several organizations including the Black Enterprise Entrepreneurs Conference, the Entrepreneurs' Organization (New York chapter) and the Learning Annex.

Mr. Levychin is a member of several organizations including the New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants, the National Association of Tax Professionals, and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). Richard was a founding member of the AICPA's National Diversity and Inclusion Commission. Richard is a member and a former board member of the New York Chapter of the Entrepreneurs' Organization ("EO"), a dynamic, global network of more than 14,000 business owners in over 50 countries.

In 2018 Mr. Levychin was a recipient of the 5 Chamber Alliance MWBE Award from the Manhattan Chamber of Commerce. In 2016 Richard was presented with the 2016 Arthur Ashe Leadership Award. In 2015 Richard was presented by his alma mater Baruch College with the Baruch College Alumni Association's "Alumni Leadership Award for Business". In 2013 Richard received the title of Best Accountant from The New York Enterprise Report. Mr. Levychin is a past winner of The Network Journal's prestigious "40 Under 40" award.

He is a graduate of Baruch College, where he received a Bachelors in Business Administration Degree (Accounting).

Our Board has determined that Mr. Levychin is well suited to serve on our Board due to his decades of experience as the managing partner of a PCAOB certified independent registered accounting firm, which included decades of expertise with SEC filings and initial public offerings.

Richard Wong, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Wong, who works full time for the Company, has over 25 years of experience in both start-up and public companies in the consumer goods, agricultural goods, manufacturing, and forest industries. Prior to joining the Company in 2018, he was a partner in First Choice Capital Advisors from 2008-2016 and a partner in Lighthouse Advisors Ltd. from 2016-2018. Mr. Wong has also served as the CFO of Emerald Harvest Co., Dan-D Foods, Ltd., and was the Director of Finance and CFO of SUGOI Performance Apparel and had served positions at Canfor, Canadian Pacific & other Fortune 1000 companies. Mr. Wong is a Chartered Professional Accountant, and a member since 1999. Mr. Wong has a Diploma in Technology and Financial Management from the British Columbia Institute of Technology.

Elaine Goldwater, Director

Elaine Goldwater is an executive in the Bio-Pharmaceutical Industry. She is the Senior Director of Marketing, Endocrinology at Recordati Rare Diseases. Offering 20 plus years of experience creating and launching complex global marketing strategies in the competitive pharmaceutical industry, she offers a talent for guiding informed decision-making, leading strategic planning and strategic operations, and delivering double-digit growth and transform across high-value product portfolios. Most recently driving her business unit to over 50% growth in 6- months.

Her expertise includes deep knowledge of the product lifecycle from pre-clinical/early-stage development through launch, loss of exclusivity (LOE), line-extension, and late lifecycle products. In addition, Elaine's mastery of country and global operations is leveraged with a background in building market archetypes, shared best practices, and profitable strategy and execution models. She drives end to end commercial strategy creation and execution through a collaborative cross functional process that delivers above brand performance driving to growing net revenue and ensuring patient access. She has brought this strategic expertise into strategy development and into market execution driving double digit growth and across multiple disease categories from Cushing Disease, Acromegaly, Infectious Disease (antibiotic, anti-fungal, HIV, HPC); Contraception, hematology, oncology, respiratory, diabetes and urology. Additionally, Elaine has expertise in orphan drug and rare disease filing, launching, and marketing execution.

She is especially adept at motivating and uniting cross-functional headquarter global and country teams toward common goals. By gathering input from internal and external customers and engaging with scientific leader, HCPs, Patients, patient advocacy, and payors, she innovates solutions, shape and articulate our vision, and generate buy-in across an enterprise. From August 2019-August 2022, Ms. Goldwater was a Director of Global Marketing for Merck & Co., Inc. (across two product lines), and from December 2022 to present, she has been a USA Marketing, Senior Director of Marketing for Endocrinology for Recordati Rare Diseases, Inc. The Board and Company believe that Ms. Goldwater is qualified to serve as a Director due to her long term experience as a high level marketing executive.

Mauro Penella, President AgriFORCE Brands

Mr. Pennella is a consumer products veteran with more than 30 years of experience in the consumer-packaged goods industry. From May 2018 until January 2021, he was Chief Growth & Sustainability Officer at McCain Foods, a Canadian multinational frozen food company. In that role, he was responsible for global marketing, sales, research and development (R&D) and sustainability. From October 2014 to April 2018, Mr. Pennella served as the President, International of Combe Incorporated, a personal care products company where he oversaw the international division, R&D and the internal advertising agency. He was also a member of the Executive Committee at Combe Incorporated, where he was responsible for the P&L—overseeing eight subsidiaries with more than 100 employees around the world. Prior to that, Mr. Pennella led the Retail and International businesses at Conagra's Lamb Weston division and developed his career at Diageo and Procter & Gamble. Mr. Pennella received a Master of Business from Audencia, a premier European business school, as well as an M.A.B.A. in Marketing and Finance from The Ohio State University Fisher College of Business.

Employee Title

Description of Employee Duties and Responsibilities

Chief Executive Officer (Jolie Kahn)

The Chief Executive Officer in partnership with the Board, is responsible for the success of the organization, making high-level decisions about the Company's policies and strategy. Together, the Board and CEO assure the accomplishment of the Company's vision and mission, and the accountability of the Company to its stakeholders and shareholders. The Board delegates responsibility for management and day-to-day operations to the CEO, and he has the authority to carry out these responsibilities, in accordance with the direction and policies established by the Board.

Chief Financial Officer (Richard Wong)

As a key member of the Executive team, the CFO reports to the CEO and assumes an overall strategic role in the Company. The CFO participates in driving the organization towards achieving its objectives whilst building the Finance and Administration function by demonstrating ethical leadership and business integrity. The CFO will ensure risk management is put in place with responsibility over internal controls to ensure transactions are done to prevent fraud while being cost efficient. In so doing, the incumbent will balance short term concerns and pressures, such as managing cash, liquidity and profitability with long-term vision and sustainable Company success. The CFO will work closely with the CEO and the rest of the Executive team to drive and manage change and innovation in a quickly evolving and changing industry landscape whilst fulfilling stewardship responsibilities. In so doing the CFO will ensure effective compliance and control and respond to regulatory developments and financial reporting obligations. Directly responsibility includes accounting, finance, forecasting, costing, property management, deal analysis and negotiations, compliance, financing and capital markets activities.

President AgriFORCE Brands & Chief Marketing Officer (Mauro Penella)

Reporting to the CEO, the President of AgriFORCE Brands Division and CMO of AgriFORCE is responsible for developing and executing a clearly defined commercial strategy, including branding, competitive positioning and M&A to leverage the AgriFORCE cultivation IP and solutions across multiple agriculture verticals which include foods, plant based proteins, cannabis, plant based nutraceuticals and plant based vaccines; in a manner that supports consistent business growth, robust financial returns and establishes brand equity and awareness to provide consumers and businesses more sustainable and better-quality products and ingredients.

This position is responsible for strategy, planning, organizing, staffing, training and managing all functions to achieve the Company's objectives of sales, growth, profitability, and visibility while ensuring a consistent marketing message and position consistent with the corporate direction across all of the Company's brands and or offerings.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller or persons performing similar functions and also to other employees. Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics can be found on the Company's website at www.agriforcegs.com.

Family Relationships

None.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

During the past ten years, none of our officers, directors, promoters or control persons have been involved in any legal proceedings as described in Item 401(f) of Regulation S-K.

Term of Office

Our Board of Directors is comprised of five directors, of which all five seats are currently occupied, and all directors will serve until the 2025 annual meeting of shareholders (if reelected) and until their respective successors have been duly elected and qualified, or until such director's earlier resignation, removal or death. All officers serve at the pleasure of the Board.

Director Independence

Amy Griffith, Richard Levychin, John Meekison and Elaine Goldwater are "independent" directors based on the definition of independence in the listing standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC ("NASDAQ").

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our Board has established three standing committees: an audit committee, a nominations and corporate governance committee, and a compensation committee, which are described below. Members of these committees are elected annually at the regular board meeting held in conjunction with the annual stockholders' meeting. The charter of each committee is available on our website at www.agriforcegs.com.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee members are currently John Meekison and Amy Griffith, with Richard Levychin as Chairman. The Audit Committee has authority to review our financial records, deal with our independent auditors, recommend to the Board policies with respect to financial reporting, and investigate all aspects of our business. All of the members of the Audit Committee currently satisfy the independence requirements and other established criteria of NASDAQ.

The Audit Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at http://www.agriforcegs.com/. The Audit Committee has sole authority for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of our independent registered public accounting firm, and responsibility for reviewing and discussing with management and our independent registered public accounting firm our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, our interim financial statements and our earnings press releases. The Audit Committee also reviews the independence and quality control procedures of our independent registered public accounting firm, reviews management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, discusses with management the Company's policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management and will review the adequacy of the Audit Committee charter on an annual basis.

Nominating and Governance and Strategy Committee

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee members are currently Elaine Goldwater and Richard Levychin, with Amy Griffith as Chairman. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has the following responsibilities: (a) setting qualification standards for director nominees; (b) identifying, considering and nominating candidates for membership on the Board; (c) developing, recommending and evaluating corporate governance standards and a code of business conduct and ethics applicable to the Company; (d) implementing and overseeing a process for evaluating the Board, Board committees (including the Committee) and overseeing the Board's evaluation of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company; (e) making recommendations regarding the structure and composition of the Board and Board committees; (f) advising the Board on corporate governance matters and any related matters required by the federal securities laws; and (g) assisting the Board in identifying individuals qualified to become Board members; recommending to the Board the director nominees for the next annual meeting of shareholders; and recommending to the Board director nominees to fill vacancies on the Board.

The Nominating and Governance Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at http://www.agriforcegs.com/. The Nominating and Governance Committee determines the qualifications, qualities, skills, and other expertise required to be a director and to develop, and recommend to the Board for its approval, criteria to be considered in selecting nominees for director (the "Director Criteria"); identifies and screens individuals qualified to become members of the Board, consistent with the Director Criteria. The Nominating and Governance Committee considers any director candidates recommended by the Company's shareholders pursuant to the procedures described in the Company's proxy statement, and any nominations of director candidates validly made by shareholders in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations and the provisions of the Company's charter documents. The Nominating and Governance Committee makes recommendations to the Board regarding the selection and approval of the nominees for director to be submitted to a shareholder vote at the Annual Meeting of shareholders, subject to approval by the Board.

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee oversees our executive compensation and recommends various incentives for key employees to encourage and reward increased corporate financial performance, productivity and innovation. Its members are currently John Meekison as Chairman, Elaine Goldwater and Amy Griffith. All of the members of the Compensation Committee currently satisfy the independence requirements and other established criteria of NASDAQ.

The Compensation Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at http://www.agriforcegs.com/. The Compensation Committee is responsible for: (a) assisting our Board in fulfilling its fiduciary duties with respect to the oversight of the Company's compensation plans, policies and programs, including assessing our overall compensation structure, reviewing all executive compensation programs, incentive compensation plans and equity-based plans, and determining executive compensation; and (b) reviewing the adequacy of the Compensation Committee charter on an annual basis. The Compensation Committee, among other things, reviews and approves the Company's goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer, evaluate the Chief Executive Officer's performance with respect to such goals, and set the Chief Executive Officer's compensation level based on such evaluation. The Compensation Committee also considers the Chief Executive Officer's recommendations with respect to other executive officers and evaluates the Company's performance both in terms of current achievements and significant initiatives with long-term implications. It assesses the contributions of individual executives and recommend to the Board levels of salary and incentive compensation payable to executive officers of the Company; compares compensation levels with those of other leading companies in similar or related industries; reviews financial, human resources and succession planning within the Company; recommend to the Board the establishment and administration of incentive compensation plans and programs and employee benefit plans and programs; recommends to the Board the payment of additional year-end contributions by the Company under certain of its retirement plans; grants stock incentives to key employees of the Company and administer the Company's stock incentive plans; and reviews and recommends for Board approval compensation packages for new corporate officers and termination packages for corporate officers as requested by management.

Changes in Nominating Procedures

None.

Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

Although we have not adopted a formal policy on whether the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer positions should be separate or combined, we traditionally determined that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to no longer combine these roles and currently these roles are separated.

Our Board is primarily responsible for overseeing our risk management processes. The Board receives and reviews periodic reports from management, auditors, legal counsel, and others, as considered appropriate regarding the Company's assessment of risks. The Board focuses on the most significant risks facing the Company and our general risk management strategy, and also ensures that risks undertaken by us are consistent with the Board's risk parameters. While the Board oversees the Company, our management is responsible for day-to-day risk management processes. We believe this division of responsibilities is the most effective approach for addressing the risks facing the Company and that our board leadership structure supports this approach.

Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

Section 16(a) of Exchange Act requires our executive officers and directors and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities to file with the Commission initial statements of beneficial ownership, statements of changes in beneficial ownership and annual statement of changes in beneficial ownership with respect to their ownership of the Company's securities, on Form 3, 4 and 5 respectively. Executive officers, directors and greater than 10% shareholders are required by the Securities and Exchange Commission regulations to furnish our Company with copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file.

Based solely on our review of the copies of such reports received by us, and on written representations by our officers and directors regarding their compliance with the applicable reporting requirements under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act and without conducting any independent investigation of our own, we believe that with respect to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, our officers and directors, and all of the persons known to us to beneficially own more than 10% of our common stock filed all required reports on a timely basis.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Executive Compensation for our named executive officers as of December 31, 2023:

				Share-	Option-		
				Based	Based	All Other	Total
Name & Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Awards	Awards	Compensation	Compensation
Richard S. Wong,	2023	264,041	-	179,004	42,148	1,793	486,986
Chief Financial Officer	2022	295,216	134,696 ^a	86,456	28,831	1,741	546,940
Mauro Pennella	2023	259,317	-	158,105	25,544	1,793	444,759
Chief Marketing Officer, President AgriFORCE TM							
Brands	2022	268,962	-	115,269	45,593	1,741	431,565
Troy T. McClellan,	2023	231,755	-	74,091	-	1,656	307,502
Former President Design & Construction	2022	246,732	69,162 ^b	76,846	30,132	1,741	424,613
Ingo W. Mueller,	2023	289,025	-	86,744	-	-	375,769
Former Chief Executive Officer	2022	392,464	375,718	359,881	6,866	1,741	1,136,670

Bonus was paid out \$101,022 in shares and \$33,674 in cash.

Employment and Related Agreements

Except as set forth below, we currently have no other written employment agreements with any of our officers and directors as of December 31, 2023. The following is a description of our current executive employment agreements:

Agreements with Our Named Executive Officers

We have entered into written employment agreements with each of our named executive officers, as described below. Each of our named executive officers has also executed our standard form of confidential information and invention assignment agreement.

Employment Agreement with Richard Wong

Effective August 1, 2021, the Board of Directors of AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd. (the "Company") entered into a new employment agreement with Richard Wong that continues unless and until such employment is terminated by either party pursuant to the terms of the agreement, as its Chief Executive Officer. Under the terms of this agreement, Mr. Wong is entitled to an annual base salary of CDN \$339,406 per year, and is subject to annual reviews where the Company at its discretion may increase, but not decrease, Mr. Wong's base salary each year. Mr. Wong shall also receive on an annual basis, payable quarterly in arrears on the last trading day of each calendar quarter, \$112,505 CAD of common shares of the Company, at a price per share equal to the volume weighted average price of a common share of the Company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market for the five trading days preceding the date of issuance, The employment agreement also entitles Mr. Wong to, among other benefits, the following compensation: (i) eligibility to receive an annual cash bonus of 30% of base salary at target and up to 100% of base salary based on performance targets established by the Board from time to time; (ii) an opportunity to participate in any stock option, performance share, performance unit or other equity based long-term incentive compensation plan commensurate with the terms and conditions applicable to other senior executive officers and (iii) participation in health benefit plans, practices, policies and programs provided by the Company and its affiliated companies (including, without limitation, medical, prescription, dental, disability, employee life, group life, accidental death and travel accident insurance plans and programs) to the extent available to our other senior executive officers. Mr. Wong will be entitled to receive 15% of the new options to be allocated upon the exercise of the current granted options. These options shall be granted at the IPO price and as soon as practicable. Based on current recommendations from management it is expected that the number of options to be granted to Wong as of the effective date of this agreement, will be approximately 114,000 to be vested over 3 years.

Pursuant to the employment, regardless of the manner in which Wong's service terminates, each executive officer is entitled to receive amounts earned during his term of service, including salary, other benefits. In addition, each of them is eligible to receive certain benefits pursuant to his agreement with us described above.

⁽b) Bonus was paid out \$69,162 in shares

⁽c) Some share-based awards were issued net of income taxes. The Company repurchased shares on the issuance date to remit as income taxes to the appropriate government revenue service agencies.

The Company is permitted to terminate the employment of Mr. Wong, for the following reasons: (1) death, (2) Termination for Cause (as defined below) or (3) for no reason. The employment of Mr. Wong automatically terminates upon determination of permanent disability, provided that the disability renders the executive officer incapable of performing his or her duty.

Each officer is permitted Termination for Good Reason (as defined below) of such officer's employment. In addition, each such officer may terminate his or her employment upon written notice to the Company 30 days prior to the effective date of such termination. In the event of such officer's Termination for Cause by the Company or the termination of such officer's employment as a result of such officer's resignation other than a Termination for Good Reason, such officer shall be provided certain benefits provided in the employment agreement and payment of all accrued and unpaid compensation and wages, but such officer shall have no right to compensation or benefits for any period subsequent to the effective date of termination. In the event of such officer's termination without Cause, the officer shall be entitled to severance in lieu of notice equal to six months of the then base salary, benefits continuation for a period of three months following the termination date and payment of any outstanding and accrued vacation pay and expenses, as applicable.

Under the employment agreements, "Cause" means: any material breach of the employment agreement, and any act, omission, behavior, conduct or circumstance of the Executive that constitutes just cause for dismissal of the Executive at common law, including an act involving gross negligence, or willful misconduct, commission or a felony, becoming bankrupt, or any material omission in the performance of Services, or the doing or condoning any unlawful or manifestly improper act. "Good Reason" means: (i) a material reduction in Executive's salary or benefits (excluding the substitution of substantially equivalent compensation and benefits), other than as a result of a reduction in compensation affecting employees of the Company, or its successor entity, generally; (ii) a material diminution in Executive's duties or responsibilities, provided however, that, a mere change in title or reporting relationship alone shall not constitute "Good Reason;" or (iii) relocation of Executive's place of employment to a location more than 50 miles from the Company's office location.

If within twelve (12) months following a change of control (as defined in the employment agreement), the officer's employment is terminated (1) involuntarily by the Company other than for Cause, (2) death, or (3) by such officer pursuant to a Voluntary Termination for Good Reason, and such officer executes and does not revoke a general release of claims against the Company and its affiliates in a form acceptable to the Company, then the Company shall provide such officer with, among other benefits:

- 1. a lump sum payment in the amount equal to twelve months of the then Base Salary;
- 2. any outstanding Vacation pay as at the Effective Date of Termination;
- 3. any outstanding Expenses as at the Effective Date of Termination; and
- 4. maintain the Executive's then Group Benefits for a period of three months from the Effective Date of Termination.

Employment Agreement with Mauro Penella

On July 15, 2021, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Pennella that continues unless and until such employment is terminated by either party pursuant to the terms of the agreement. Under the terms of this agreement, Mr. Pennella is entitled to an annual base salary of CDN\$350,000 beginning on July 15, 2021, and is subject to annual reviews where the Company at its discretion may increase, but not decrease, Mr. Pennella's base salary each year. Mr. Pennella shall also receive on an annual basis, payable quarterly in arrears on the last trading day of each calendar quarter, \$150,000 of common shares of the Company, at a price per share equal to the volume weighted average price of a common share of the Company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market for the five trading days preceding the date of issuance, The employment agreement also entitles Mr. Pennella to, among other benefits, the following compensation: (i) eligibility to receive an annual cash bonus of up to 100% of base salary; based on performance targets established by the Board from time to time at the sole discretion of the Board and as determined by the Compensation Committee once established or otherwise by the Board commensurate with the policies and practices applicable to other senior executive officers of the Company; (ii) an opportunity to participate in any stock option, performance share, performance unit or other equity based long-term incentive compensation plan commensurate with the terms and conditions applicable to other senior executive officers and (iii) participation in health benefit plans, practices, policies and programs provided by the Company and its affiliated companies (including, without limitation, medical, prescription, dental, disability, employee life, group life, accidental death and travel accident insurance plans and programs) to the extent available to our other senior executive officers.

Pursuant to the employment, regardless of the manner in which Pennella's service terminates, each executive officer is entitled to receive amounts earned during his term of service, including salary, other benefits. In addition, each of them is eligible to receive certain benefits pursuant to his agreement with us described above.

The Company is permitted to terminate the employment of Mr. Pennella, for the following reasons: (1) death, (2) Termination for Cause (as defined below) or (3) for no reason. The employment of Mr. Pennella automatically terminates upon determination of permanent disability, provided that the disability renders the executive officer incapable of performing his or her duty.

Each officer is permitted Termination for Good Reason (as defined below) of such officer's employment. In addition, each such officer may terminate his or her employment upon written notice to the Company 30 days prior to the effective date of such termination. In the event of such officer's Termination for Cause by the Company or the termination of such officer's employment as a result of such officer's resignation other than a Termination for Good Reason, such officer shall be provided certain benefits provided in the employment agreement and payment of all accrued and unpaid compensation and wages, but such officer shall have no right to compensation or benefits for any period subsequent to the effective date of termination. In the event of such officer's termination without Cause, the officer shall be entitled to severance in lieu of notice equal to six months of the then base salary, benefits continuation for a period of three months following the termination date and payment of any outstanding and accrued vacation pay and expenses, as applicable.

Under the employment agreements, "Cause" means: any material breach of the employment agreement, and any act, omission, behavior, conduct or circumstance of the Executive that constitutes just cause for dismissal of the Executive at common law, including an act involving gross negligence, or willful misconduct, commission or a felony, becoming bankrupt, or any material omission in the performance of Services, or the doing or condoning any unlawful or manifestly improper act. "Good Reason" means: (i) a material reduction in Executive's salary or benefits (excluding the substitution of substantially equivalent compensation and benefits), other than as a result of a reduction in compensation affecting employees of the Company, or its successor entity, generally; (ii) a material diminution in Executive's duties or responsibilities, provided however, that, a mere change in title or reporting relationship alone shall not constitute "Good Reason;" or (iii) relocation of Executive's place of employment to a location more than 50 miles from the Company's office location.

If within twelve (12) months following a change of control (as defined in the employment agreement), the officer's employment is terminated (1) involuntarily by the Company other than for Cause, (2) death, or (3) by such officer pursuant to a Voluntary Termination for Good Reason, and such officer executes and does not revoke a general release of claims against the Company and its affiliates in a form acceptable to the Company, then the Company shall provide such officer with, among other benefits:

- 1. a lump sum payment in the amount equal to twelve months of the then Base Salary;
- 2. any outstanding Vacation pay as at the Effective Date of Termination;
- 3. any outstanding Expenses as at the Effective Date of Termination; and
- 4. maintain the Executive's then Group Benefits for a period of three months from the Effective Date of Termination.

Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2023

Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) unexercisable	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of securities underlying unexercised unearned options (#)	Option exercise price (\$)	Option expiration date
Richard S. Wong	476	477		57.00	18-Nov-27
Richard S. Wong	722	-	-	237.50	30-Jun-26
Richard S. Wong	1,303	202	-	350.00	31-May-26
Richard S. Wong	4,567	13,701	-	4.50	12-Sept-28
Troy T. McClellan (former President)	500	496	-	57.00	18-Nov-27
Troy T. McClellan (former President)	511	-	-	237.50	30-Jun-26
Troy T. McClellan (former President)	920	189	-	350.0	31-May-26
Mauro Pennella	752	755	-	57.00	18-Nov-27
Mauro Pennella	768	8,304	-	4.50	12-Sept-28

Directors' Compensation

The following summary compensation table sets forth information concerning compensation for services rendered in all capacities during 2023 awarded to, earned by or paid to our directors. The value attributable to any warrant awards reflects the grant date fair values of stock awards calculated in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718.

_		Fees Earned or paid	Stock	Option	Non-equity incentive plan	Non-qualified deferred compensation	All other	
Name	Year	in cash	awards	awards	compensation	earnings	compensation	Total
		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Amy Griffith	2023	30,000	-	6,087	-	-	-	36,087
	2022	30,000	-	20,263	-	-	-	50,263
Richard Levychin	2023	40,000	-	6,087	-	-	-	36,087
	2022	40,000	-	20,263	-	-	-	60,263
John Meekison	2023	32,500	-	7,240	-	-	-	39,740
	2022	30,000	-	20,263	-	-	-	50,263
David Welch	2023	32,500	-	7,240	-	-	-	39,740
	2022	30,000	-	20,263	-	-	-	50,263
Elaine Goldwater	2023	7,500	-	-	-	-	-	7,500
	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Margaret Honey (former								
director)	2023	7,500	-	-	-	-	-	7,500
	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Stock Option Plan

The Company adopted a stock option plan originally on December 12, 2018 (the "Option Plan"), as amended, under which the committee of the Board (the "Committee") may from time to time in its discretion, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company non-transferable options to purchase common shares ("Options"). As of the date of this statement, the Company has 61,712 Options outstanding. The Option Plan was approved by the shareholders of the Company on June 10, 2019.

The principal purpose of the Option Plan is to advance the interests of the Company by encouraging the directors, employees and consultants of the Company and of its subsidiaries or affiliates, if any, by providing them with the opportunity, through options, to acquire Shares in the share capital of the Company, thereby increasing their proprietary interest in the Company, encouraging them to remain associated with the Company and furnishing them with additional incentive in their efforts on behalf of the Company in the conduct of its affairs.

The Plan will be administered by the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors, once established, or by the full board, which may determine, among other things, the (a) terms and conditions of any option or stock purchase right granted, including the exercise price and the vesting schedule, (b) persons who are eligible to receive options and stock purchase rights and (c) the number of shares to be subject to each option and stock purchase right. The types of equity awards that may be granted under the Plan are: (i) incentive stock options ("ISOs") and non-incentive stock options ("Non-ISOs").

Eligibility

Any officer, director, employee or consultant of the Company or its wholly-owned subsidiaries (each as described in the Option Plan and each, an "Eligible Person") is eligible to receive Options under the Option Plan. The Committee has full and final authority to determine the Eligible Persons who are granted Options under the Option Plan and the number of Shares subject to each Option.

Shares Subject to Option Plan

The maximum number of Shares which may be available for issuance under the Option will not exceed 15% of the total number of Shares issued and outstanding from time to time. The Option Plan is an "evergreen plan" and accordingly, any issuance of Shares from treasury, including the issuances of Shares in respect of which Options are exercised, and any expired or cancelled Options, shall automatically replenish the number of Shares issuable under the Option Plan.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued or reserved for issuance to any one Person (as described in the Option Plan), and companies wholly-owned by that Person, under the Option Plan within any 12-month period shall not exceed 5% of the issued and outstanding Shares, calculated on the date an Option is granted to such Person.

Limits with Respect to Consultants and Employees or Consultants engaged in Investor Relations Activities

The maximum number of Options which may be granted to any one consultant under the Option Plan within any 12-month period, must not exceed 2% of the issued and outstanding Shares, calculated at the date an Option is granted to such consultant (on a non-diluted basis).

The maximum number of Options which may be granted to employees or consultants engaged in investor relations activities under the Option Plan within any 12-month period, must not exceed 2% of the issued and outstanding Shares, calculated on the date an Option is granted to any such investor relations person (on a non-diluted basis).

Exercise of Options

The exercise price of Options issued may not be less than the "Market Value" (as described in the Option Plan) of the Shares at the time the Option is granted. In addition, the exercise price will not be lower than as permitted by applicable stock exchange policies.

Subject to the provisions of the Option Plan and the particular Option, an Option may be exercised, in whole or in part, by delivering a written notice of exercise to the Company along with payment in cash or certified cheque for the full amount of the exercise price of the Shares then being purchased.

Term and Expiry Date

The period within which Options may be exercised and the number of Options which may be exercised in any such period are determined by the Committee at the time of granting the Options provided, however, that the maximum term of any Options awarded under the Option Plan is ten (10) years. The term and expiry date of any Options granted to a Ten Percent Shareholder Participant (as defined in the Option Plan) shall not exceed five (5) years from the date of grant.

Vesting

All Options granted pursuant to the Option Plan will be subject to the vesting requirements imposed by the Board at the time of grant of the Options.

Termination of Options

An optionee who ceases to be an Eligible Person for any reason, other than as a result of having been dismissed for cause or as a result of the optionee's death, may exercise any vested and unexpired Options held by such optionee for a period of 30 days from the date of cessation (or until the normal expiry date of the Option rights of such optionee, if earlier), unless otherwise determined by the Committee and expressly provided for in the certificate representing the Options.

In the event of a death of the optionee during the currency of the optionee's Options, any Options theretofore granted to the optionee are exercisable by the optionee's lawful personal representatives, heirs or executors until the earlier of one (1) year after the date of death of such optionee and the expiry date of the Options.

If an optionee ceases to be an Eligible Person as a result of having been dismissed for cause, all unexercised Options of that optionee under the Option Plan shall immediately become terminated and shall lapse.

In the event of terminated by the Company by reason of disability of an optionee, any Options held by such optionee shall be exercisable by such optionee or by the personal representative on or before the date which is the earlier of one year following the date of disability and the expiry date of options.

Non-Assignability and Non-Transferability

Options granted under the Option Plan will be non-assignable and non-transferable by an optionee other than pursuant to a will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and such Option shall be exercisable, during an optionee's lifetime, only by the optionee.

The Option Plan contains provisions for the treatment of Options in the event of a reorganization, stock split, stock dividend, combination of shares, merger, consolidation, rights offering or any other change in the corporate structure or Shares of the Company. The Options granted under the Option Plan may contain such provisions as the Committee may determine with respect to adjustments to be made in the number and kind of Shares covered by such Options and in the exercise price in the event of such change.

The following table provides information with respect to options outstanding under our Plan as of December 31, 2023:

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	exer of or	eighted- verage ccise price utstanding options	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance	
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	76,114	\$	41.75	2,181,280	
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders					
Total	76,114	\$	41.75	2,181,280	

Non-Employee Director Remuneration Policy

Upon a Nasdaq listing, the directors' compensation will be set at \$30,000 each, which includes all committee participation, while the chairman of the Board and the chair of the Audit Committee will receive \$40,000 each. It is anticipated that these payments will all be made in cash.

SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our officers and directors, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC. These persons are required by regulation to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) reports that they file. We do not report on this compliance.

REPORT OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

The current members of the Audit Committee are Amy Griffith, John Meekison and Richard Levychin, as Chairman.

The Audit Committee of the Board, which consists entirely of directors who meet the required independence and experience requirements of Rule 10A-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market, has furnished the following report:

The Audit Committee assists the Board in overseeing and monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial reporting process, its compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the quality of its internal and external audit processes. The role and responsibilities of the Audit Committee are set forth in a written charter adopted by the Board, which is available on our website at www.agriforcegs.com. The Audit Committee is responsible for the appointment, oversight and compensation of our independent public accountant. The Audit Committee reviews with management and our independent public accountant our annual financial statements on Form 10-K (starting with fiscal year ending December 31, 2023) and our quarterly financial statements on Forms 10-Q. In fulfilling its responsibilities for the financial statements for fiscal year 2023, the Audit Committee took the following actions:

- reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 with management and our independent public accountant;
- discussed with our independent public accountant the matters required to be discussed in accordance with the rules set forth by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"), relating to the conduct of the audit; and
- received written disclosures and the letter from our independent public accountant regarding its independence as
 required by applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding the accountant's communications with the Audit
 Committee and the Audit Committee further discussed with the accountant its independence. The Audit Committee
 also considered the status of pending litigation, taxation matters and other areas of oversight relating to the financial
 reporting and audit process that the Audit Committee determined appropriate.

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Richard Levychin (Chair)

The foregoing Audit Committee Report does not constitute soliciting material and shall not be deemed filed or incorporated by reference into any other filing of our company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Exchange Act, except to the extent we specifically incorporate this Audit Committee Report by reference therein.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

We have adopted a written related-person transactions policy that sets forth our policies and procedures regarding the identification, review, consideration and oversight of "related-party transactions." For purposes of our policy only, and not for purposes of required disclosure, which will be all related party transactions, even if less than \$120,000, a "related-party transaction" is a transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which we and any "related party" are participants involving an amount that exceeds \$120,000.

Transactions involving compensation for services provided to us as an employee, consultant or director are not considered related-person transactions under this policy. A related party is any executive officer, director or a holder of more than five percent of our common shares, including any of their immediate family members and any entity owned or controlled by such persons.

At present, we have appointed three independent directors to the N&CG Committee. As a result, our Chief Financial Officer, Richard Wong, must present information regarding a proposed related-party transaction to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Under the policy, where a transaction has been identified as a related-party transaction, Mr. Wong must present information regarding the proposed related-party transaction to our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, once the same is established, for review. The presentation must include a description of, among other things, the material facts, the direct and indirect interests of the related parties, the benefits of the transaction to us and whether any alternative transactions are available. To identify related-party transactions in advance, we rely on information supplied by our executive officers, directors and certain significant shareholders. In considering related-party transactions, our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee takes into account the relevant available facts and circumstances including, but not limited to:

- whether the transaction was undertaken in the ordinary course of our business;
- whether the related party transaction was initiated by us or the related party;
- whether the transaction with the related party is proposed to be, or was, entered into on terms no less favorable to us than terms that could have been reached with an unrelated third party;
- the purpose of, and the potential benefits to us from the related party transaction;
- the approximate dollar value of the amount involved in the related party transaction, particularly as it relates to the related party;
- the related party's interest in the related party transaction, and
- any other information regarding the related party transaction or the related party that would be material to investors in light of the circumstances of the particular transaction.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall then make a recommendation to the Board, which will determine whether or not to approve of the related party transaction, and if so, upon what terms and conditions. In the event a director has an interest in the proposed transaction, the director must recuse himself or herself from the deliberations and approval.

Except as set forth below, we have not had any related party transactions, regardless of dollar amount:

During the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred \$11,984 and \$79,457, respectively, to our U.S. general counsel firm, Enso Law against legal services, a corporation controlled by a director of the Company.

PROPOSAL NO. 1

THE ELECTION OF FIVE DIRECTORS

General

In accordance with our articles, our Board of Directors has set the number of directors at five (5) for the ensuing year. Accordingly, five directors are to be elected at this Annual Meeting to serve until the 2024 Annual Meeting of shareholders or until a successor has been elected and qualified for each. Unless otherwise instructed, the persons named in the accompanying proxy intend to vote the shares represented by the proxy for the election of the nominees listed below. Although it is not contemplated that the nominees will decline or be unable to serve as directors, in such event, proxies will be voted by the proxy holder for such other persons as may be designated by the Board, unless the Board reduces the number of directors to be elected. Election of the directors requires a plurality of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting. As the Company has grown, the Board determined in connection with the completion of our IPO to have a total of five directors as set forth below to have a full complement of independent directors.

The term of office of each of the current directors will end at the conclusion of the Meeting. Unless the director's office is vacated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) ("BCA"), each director elected will hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or, if no director is then elected, until a successor is elected.

Advance Notice Provisions

The Articles of the Company include advance notice provisions (the "Advance Notice Provisions") that provide that only directors who have been nominated in accordance with the Advance Notice Provisions may be nominated for election to the Board of Directors. The Advance Notice Provisions provide Shareholders, directors and management of the Company with a clear framework for nominating directors. Among other things, the Advance Notice Provisions fix a deadline by which holders of Common Shares must submit director nominations to the Company prior to any annual or special meeting of Shareholders and sets forth the minimum information that a Shareholder must include in such notice to the Company for the notice to be in proper written form.

As of the date hereof, the Company has not received notice of a nomination in compliance with the Company's Articles and, as such, other than nominations that may be received by the Company in compliance with the Advance Notice Provisions, any nominations which are not nominations by or at the direction of the Board, or an authorized officer of the Company, will be disregarded at the Meeting.

Management's Director Nominees

The following table sets forth the nominees for the directors on the Board of Directors. It also provides certain information about the nominees as of the Record Date. Board committee assignments will be reviewed and reassigned as appropriate after the 2024 Annual Meeting.

Nominees for Director

Name	Age	Position	Served Since
William J. Meekison	60	Director	June 2019
David Welch	43	Executive Chairman, Director	June 2019
Amy Griffith	52	Director	July 2021
Richard Levychin	65	Director	July 2021
Elaine Goldwater	52	Director	October 2023

All directors' bios are as set forth above under Management

Vote Required

Election of the directors requires a plurality of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR"THE ELECTION OF EACH OF THE NOMINEES NAMED ABOVE IN THIS PROPOSAL NO. 1.

PROPOSAL NO. 2

THE RATIFICATION OF THE APPOINTMENT OF MARCUM LLP AS THE COMPANY'S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

The Board of Directors has appointed Marcum LLP ("Marcum") as our independent registered certified public accounting firm for the fiscal year 2024 and has further directed that the selection of Marcum be submitted to a vote of shareholders at the Annual Meeting for ratification. Marcum has been the Company's auditor since 2020.

If the appointment of Marcum is not ratified, the Board will propose an alternate accounting firm to act as auditor of the Company for approval by shareholders.

Representatives of Marcum are expected to attend the Annual Meeting, where they will be available to respond to appropriate questions and, if they desire, to make a statement.

Aggregate fees billed to us by Marcum LLP, the Company's principal independent accountants, during the last two fiscal years were as follows:

Audit Fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of our consolidated annual financial statements and review of the interim consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by our auditors in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees consist of services by our independent auditors that, including accounting consultations on transaction related matters including work related to our S-1 fillings, are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and are not reported above under Audit Fees.

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, Marcum LLP did not incur fees for any other professional services.

All services provided by the Company's independent auditor were approved by the Company's Audit Committee.

Our policy is to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services performed by the independent accountants. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. Under our Audit Committee's policy, pre-approval is generally provided for particular services or categories of services, including planned services, project-based services and routine consultations. In addition, the Audit Committee may also pre-approve particular services on a case-bycase basis. Our Audit Committee approved all services that our independent accountants provided to us in the past two fiscal years.

THE BOARD RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" TO RATIFY THE APPOINTMENT OF MARCUM LLP AS INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2024.

PROPOSAL NO. 3 -

PROPOSAL 3: APPROVAL OF REVERSE STOCK SPLIT OF ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING SHARES OF COMMON STOCK IN A RANGE OF 1:15 TO 1:100

Our Board of Directors has determined that it is advisable and in our and our stockholders' best interests that the Board of Directors be granted the authority to implement, in its sole discretion, a reverse stock split of the outstanding and treasury shares of our common stock at a specific exchange ratio set by the Board of Directors, at a range of ratios from 1-for-15 to 1-for-100, in the discretion of the Board of Directors and to be announced by press release or 8-K, and to grant authorization to the Board of Directors to determine, in its sole discretion, whether to implement the reverse stock split, as well as its specific timing (but not later than December 31, 2025) (the "Reverse Split Proposal"). Accordingly, stockholders are asked to approve an amendment to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to effect a reverse stock split consistent with such terms and to grant authorization to the Board of Directors to determine, in its sole discretion, whether to implement the reverse stock split, as well as its specific timing and ratio (within the set of ratios listed above).

The Board of Directors strongly believes that the reverse stock split is necessary for the following reason:

To regain compliance with continued listing standards for the Nasdaq Capital Market – our Board believes it would be in our stockholders' best interests for our Common Stock to regain compliance with the Nasdaq minimum bid price requirement. On June 24, 2024, AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd. (the "Company") received a Staff Listing Determination Letter from Nasdaq pursuant to which the Staff has determined that as of June 21, 2024, the Company's common shares had a per share closing bid price of \$0.10 or less for ten consecutive trading days (the Company's bid price has closed at or below \$0.10 per share from June 6, 2024, through June 21, 2024). The Company has asked Nasdaq to grant the Company an extended exception to comply with the bid price rule as follows:

- 1. On or before August 1, 2024, the Company shall obtain Board of Directors approval for a reverse stock split, which was received as of that date;
- 2. On or before November 25, 2024, the Company shall obtain shareholders approval for a reverse stock split at a ratio that satisfies the minimum requirement in the Bid Price Rule;
- 3. On or before December 4, 2024, the Company shall effect a reverse stock split and, thereafter, maintain a \$1 closing bid price for a minimum of ten consecutive business days;
- 4. On or before December 17, 2024, the Company shall have demonstrated compliance with the Bid Price Rule, by evidencing a closing bid price of \$1 or more per share for a minimum of ten consecutive trading sessions.

The Board of Directors has unanimously approved a resolution proposing an amendment to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to allow for the reverse stock split and directed that it be submitted for approval by consent in lieu of a special meeting of shareholders.

The Board of Directors believes that it is critical to the future viability of the Company that you vote "FOR" the Proposal.

Should we receive the required stockholder approval for the Reverse Split Proposal, the Board of Directors will have the sole authority to elect, without the need for any further action on the part of our stockholders: (1) whether or not to effect a reverse stock split, and (2) if so, the number of whole shares, from 15 through 100, in the discretion of the Board of Directors, which will be combined into one share of our common stock. Notwithstanding approval of the reverse stock split by the stockholders, the Board of Directors may, in its sole discretion, abandon the proposed amendment and determine prior to the effectiveness of any filing with the Province of British Columbia not to effect the reverse stock split on or prior to December 31, 2025, as permitted under applicable law. If the Board of Directors does not implement a reverse stock split on or prior to December 31, 2025, stockholder approval again would be required prior to implementing any reverse stock split.

In determining which reverse stock split ratio to implement, if any, following receipt of stockholder approval, the Board of Directors may consider, among other things, various factors, such as:

• the historical trading price and trading volume of our Common Stock;

- the then-prevailing trading price and trading volume of our Common Stock and the expected impact of the reverse stock split on the trading market for our Common Stock in the short- and long-term;
- our ability to maintain listing on The NASDAQ Capital Market;
 - which reverse stock split ratio would result in the least administrative cost to us; and
 - prevailing general market and economic conditions.

Certain of our officers and directors have an interest in the reverse stock split as a result of their ownership of Common Stock, as set forth in the section entitled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."

The Board of Directors does not intend for this transaction to be the first step in a series of plans or proposals of a "going private transaction" within the meaning of Rule 13e-3 of the Securities Exchange Act.

Risks of the Proposed Reverse Stock Split

We cannot assure you that the proposed reverse stock split will increase our stock price or that any increase will be maintained over any significant period of time. The Board of Directors expects that a reverse stock split of our Common Stock will increase the market price of our Common Stock. However, the effect of a reverse stock split upon the market price of our Common Stock cannot be predicted with any certainty, and the history of similar stock splits for companies in like circumstances does not indicate a likelihood that our stock price will be maintained at any higher level. It is possible that the per share price of our Common Stock after the reverse stock split will not rise in proportion to the reduction in the number of shares of our Common Stock outstanding resulting from the reverse stock split, and the market price per post-reverse stock split share may not exceed or remain at any specified level for a sustained period of time, and the reverse stock split may not result in a per share price that would attract brokers and investors who do not trade in lower priced stocks. Even if we effect a reverse stock split, the market price of our Common Stock may also be based on other factors unrelated to the stock split. In any case, the market price of our Common Stock may also be based on other factors which may be unrelated to the number of shares outstanding, including our future performance. If the reverse stock split is consummated and the trading price of the Common Stock declines, the percentage decline as an absolute number and as a percentage of our overall market capitalization may be greater than would occur in the absence of the reverse stock split.

Current stockholders will likely experience dilution as a result of the Reverse Stock Split. There is a trend for our stock price to decrease after a reverse stock split. This is likely as a result of the availability of more shares issued as a result of our anticipated future financing needs. As the number of shares available in the market increases, the price tends to decrease. We are unable to predict if, when and to what magnitude dilution will occur; however, there is a substantial likelihood that significant dilution will occur based on historical data.

The proposed reverse stock split may decrease the liquidity of our stock. The liquidity of our capital stock may be harmed by the proposed reverse stock split given the reduced number of shares that would be outstanding after the reverse stock split, particularly if the stock price does not increase as a result of the reverse stock split.

In addition, investors might consider the increased proportion of unissued authorized shares to issued shares to have an anti-takeover effect under certain circumstances, since the proportion allows for dilutive issuances which could prevent certain stockholders from changing the composition of the Board of Directors or render tender offers for a combination with another entity more difficult to successfully complete. The Board of Directors does not intend for the reverse stock split to have any anti-takeover effects.

The Board of Directors believes that the consummation of the proposed reverse stock split is essential to our ability to maintain the listing of the Common Stock. Nevertheless, this is likely to result in substantial further dilution to current holders of shares of Common Stock and erosion of our stock price.

Principal Effects of the Reverse Stock Split

After the effective date of the proposed reverse stock split, each stockholder will own a reduced number of shares of Common Stock. Except to the extent that whole shares will be exchanged in lieu of fractional shares as described below, the proposed reverse stock split will affect all stockholders uniformly and will not affect any stockholder's percentage ownership interest in us and proportionate voting rights and other rights and preferences of the holders of Common Stock will not be affected by the proposed reverse stock split. The number of stockholders of record also will not be affected by the proposed reverse stock split, except to the extent that whole shares will be exchanged in lieu of fractional shares as described below.

The following table contains approximate information relating to the Common Stock under the low end, high end and midpoint of the proposed range of reverse stock split ratios, without giving effect to any adjustments for fractional shares of Common Stock, as of October 15, 2024 (and without giving effect to the Authorized Share Increase):

		Number of	Number of		
	Number of	Shares of	Shares of		
	Shares of	Common	Common		
	Common	Stock	Stock		
	Stock	Issued and	Authorized		
Status	Authorized	Outstanding	but Unissued		
Pre-Reverse Stock Split	unlimited	117,343,337	unlimited		
Post-Reverse Stock Split 1:15	unlimited	7,822,889	unlimited		
Post-Reverse Stock Split 1:25	unlimited	4,693,733	unlimited		
Post-Reverse Stock Split 1:100	Unlimited	1.173.433	unlimited		

We maintain a Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan") pursuant to which we have granted stock options and restricted shares that are presently outstanding, and additional equity incentive compensation awards may be granted in the future under the Plan. Pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Board of Directors or a committee thereof, as applicable, will adjust the number of shares available for future grant under the Plan, the number of shares underlying outstanding awards, the exercise price per share of outstanding stock options and other terms of outstanding awards issued pursuant to the Plan to equitably reflect the effects of the reverse stock split.

In addition, proportionate adjustments will be made to the per share exercise price of all outstanding warrants to purchase shares of our Common Stock, as well as to the numbers of each.

If the proposed reverse stock split is implemented, it will increase the number of our stockholders who own "odd lots" of fewer than 100 shares of Common Stock. Brokerage commission and other costs of transactions in odd lots are generally higher than the costs of transactions of more than 100 shares of Common Stock.

After the effective date of the reverse stock split, our Common Stock would have a new committee on uniform securities identification procedures ("CUSIP") number, a number used to identify our Common Stock.

The Common Stock is currently registered under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act, and we are subject to the periodic reporting and other requirements of the Securities Exchange Act. The proposed reverse stock split will not affect the registration of the Common Stock under the Securities Exchange Act. Our Common Stock would continue to be reported on the OTCQB under the symbol "IGAP," although the OTCQB will add the letter "D" to the end of the trading symbol for a period of twenty trading days after the effective date of the reverse stock split to indicate that the reverse stock split had occurred.

Effective Date

The proposed reverse stock split would become effective on the date of filing of a certificate of amendment to our articles in British Columbia. On the effective date, shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding and the shares of Common Stock held in treasury, in each case, immediately prior thereto will be combined and converted, automatically and without any action on the part of the stockholders, into new shares of Common Stock in accordance with the reverse stock split ratio determined by the Board of Directors within the limits set forth in this proposal.

Treatment of Fractional Shares

No fractional shares would be issued if, as a result of the reverse stock split, a registered stockholder would otherwise become entitled to a fractional share. Instead, stockholders who otherwise would be entitled to receive fractional shares because they hold a number of shares not evenly divisible by the ratio of the reverse stock split will automatically be entitled to receive an additional share of Common Stock. In other words, any fractional share will be rounded up to the nearest whole number.

Record and Beneficial Stockholders

If the reverse stock split is authorized by the stockholders and the Board of Directors elects to implement the reverse stock split, stockholders of record holding some or all of their shares of our Common Stock electronically in book-entry form under the direct registration system for securities will receive a transaction statement at their address of record indicating the number of shares of our Common Stock they hold after the reverse stock split. Non-registered stockholders holding Common Stock through a bank, broker or other nominee should note that such banks, brokers or other nominees may have different procedures for processing the consolidation than those that would be put in place by us for registered stockholders. If you hold your shares with such a bank, broker or other nominee and if you have questions in this regard, you are encouraged to contact your nominee.

If the reverse stock split is authorized by the stockholders and the Board of Directors elects to implement the reverse stock split, stockholders of record holding some or all of their shares in certificate form will receive a letter of transmittal, as soon as practicable after the effective date of the reverse stock split. Our transfer agent will act as "exchange agent" for the purpose of implementing the exchange of stock certificates. Holders of pre-reverse stock split shares will be asked to surrender to the exchange agent certificates representing pre-reverse stock split shares in exchange for post-reverse stock split shares, including whole shares to be issued in lieu of fractional shares (if any) in accordance with the procedures to be set forth in the letter of transmittal. Until surrender, each certificate representing shares before the reverse stock split would continue to be valid and would represent the adjusted number of shares based on the exchange ratio of the reverse stock split rounded up to the nearest whole share. No new post-reverse stock split share certificates, including those representing whole shares to be issued in lieu of fractional shares, will be issued to a stockholder until such stockholder has surrendered such stockholder's outstanding certificate(s) together with the properly completed and executed letter of transmittal to the exchange agent.

STOCKHOLDERS SHOULD NOT DESTROY ANY PRE-SPLIT STOCK CERTIFICATE AND SHOULD NOT SUBMIT ANY CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE REQUESTED TO DO SO.

Accounting Consequences

The par value per share of Common Stock would remain unchanged after the reverse stock split. As a result, on the effective date of the reverse stock split, the stated capital on our balance sheet attributable to the Common Stock will be reduced proportionally, based on the exchange ratio of the reverse stock split, from its present amount, and the additional paid-in capital account shall be credited with the amount by which the stated capital is reduced. The per share Common Stock net income or loss and net book value will be increased because there will be fewer shares of Common Stock outstanding. The shares of Common Stock held in treasury will also be reduced proportionately based on the exchange ratio of the reverse stock split. We will reclassify prior period per share amounts and the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the effect of the reverse stock split for any prior periods in our financial statements and reports such that prior periods are comparable to current period presentation. We do not anticipate that any other accounting consequences would arise as a result of the reverse stock split.

Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequence of the Reverse Stock Split

The following is a summary of certain material United States federal income tax consequences of the reverse stock split to our stockholders who are United States holders, as defined below. This summary is general in nature and does not purport to be a complete discussion of all of the possible federal income tax consequences of the reverse stock split and is included for general information only. Further, it does not address any U.S. federal non-income, state, local or foreign income or other tax consequences. Also, it does not address the tax consequences to stockholders that are subject to special tax rules, such as banks, insurance companies, regulated investment companies, personal holding companies, real estate investment trusts, real estate mortgage investment conduits, foreign entities, nonresident alien individuals, broker-dealers, stockholders whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, partnerships (or other entities classified as partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, S corporations or other flow-through entities for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and tax-exempt entities. Other stockholders may also be subject to special tax rules, including but not limited to: stockholders that received Common Stock as compensation for services or pursuant to the exercise of an employee stock option, or stockholders who have held, or will hold, stock as part of a straddle, hedging constructive sale or conversion transaction for federal income tax purposes. This summary also assumes that you are a United States holder (defined below) who has held, and will hold, shares of Common Stock as a "capital asset," as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), i.e., generally, property held for investment. Finally, the following discussion does not address the tax consequences of transactions occurring prior to or after the reverse stock split (whether or not such transactions are in connection with the reverse stock split), including, without limitation, the exercise of options or rights to purchase Common Stock in anticipation of the reverse stock split.

The tax treatment of a stockholder may vary depending upon the particular facts and circumstances of such stockholder. You should consult with your own tax advisor with respect to the tax consequences of the reverse stock split. As used herein, the term United States holder means a stockholder that is, for federal income tax purposes: a citizen or resident of the United States; a corporation or other entity taxed as a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state, including the District of Columbia; an estate the income of which is subject to federal income tax regardless of its source; or a trust that (i) is subject to the primary supervision of a U.S. court and of which one or more "U.S. persons" (as defined in the Code) has the authority to control all substantial decisions, or (ii) has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

The following discussion is based on the Code, applicable Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial authority and administrative rulings and practice, all as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change, potentially with retroactive effect which could adversely affect the accuracy of the statements and conclusions set forth herein. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or opinion of counsel has been obtained in connection with the reverse stock split, and there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service would not take a position contrary to that discussed herein, nor that such contrary position would not be sustained.

Other than in respect of a fractional share that is rounded up to a full share, no gain or loss should be recognized by a United States holder upon such stockholder's exchange of pre-reverse stock split shares of Common Stock for post-reverse stock split shares of Common Stock pursuant to the reverse stock split. The aggregate tax basis of the post-reverse stock split shares received in the reverse stock split (including any whole share received in exchange for a fractional share) will be the same as the stockholder's aggregate tax basis in the pre-reverse stock split shares exchanged therefore. The United States holder's holding period for the post-reverse stock split shares will include the period during which the stockholder held the pre-reverse stock split shares surrendered in the reverse stock split. Although the matter is not clear, it is possible that United States holders whose fractional shares resulting from the reverse stock split are rounded up to the nearest whole share will recognize gain, which may be characterized as either a capital gain or as a dividend, to the extent of the value of such rounded-up amount (i.e., less than one share).

No gain or loss will be recognized by us as a result of the reverse stock split.

THE PRECEDING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT AND DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OR DISCUSSION OF ALL POTENTIAL TAX EFFECTS RELEVANT THERETO. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE PARTICULAR FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT IN LIGHT OF YOUR SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES.

Vote Required

The Reverse Stock Split will be approved if the majority of issued and outstanding shares as of the Record Date vote in favor of the proposal. As a result, abstentions will have no effect on this proposal. Broker non-votes are not expected to result from the vote on this proposal.

Voting Recommendation

THE BOARD RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT PROPOSAL.

PROPOSAL NO. 4 – 2024 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

APPROVAL OF OUR 2024 PLAN

Overview of Action

We are seeking stockholder approval of our 2024 Plan which will have 30 million shares (the "Plan"), as discussed in further detail below. Our Board approved the Plan on August 10, 2024, subject to stockholder approval at the Annual Meeting. If the Plan Amendment is approved by stockholders, the Plan Amendment will be effective as of the Annual Meeting. Capitalized terms used in this Proposal No. 4 but not defined have the meanings ascribed to such terms in our 2024 Plan.

The purpose of our 2024 Plan is to enhance our ability to attract and retain the services of directors, officers, consultants, advisors, and employees whose services are considered valuable, to encourage the sense of proprietorship and to stimulate the active interest of such persons in our development and financial success. Without stockholder approval of this proposal, we believe our ability to attract and retain the services of directors, officers, consultants, advisors, and employees would be negatively impacted, and our recruiting, retention and incentive efforts would become more difficult.

Awards (as defined below) under our 2024 Plan will be granted in amounts and to individuals as determined by the Committee (as defined below) in its sole discretion. Therefore, the benefits or amounts that will be received by officers, directors, employees, and consultants under our 2024 Plan are not determinable at this time. However, we believe stockholder approval of the Plan Amendment would allow us to continue to attract and retain talented directors, officers, employees, and consultants.

Background of Our 2024 Plan

Our 2024 Plan will remain in effect until July 2028, unless terminated earlier by our Board.

Material Features of Our 2024 Plan

The material features of our 2024 Plan, as amended by the Plan Amendment, are summarized below. This summary is not a complete description of our 2024 Plan, and it is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of our 2024 Plan document. Our 2024 Plan and the Plan Amendment are attached as Appendix A-1 and Appendix A-2 to this Proxy Statement, respectively.

Stock Subject to Our 2024 Plan

Subject to stockholder approval, the number of shares of Common Stock reserved under our 2024 Plan will be 30,000,000 shares. Shares of Common Stock subject to our 2024 Plan consist of unissued shares, treasury shares or previously issued shares held by any Subsidiary, and such number of shares of Common Stock will be reserved for such purpose. Any of such shares of Common Stock that may remain unissued and that are not subject to outstanding Options, Warrants or Preferred Stock at the termination of our 2024 Plan will cease to be reserved for the purposes of our 2024 Plan, but until termination of our 2024 Plan we will at all times reserve a sufficient number of shares of Common Stock to meet the requirements of our 2024 Plan.

Administration

Our Board appointed our Compensation Committee as the administrator of our 2024 Plan. In the event that for any reason the Compensation Committee is unable to act, or if our Board otherwise determines to administer the 2024 Plan, then the 2024 Plan will be administered by our Board. In either such case, such 2024 Plan administrator is herein referred to as the "Committee."

Eligibility

The 2024 Plan provides for the grant of Options, Warrants, Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock, or RSUs (collectively, "Awards") to our, or any Subsidiary's, directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors (each, a "Participant" and collectively, "Participants"); provided that Incentive Options or Incentive Warrants may only be granted to our employees and any Subsidiary's employees. As of August 19, 2024, 7 employees (including each of our executive officers) and 5 non-employee directors are eligible to participate in our 2024 Plan.

In selecting Participants, and in determining the number of shares to be covered by each Option or Warrant or award of Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock or RSU granted to Participants, the Committee may consider any factors it deems relevant, including, without limitation, the office or position held by the Participant or the Participant's relationship to us, the Participant's degree of responsibility for and contribution to our growth and success, the Participant's length of service, promotions and potential. A Participant who has been granted an Option, Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock, RSU or Warrant, under our 2024 Plan, may be granted additional Options, Warrants, Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock, or RSUs, as determined by the Committee.

Forms of Awards

The following is a description of the Awards permitted to be issued under our 2024 Plan.

Terms and Conditions of Options

Options awarded under our 2024 Plan are designated in the Award Agreement as either an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonqualified Stock Option. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock purchasable under an Incentive Option will be determined by the Committee at the time of grant, but will not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of such share of Common Stock on the date the Option is granted; provided, however, that with respect to an Optionee who, at the time such Incentive Option is granted, owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any Subsidiary, the purchase price per share of Common Stock will be at least 110% of the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock on the date the Option is granted.

The term of each Option is fixed by the Committee, but no Option will be exercisable more than ten years after the date such Option is granted and in the case of an Incentive Option granted to an Optionee who, at the time such Incentive Option is granted, owns (within the meaning of Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any Subsidiary, no such Incentive Option will be exercisable more than five years after the date such Incentive Option is granted.

Terms and Conditions of Warrants

Warrants awarded under our 2024 Plan will be designated in an Award Agreement as either an Incentive Warrant or a Non-Qualified Warrant. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock purchasable under an Incentive Warrant is determined by the Committee at the time of grant, but will not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of such share of Common Stock on the date the Warrant is granted; provided, however, that with respect to an Grantee who, at the time such Incentive Warrant is granted, owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any subsidiary, the purchase price per share of Common Stock will be at least 110% of the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock purchasable under a Non-Qualified Warrant will not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of such share of Common Stock on the date the Warrant is granted.

The term of each Warrant is fixed by the Committee, but no Warrant will be exercisable more than ten years after the date such Warrant is granted and in the case of an Incentive Warrant granted to an Grantee who, at the time such Incentive Warrant is granted, owns (within the meaning of Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any Subsidiary, no such Incentive Warrant will be exercisable more than five years after the date such Incentive Warrant is granted.

Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock

Restricted Stock may be granted to Participants at any time as determined by Committee in its sole discretion. Subject to our 2024 Plan, the Committee has complete discretion to determine (i) the number of shares subject to a Restricted Stock award granted to any Participant, and (ii) the conditions that must be satisfied, which typically will be based principally or solely on continued provision of services but may include a performance-based component, upon which is conditioned the grant, vesting or issuance of Restricted Stock.

The Committee, subject to the provisions of our 2024 Plan, has complete discretion to determine the terms and conditions of Restricted Stock granted under our 2024 Plan; provided that Restricted Stock may only be issued in the form of shares. Restricted Stock grants are subject to the terms, conditions, and restrictions determined by the Committee at the time the stock or the RSU is awarded. Any certificates representing the shares of stock awarded will bear such legends as determined by the Committee.

Terms and Conditions of Preferred Stock

Preferred Stock may be granted to Participants at any time as determined by Committee in its sole discretion. Subject to our 2024 Plan, the Committee has complete discretion to designate the number of shares of Preferred Stock authorized by our Board on the terms and conditions determined by the Committee. The Committee will determine the terms and conditions of the issuance of any Preferred Stock issued pursuant to our 2024 Plan (which terms and conditions may include standard equity blockers, conditions to issuance and the conversion price of the Preferred Stock) and any related agreements with respect to the issuance of the Preferred Stock and to interpret the provisions and supervise the administration of our 2024 Plan with respect to the issuance of any Preferred Stock.

We may not effect any conversion of Preferred Stock issued under our 2024 Plan, and no Participant has the right to convert any Preferred Stock, to the extent that after giving effect to such conversion, the beneficial owner of such shares (together with such Participant's affiliates) would have acquired, through conversion of such Preferred Stock or otherwise, beneficial ownership of a number of shares of Common Stock that exceeds 9.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such conversion. For purposes of the foregoing, the number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by a Participant and its affiliates includes only the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon the shares of Preferred Stock being converted with respect to which the determination of such sentence is being made.

Terms and Conditions of RSUs

RSUs may be granted to Participants at any time as determined by Committee in its sole discretion. Subject to our 2024 Plan, the Committee has complete discretion to determine (i) the number of shares subject to a RSU award granted to any Participant, and (ii) the conditions that must be satisfied, which typically will be based principally or solely on continued provision of services but may include a performance-based component, upon which is conditioned the grant, vesting or issuance of RSU.

The Committee, subject to the provisions of our 2024 Plan, has complete discretion to determine the terms and conditions of RSUs granted under our 2024 Plan; provided that RSUs may only be issued in the form of shares. RSU grants are subject to the terms, conditions, and restrictions determined by the Committee at the time the RSU is awarded. Any certificates representing the shares of stock awarded will bear such legends as determined by the Committee.

Transferability of Awards

Awards may not be sold, pledged, assigned, hypothecated, transferred, or disposed of in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution and may be exercised, during the lifetime of the participant, only by the participant, without the prior written consent of the Committee. If the Committee makes an Award transferable, such Award will contain such additional terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate.

Merger or Change in Control

In the event of a Change in Control, the Committee may accelerate the vesting and exercisability of outstanding Options, in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion. In its sole discretion, the Committee may also determine that, upon the occurrence of a Change in Control, each outstanding Option or Warrant will terminate within a specified number of days after notice to the Optionee or Grantee thereunder, and each such Optionee or Grantee will receive, with respect to each share of Common Stock subject to such Option or Warrant, an amount equal to the excess of the Fair Market Value of such shares immediately prior to such Change in Control over the exercise price per share of such Option or Warrant; such amount will be payable in cash, in one or more kinds of property (including the property, if any, payable in the transaction) or a combination thereof, as the Committee may determine in its sole discretion.

In the event of any merger, reorganization, consolidation, recapitalization, stock dividend, or other change in corporate structure affecting the Common Stock, the Committee will make an appropriate and equitable adjustment in the number and kind of shares reserved for issuance under our 2024 Plan and in the number and option price of shares subject to outstanding Options or Warrants granted under our 2024 Plan, to the end that after such event each Optionee's or Grantee's proportionate interest will be maintained (to the extent possible) as immediately before the occurrence of such event. The Committee will, to the extent feasible, make such other adjustments as may be required under the tax laws so that any Incentive Options or Incentive Warrants previously granted will not be deemed modified within the meaning of Section 424(h) of the Code. Appropriate adjustments will also be made in the case of outstanding Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock and RSUs granted under our 2024 Plan.

Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following is a brief summary of the federal income tax consequences as of the date hereof with respect to awards under our 2024 Plan for participants who are both citizens and residents of the United States. This description of the federal income tax consequences is based upon law and Treasury interpretations in effect on the date of this information statement (including proposed and temporary regulations which may be changed when finalized), and it should be understood that this summary is not exhaustive, that the law may change and further that special rules may apply with respect to situations not specifically discussed herein, including federal employment taxes, foreign, state and local taxes and estate or inheritance taxes. Accordingly, participants are urged to consult with their own qualified tax advisors.

Non-Qualified Options and Non-Qualified Warrants

No taxable income will be realized by the Participant upon the grant of a Non-Qualified Option or Non-Qualified Warrant. On exercise, the excess of the Fair Market Value of the stock at the time of exercise over the price of the Option or Warrant of such stock will be compensation and (i) will be taxable at ordinary income tax rates in the year of exercise, (ii) will be subject to withholding for federal income tax purposes and (iii) generally will be an allowable income tax deduction to us. The Participant's tax basis for stock acquired upon exercise of a Non-Qualified Option or Warrant will be equal to the price paid for the stock, plus any amounts included in income as compensation. If the Participant pays the exercise price of an option or Warrant in whole or in part with previously owned shares of Common Stock, the Participant's tax basis and holding period for the newly acquired shares is determined as follows: As to a number of newly acquired shares equal to the number of previously owned shares used by the Participant to pay the exercise price, no gain or loss will be recognized by the Participant on the date of exercise and the Participant's tax basis and holding period for the previously owned shares will carry over to the newly acquired shares on a share-for-share basis, thereby deferring any gain inherent in the previously owned shares. As to each remaining newly acquired share, the Participant's tax basis will equal the fair market value of the share on the date of exercise and the Participant's holding period will begin on the day after the exercise date. The Participant's compensation income and our deduction will not be affected by whether the exercise price is paid in cash or in shares of Common Stock. Special rules, discussed below under "Incentive Options and Incentive Warrants-Disposition of Incentive Option Shares and Incentive Warrants Shares," will apply if a Participant surrenders previously owned shares acquired upon the exercise of an incentive option or incentive Warrant that have not satisfied certain holding period requirements in payment of any or all of the exercise price of a Non-Qualified Option or Non-Qualified Warrant.

Disposition of Option Shares and Warrant Shares

When a sale of the acquired shares occurs, a Participant will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the sales proceeds and the tax basis of the shares. Such gain or loss will be treated as capital gain or loss if the shares are capital assets. The capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss treatment if the shares have been held for more than 12 months. There will be no tax consequences to us in connection with a sale of shares acquired under an option or Warrant.

Incentive Options and Incentive Warrants

The grant of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant will not result in any federal income tax to a Participant. Upon the exercise of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant, a Participant normally will not recognize any income for federal income tax purposes. However, the excess of the fair market value of the shares transferred upon the exercise over the exercise price of such shares (the "spread") generally will constitute an adjustment to income for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum tax of the Participant for the year in which the Option or Warrant is exercised. As a result of the exercise a Participant's federal income tax liability may be increased. If the holder of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant pays the exercise price, in full or in part, with shares of previously acquired Common Stock, the exchange should not affect the Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant tax treatment of the exercise. No gain or loss should be recognized on the exchange and the shares received by the Participant, equal in number to the previously acquired shares exchanged therefor, will have the same basis and holding period as the previously acquired shares. The Participant will not, however, be able to utilize the old holding period for the purpose of satisfying the incentive option or incentive Warrant holding period requirements described below. Shares received in excess of the number of previously acquired shares will have a basis of zero and a holding period, which commences as of the date the Common Stock is issued to the Participant upon exercise of the Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant. If an exercise is effected using shares previously acquired through the exercise of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant, the exchange of the previously acquired shares will be considered a disposition of such shares for the purpose of determining whether a disqualifying disposition has occurred.

Disposition of Incentive Option Shares and Incentive Warrant Shares. If the holder of Incentive Options or Incentive Warrants disposes of the stock acquired upon the exercise of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant (including the transfer of acquired stock in payment of the exercise price of another Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant) either within two years from the date of grant or within one year from the date of exercise, the Option or Warrant holder will recognize ordinary income at the time of such disqualifying disposition to the extent of the difference between the exercise price and the lesser of the fair market value of the stock on the date the Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant is exercised or the amount realized on such disqualifying disposition. Any remaining gain or loss is treated as a short-term or long-term capital gain or loss, depending on how long the shares were held prior to the disqualifying disposition. In the event of such disqualifying disposition, the Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant alternative minimum tax treatment described above may not apply (although, where the disqualifying disposition occurs subsequent to the year the incentive stock option is exercised, it may be necessary for the Participant to amend his return to eliminate the tax preference item previously reported).

Our Deduction. We are not entitled to a tax deduction upon either exercise of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant or disposition of stock acquired pursuant to such an exercise, except to the extent that the Option or Warrant holder recognized ordinary income in a disqualifying disposition.

Stock Grants

A Participant who receives a stock grant under our 2024 Plan generally will be taxed at ordinary income rates on the fair market value of shares when they vest, if subject to vesting or other restrictions, or, otherwise, when received. However, a Participant who, within 30 days after receiving such shares, makes an election under Section 83(b) of the Code, will recognize ordinary income on the date of issuance of the stock equal to the fair market value of the shares on that date. If a Section 83(b) election is made, the holding period for the shares will commence on the day after the shares are received and no additional taxable income will be recognized by the Participant at the time the shares vest. However, if shares subject to a Section 83(b) election are forfeited, no tax deduction is allowable to the Participant for the forfeited shares. Taxes are required to be withheld from the Participant at the time and on the amount of ordinary income recognized by the Participant. We will be entitled to a deduction at the same time and in the same amount as the Participant recognizes income.

Required Vote

The vote to our 2024 Plan requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast. Stockholders may vote "FOR," "AGAINST," or "ABSTAIN" with respect to this Proposal No. 4. Abstentions will have no effect on the result of the vote on this proposal.

This proposal is considered a non-routine matter under applicable NYSE rules. A broker, bank or other nominee may not vote without instructions on this matter, so there may be broker non-votes in connection with this proposal. Broker non-votes will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on this proposal.

OUR BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" THE APPROVAL OF AMENDMENT TO OUR 2024 PLAN

PROPOSAL NO. 5 - OTHER MATTERS

The Board knows of no matter to be brought before the Annual Meeting other than the matters identified in this proxy statement. However, if any other matter properly comes before the Annual Meeting or any adjournment of the meeting, it is the intention of the persons named in the proxy solicited by the Board to vote the shares represented by them in accordance with their best judgment.

ANNUAL REPORT

Upon written request to Secretary, AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd. at 800-525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC V5Z 1C6, we will provide without charge to each person requesting a copy of our Prospectus on Form 424(b) in lieu of a 2024 Annual Report, including the financial statements filed therewith. We will furnish a requesting shareholder with any exhibit not contained therein upon specific request. In addition, the Company's 2023 10-K is available on our Internet website at www.agriforcegs.com.

not contained therein upon specific request. In addition, the	Company s 2023	10-K 18	avanable (n our	Internet	website a
www.agriforcegs.com.						
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS						

/s/ David Welch, Chairman



EXHIBIT 1

2024 Equity Incentive Plan

2024 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. Purpose of the Plan. This 2024 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") is intended as an incentive, to retain in the employ of and as directors, officers, consultants, advisors and employees to AgriFORCE Growing Systems, Ltd., a British Columbia corporation (the "Company"), and any Subsidiary of the Company, within the meaning of Section 424(f) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), persons of training, experience and ability, to attract new directors, officers, consultants, advisors and employees whose services are considered valuable, to encourage the sense of proprietorship and to stimulate the active interest of such persons in the development and financial success of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

It is further intended that certain options granted pursuant to the Plan shall constitute incentive stock options within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code (the "<u>Incentive Options</u>") while certain other options granted pursuant to the Plan shall be nonqualified stock options (the "<u>Nonqualified Options</u>"). Incentive Options and Nonqualified Options are hereinafter referred to collectively as "<u>Options</u>."

The Company intends that the Plan meet the requirements of Rule 16b-3 ("Rule 16b-3") promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and that transactions of the type specified in subparagraphs (c) to (f) inclusive of Rule 16b-3 by officers and directors of the Company pursuant to the Plan will be exempt from the operation of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act. Further, the Plan is intended to satisfy the performance-based compensation exception to the limitation on the Company's tax deductions imposed by Section 162(m) of the Code with respect to those Options for which qualification for such exception is intended. In all cases, the terms, provisions, conditions and limitations of the Plan shall be construed and interpreted consistent with the Company's intent as stated in this Section 1.

2. Administration of the Plan. The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") shall appoint and maintain as administrator of the Plan a Committee (the "Committee") consisting of two or more directors who are (i) "Independent Directors" (as such term is defined under the rules of The Nasdaq Stock Market), (ii) "Non-Employee Directors" (as such term is defined in Rule 16b-3) and (iii) "Outside Directors" (as such term is defined in Section 162(m) of the Code), which shall serve at the pleasure of the Board. The Committee, subject to Sections 3, 5 and 6 hereof, shall have full power and authority to designate recipients of Options, restricted stock ("Restricted Stock"), preferred stock which may or may not be convertible ("Preferred Stock"), restricted share units ("RSUs"), and warrants which may qualify as Incentive Warrants or Non-Qualified Warrants (as such terms are defined herein, collectively, "Warrants"), and to determine the terms and conditions of the respective agreements (which need not be identical) and to interpret the provisions and supervise the administration of the Plan. The Committee shall have the authority, without limitation, to designate which Options granted under the Plan shall be Incentive Options and which shall be Nonqualified Options. To the extent any Option does not qualify as an Incentive Option, it shall constitute a separate Nonqualified Option.

In lieu of grants of Options and Restricted Stock, the Committee has the full power to and authority under the Plan to designate Participants to receive shares of the Company's Preferred Stock. Further, to the extent that the Committee shall determine that the issuance of Options, Restricted Stock, RSUs or Warrants to a Participant (as defined below) could cause the beneficial ownership by such Participant or its affiliates to exceed more than 9.99% of the total outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company upon the exercise of the Option or Warrant or the vesting of the Restricted Stock or RSU, as applicable, the Committee shall also have the full power and authority under the Plan to designate Participants to receive shares of the Company's preferred stock in either a series of preferred that has already been authorized and designated by the Board or in a new series of preferred that shall be authorized and designated by the Board in accordance with the Company's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation. The Committee shall determine the terms and conditions of the issuance of any Preferred Stock issued pursuant to the Plan (which terms and conditions may include standard equity blockers, conditions to issuance and the conversion price of the Preferred Stock) and any related agreements (which need not be identical) with respect to the issuance of the Preferred Stock and to interpret the provisions and supervise the administration of the Plan with respect to the issuance of any Preferred Stock.

Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee shall interpret the Plan and all Options, Restricted Stock, RSUs, Preferred Stock and Warrants (collectively, the "Securities") granted under the Plan, shall make such rules as it deems necessary for the proper administration of the Plan, shall make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan and shall correct any defects or supply any omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan or in any Securities granted under the Plan in the manner and to the extent that the Committee deems desirable to carry into effect the Plan or any Securities.

The act or determination of a majority of the Committee shall be the act or determination of the Committee and any decision reduced to writing and signed by all of the members of the Committee shall be fully effective as if it had been made by a majority of the Committee at a meeting duly held for such purpose. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, any action taken or determination made by the Committee pursuant to this and the other Sections of the Plan shall be conclusive on all parties.

In the event that for any reason the Committee is unable to act or if the Committee at the time of any grant, award or other acquisition under the Plan does not consist of two or more Non-Employee Directors, or if there shall be no such Committee, or if the Board otherwise determines to administer the Plan, then the Plan shall be administered by the Board, and references herein to the Committee (except in the proviso to this sentence) shall be deemed to be references to the Board, and any such grant, award or other acquisition may be approved or ratified in any other manner contemplated by subparagraph (d) of Rule 16b-3; provided, however, that grants to the Company's Chief Executive Officer or to any of the Company's other four most highly compensated officers that are intended to qualify as performance-based compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code may only be granted by the Committee.

- 3. Designation of Optionees and Grantees. The persons eligible for participation in the Plan as recipients of Options (the "Optionees"), Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock, RSUs or Warrants (the "Grantees" and together with Optionees, the "Participants") shall include directors, officers and employees of, and consultants and advisors to, the Company or any Subsidiary; provided that Incentive Options may only be granted to employees of the Company and any Subsidiary. In selecting Participants, and in determining the number of shares to be covered by each Option or Warrant or award of Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock or RSU granted to Participants, the Committee may consider any factors it deems relevant, including, without limitation, the office or position held by the Participant or the Participant's relationship to the Company, the Participant's length of service, promotions and potential. A Participant who has been granted an Option, Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock, RSU or Warrant, hereunder, may be granted additional Options, Restricted Stock, Preferred Stock, RSUs or Warrants, if the Committee shall so determine.
- **4. Stock Reserved for the Plan**. Subject to adjustment as provided in Section 8 hereof, a total of 30,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"), shall be subject to the Plan. The shares of Common Stock subject to the Plan shall consist of unissued shares, treasury shares or previously issued shares held by any Subsidiary of the Company, and such number of shares of Common Stock shall be and is hereby reserved for such purpose. Any of such shares of Common Stock that may remain unissued and that are not subject to outstanding Options, Preferred Stock or Warrants at the termination of the Plan shall cease to be reserved for the purposes of the Plan, but until termination of the Plan, the Company shall at all times reserve a sufficient number of shares of Common Stock to meet the requirements of the Plan. Should any Securities expire or be canceled prior to its exercise, satisfaction of conditions or vesting in full, as applicable, or should the number of shares of Common Stock to be delivered upon the exercise or vesting in full of an Option or Warrant or award of Restricted Stock or RSU or conversion of Preferred Stock be reduced for any reason, the shares of Common Stock theretofore subject to such Option, Warrant, Restricted Stock, RSU or Preferred Stock, as applicable, may be subject to future Options, Warrants, Restricted Stock, RSUs or Preferred Stock under the Plan, except where such reissuance is inconsistent with the provisions of Section 162(m) of the Code where qualification as performance-based compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code is intended.
- **5.**A. **Terms and Conditions of Options**. Options granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem desirable:
- (a) Option Price. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock purchasable under an Incentive Option shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant, but shall not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value (as defined below) of such share of Common Stock on the date the Option is granted; provided, however, that with respect to an Optionee who, at the time such Incentive Option is granted, owns (within the meaning of Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any Subsidiary, the purchase price per share of Common Stock shall be at least 110% of the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock purchasable under a Nonqualified Option shall not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of such share of Common Stock on the date the Option is granted. The exercise price for each Option shall be subject to adjustment as provided in Section 8 below. "Fair Market Value" means the closing price on the final trading day immediately prior to the grant date of the Common Stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market LLC or other principal securities exchange or OTC Bulletin Board on which shares of Common Stock are listed (if the shares of Common Stock are so listed), or, if not so listed, the mean between the closing bid and asked prices of publicly traded shares of Common Stock in the over the counter market, or, if such bid and asked prices shall not be available, as reported by any nationally recognized quotation service selected by the Company, or as determined by the Committee in a manner consistent with the provisions of the Code. Anything in this Section 5A(a) to

the contrary notwithstanding, in no event shall the purchase price of a share of Common Stock be less than the minimum price permitted under the rules and policies of any national securities exchange on which the shares of Common Stock are listed.

- (b) Option Term. The term of each Option shall be fixed by the Committee, but no Option shall be exercisable more than ten years after the date such Option is granted and in the case of an Incentive Option granted to an Optionee who, at the time such Incentive Option is granted, owns (within the meaning of Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any Subsidiary, no such Incentive Option shall be exercisable more than five years after the date such Incentive Option is granted.
- (c) Exercisability. Subject to Section 5A(j) hereof, Options shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant; provided, however, that in the absence of any Option vesting periods designated by the Committee at the time of grant, Options shall vest and become exercisable as to one-third of the total number of shares subject to the Option on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant; and provided further that no Options shall be exercisable until such time as any vesting limitation required by Section 16 of the Exchange Act, and related rules, shall be satisfied if such limitation shall be required for continued validity of the exemption provided under Rule 16b-3(d)(3).

Upon the occurrence of a "Change in Control" (as hereinafter defined), the Committee may accelerate the vesting and exercisability of outstanding Options, in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion. In its sole discretion, the Committee may also determine that, upon the occurrence of a Change in Control, each outstanding Option shall terminate within a specified number of days after notice to the Optionee thereunder, and each such Optionee shall receive, with respect to each share of Common Stock subject to such Option, an amount equal to the excess of the Fair Market Value of such shares immediately prior to such Change in Control over the exercise price per share of such Option; such amount shall be payable in cash, in one or more kinds of property (including the property, if any, payable in the transaction) or a combination thereof, as the Committee shall determine in its sole discretion.

For purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, a Change in Control shall be deemed to have occurred if:

- (i) a tender offer (or series of related offers) shall be made and consummated for the ownership of 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the Company, unless as a result of such tender offer more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving or resulting corporation shall be owned in the aggregate by the stockholders of the Company (as of the time immediately prior to the commencement of such offer), any employee benefit plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries, and their affiliates;
- (ii) the Company shall be merged or consolidated with another corporation, unless as a result of such merger or consolidation more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving or resulting corporation shall be owned in the aggregate by the stockholders of the Company (as of the time immediately prior to such transaction), any employee benefit plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries, and their affiliates;
- (iii) the Company shall sell substantially all of its assets to another corporation that is not wholly owned by the Company, unless as a result of such sale more than 50% of such assets shall be owned in the aggregate by the stockholders of the Company (as of the time immediately prior to such transaction), any employee benefit plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries and their affiliates; or
- (iv) a Person (as defined below) shall acquire 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the Company (whether directly, indirectly, beneficially or of record), unless as a result of such acquisition more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving or resulting corporation shall be owned in the aggregate by the stockholders of the Company (as of the time immediately prior to the first acquisition of such securities by such Person), any employee benefit plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries, and their affiliates.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Change of Control is defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, then, with respect to such Optionee, Change of Control shall have the meaning ascribed to it in such employment agreement.

For purposes of this Section 5A(c), ownership of voting securities shall take into account and shall include ownership as determined by applying the provisions of Rule 13d-3(d)(I)(i) (as in effect on the date hereof) under the Exchange Act. In addition, for such purposes, "Person" shall have the meaning given in Section 3(a)(9) of the Exchange Act, as modified and used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) thereof; provided, however, that a Person shall not include (A) the Company or any of its

Subsidiaries; (B) a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries; (C) an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities; or (D) a corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the stockholders of the Company in substantially the same proportion as their ownership of stock of the Company.

- (d) Method of Exercise. Options to the extent then exercisable may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the option period, by giving written notice to the Company specifying the number of shares of Common Stock to be purchased, accompanied by payment in full of the purchase price, in cash, or by check or such other instrument as may be acceptable to the Committee. As determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, at or after grant, payment in full or in part may be made at the election of the Optionee (i) in the form of Common Stock owned by the Optionee (based on the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock which is not the subject of any pledge or security interest, (ii) in the form of shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock withheld by the Company from the shares of Common Stock otherwise to be received with such withheld shares of Common Stock having a Fair Market Value equal to the exercise price of the Option, or (iii) by a combination of the foregoing, such Fair Market Value determined by applying the principles set forth in Section 5A(a), provided that the combined value of all cash and cash equivalents and the Fair Market Value of any shares surrendered to the Company is at least equal to such exercise price and except with respect to (ii) above, such method of payment will not cause a disqualifying disposition of all or a portion of the Common Stock received upon exercise of an Incentive Option. An Optionee shall have the right to dividends and other rights of a stockholder with respect to shares of Common Stock purchased upon exercise of an Option at such time as the Optionee (i) has given written notice of exercise and has paid in full for such shares, and (ii) has satisfied such conditions that may be imposed by the Company with respect to the withholding of taxes.
- (e) <u>Non-transferability of Options</u>. Options are not transferable and may be exercised solely by the Optionee during his lifetime or after his death by the person or persons entitled thereto under his will or the laws of descent and distribution. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may permit a transfer of a Nonqualified Option to (i) a trust for the benefit of the Optionee, (ii) a member of the Optionee's immediate family (or a trust for his or her benefit) or (iii) pursuant to a domestic relations order. Any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge or otherwise dispose of, or to subject to execution, attachment or similar process, any Option contrary to the provisions hereof shall be void and ineffective and shall give no right to the purported transferee.
- (f) <u>Termination by Death</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, if any Optionee's employment with or service to the Company or any Subsidiary terminates by reason of death, the Option may thereafter be exercised, to the extent then exercisable (or on such accelerated basis as the Committee shall determine at or after grant), by the legal representative of the estate or by the legatee of the Optionee under the will of the Optionee, for a period of one (1) year after the date of such death (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof) or until the expiration of the stated term of such Option as provided under the Plan, whichever period is shorter.
- (g) <u>Termination by Reason of Disability</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, if any Optionee's employment with or service to the Company or any Subsidiary terminates by reason of Disability (as defined below), then any Option held by such Optionee may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of termination due to Disability (or on such accelerated basis as the Committee shall determine at or after grant), but may not be exercised after ninety (90) days after the date of such termination of employment or service (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof) or the expiration of the stated term of such Option, whichever period is shorter; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, if the Optionee dies within such ninety (90) day period, any unexercised Option held by such Optionee shall thereafter be exercisable to the extent to which it was exercisable at the time of death for a period of one (1) year after the date of such death (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof) or for the stated term of such Option, whichever period is shorter. "Disability" shall mean an Optionee's total and permanent disability; *provided*, that if Disability is defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, then, with respect to such Optionee, Disability shall have the meaning ascribed to it in such employment agreement
- (h) <u>Termination by Reason of Retirement</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, if any Optionee's employment with or service to the Company or any Subsidiary terminates by reason of Normal or Early Retirement (as such terms are defined below), any Option held by such Optionee may thereafter be exercised to the extent it was exercisable at the time of such Retirement (or on such accelerated basis as the Committee shall determine at or after grant), but may not be exercised after ninety (90) days after the date of such termination of employment or service (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof) or the expiration of the stated term of such Option, whichever date is earlier; <u>provided, however</u>, that, if the Optionee dies within such ninety (90) day period, any unexercised Option held by such Optionee shall thereafter be exercisable, to the extent to which it was exercisable at the time of death, for a period of one (1) year after the date of such death (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof) or for the stated term of such Option, whichever period is shorter.

For purposes of this paragraph (h), "Normal Retirement" shall mean retirement from active employment with the Company or any Subsidiary on or after the normal retirement date specified in the applicable Company or Subsidiary pension plan or if no such pension plan, age 65, and "Early Retirement" shall mean retirement from active employment with the Company or any Subsidiary pursuant to the early retirement provisions of the applicable Company or Subsidiary pension plan or if no such pension plan, age 55.

- (i) Other Terminations. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee upon grant, if any Optionee's employment with or service to the Company or any Subsidiary is terminated by such Optionee for any reason other than death, Disability, Normal or Early Retirement or Good Reason (as defined below), the Option shall thereupon terminate, except that the portion of any Option that was exercisable on the date of such termination of employment or service may be exercised for the lesser of ninety (90) days after the date of termination (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof) or the balance of such Option's term, which ever period is shorter. The transfer of an Optionee from the employ of or service to the Company to the employ of or service to a Subsidiary, or vice versa, or from one Subsidiary to another, shall not be deemed to constitute a termination of employment or service for purposes of the Plan.
- (i) In the event that the Optionee's employment or service with the Company or any Subsidiary is terminated by the Company or such Subsidiary for "cause" any unexercised portion of any Option shall immediately terminate in its entirety. For purposes hereof, unless otherwise defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, "Cause" shall exist upon a good-faith determination by the Board, following a hearing before the Board at which an Optionee was represented by counsel and given an opportunity to be heard, that such Optionee has been accused of fraud, dishonesty or act detrimental to the interests of the Company or any Subsidiary of Company or that such Optionee has been accused of or convicted of an act of willful and material embezzlement or fraud against the Company or of a felony under any state or federal statute; provided, however, that it is specifically understood that "Cause" shall not include any act of commission or omission in the good-faith exercise of such Optionee's business judgment as a director, officer or employee of the Company, as the case may be, or upon the advice of counsel to the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Cause is defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, then, with respect to such Optionee, Cause shall have the meaning ascribed to it in such employment agreement.
- (ii) In the event that an Optionee is removed as a director, officer or employee by the Company at any time other than for "Cause" or resigns as a director, officer or employee for "Good Reason" the Option granted to such Optionee may be exercised by the Optionee, to the extent the Option was exercisable on the date such Optionee ceases to be a director, officer or employee. Such Option may be exercised at any time within one (1) year after the date the Optionee ceases to be a director, officer or employee (or, if later, such time as the Option may be exercised pursuant to Section 14(d) hereof), or the date on which the Option otherwise expires by its terms; whichever period is shorter, at which time the Option shall terminate; provided, however, if the Optionee dies before the Options terminate and are no longer exercisable, the terms and provisions of Section 5A(f) shall control. For purposes of this Section 5A(i), and unless otherwise defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, Good Reason shall exist upon the occurrence of the following:
- (A) the assignment to Optionee of any duties inconsistent with the position in the Company that Optionee held immediately prior to the assignment;
- (B) a Change of Control resulting in a significant adverse alteration in the status or conditions of Optionee's participation with the Company or other nature of Optionee's responsibilities from those in effect prior to such Change of Control, including any significant alteration in Optionee's responsibilities immediately prior to such Change in Control; and
- (C) the failure by the Company to continue to provide Optionee with benefits substantially similar to those enjoyed by Optionee prior to such failure.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Good Reason is defined in an employment agreement between the Company and the relevant Optionee, then, with respect to such Optionee, Good Reason shall have the meaning ascribed to it in such employment agreement.

(j) <u>Limit on Value of Incentive Option</u>. The aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the date the Incentive Option is granted, of Common Stock for which Incentive Options are exercisable for the first time by any Optionee during any calendar year under the Plan (and/or any other stock option plans of the Company or any Subsidiary) shall not exceed \$100,000.

- **B. Terms and Conditions of Warrants**. Warrants may be issued under the Plan in the form of (a) warrants which qualify as Incentive Options ("Incentive Warrants") or (b) warrants that do not qualify as incentive stock options ("Non-Qualified Warrants"). Warrants issued under the Plan shall be subject to the following conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem desirable:
- (a) Warrant Grants. The Committee may grant Warrants to purchase shares of Common Stock from the Company, to such key persons, and in such amounts and subject to such vesting and forfeiture provisions and other terms and conditions, as the Committee shall determine, subject to the provisions of the Plan. The term "Incentive Warrant" means a Warrant that is intended to qualify for special federal income tax treatment pursuant to Sections 421 and 422 of the Code as now constituted or subsequently amended, or pursuant to a successor provision of the Code, and which is so designated in the applicable Award Agreement. Any Warrant that is not specifically designated as an Incentive Warrant shall under no circumstances be considered an Incentive Warrant. Any Warrant that is not an Incentive Warrant is referred to herein as a "Non-Qualified Warrant." The Committee may grant Incentive Warrants only to employees, and any grants of Warrants to any other key persons shall only be Non-Qualified Warrants.
- (b) Warrant Exercise Price. Each Award Agreement with respect to a Warrant shall set forth the amount (the "Warrant Exercise Price") payable by the Grantee to the Company upon exercise of the Warrant evidenced thereby. The Warrant Exercise Price per share shall be determined by the Committee; provided, however, that with respect to an Grantee who, at the time an Incentive Warrant is granted, owns (within the meaning of Section 424(d) of the Code) more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of any Subsidiary, the purchase price per share of Common Stock shall be at least 110% of the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of issuance. The purchase price of each share of Common Stock purchasable under a Non-Qualified Warrant shall not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of such share of Common Stock on the date such Warrant is issued. The exercise price for each Warrant shall be subject to adjustment as provided in Section 8 below.
- (c) <u>Term.</u> Subject to Section 5B(i) hereof, the term of each Warrant shall be fixed by the Committee, but no Warrant shall be exercisable more than ten (10) years after the date such Warrant is issued.
- (d) Exercisability. Subject to Section 5B(i) hereof, Warrants shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee at the time of issuance; provided, however, that in the absence of any Warrant vesting periods designated by the Committee at the time of issuance, Warrants shall vest and become exercisable as to one-third of the total number of shares subject to the Warrant on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of issuance; and, provided further, that no Warrants shall be exercisable until such time as any vesting limitation required by Section 16 of the Exchange Act, and related rules, shall be satisfied if such limitation shall be required for continued validity of the exemption provided under Rule 16b-3(d)(3).

Upon the occurrence of a "Change in Control" (as defined in Section 5A(c) hereof), the Committee may accelerate the vesting and exercisability of outstanding Warrants, in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion. In its sole discretion, the Committee may also determine that, upon the occurrence of a Change in Control, each outstanding Warrant shall terminate within a specified number of days after notice to the Grantee thereunder, and each such Grantee shall receive, with respect to each share of Common Stock subject to such Warrant, an amount equal to the excess of the Fair Market Value of such shares immediately prior to such Change in Control over the exercise price per share of such Warrant; such amount shall be payable in cash, in one or more kinds of property (including the property, if any, payable in the transaction) or a combination thereof, as the Committee shall determine in its sole discretion.

For purposes of this Section 5B(d), ownership of voting securities shall take into account and shall include ownership as determined by applying the provisions of Rule 13d-3(d)(I)(i) (as in effect on the date hereof) under the Exchange Act. In addition, for such purposes, "Person" shall have the meaning given in Section 5A(c) hereof.

(e) <u>Method of Exercise</u>. Warrants to the extent then exercisable may be exercised in whole or in part from time to time as to all or part of the shares as to which such award is then exercisable, by giving written notice to the Company specifying the number of shares of Common Stock to be purchased, accompanied by payment in full of the purchase price, in cash, or by check or such other instrument as may be acceptable to the Committee. As determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, at or after issuance, payment in full or in part may be made at the election of the Grantee (i) in the form of Common Stock owned by the Grantee (based on the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock which is not the subject of any pledge or security interest), (ii) in the form of shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock withheld by the Company from the shares of Common Stock otherwise to be received with such withheld shares of Common Stock having a Fair Market Value equal to the Warrant Exercise Price of the Warrant, or (iii) by a combination of the foregoing, such Fair Market Value determined by applying the

principles set forth in Section 5B(b), provided that the combined value of all cash and cash equivalents and the Fair Market Value of any shares surrendered to the Company is at least equal to such exercise price and except with respect to (ii) above, such method of payment will not cause a disqualifying disposition of all or a portion of the Common Stock received upon exercise of an Incentive Warrant. A Grantee shall have the right to dividends and other rights of a stockholder with respect to shares of Common Stock purchased upon exercise of a Warrant at such time as the Grantee (i) has given written notice of exercise and has paid in full for such shares, and (ii) has satisfied such conditions that may be imposed by the Company with respect to the withholding of taxes.

- (f) Non-transferability of Warrants. Warrants are not transferable and may be exercised solely by the Grantee during his lifetime or after his death by the person or persons entitled thereto under his will or the laws of descent and distribution. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may permit a transfer of a Non-Qualified Warrant to (i) a trust for the benefit of the Grantee, (ii) a member of the Grantee's immediate family (or a trust for his or her benefit) or (iii) pursuant to a domestic relations order. Any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge or otherwise dispose of, or to subject to execution, attachment or similar process, any Warrant contrary to the provisions hereof shall be void and ineffective and shall give no right to the purported transferee.
- (g) <u>Termination</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at or after issuance, Warrants issued to the Grantee that have not vested shall be forfeited upon termination of the Grantee in accordance with Section 5A(f), (g), (h) and (i), as applicable. The Committee may provide (on or after issuance) that restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to the Warrants will be waived in whole or in part in the event of termination resulting from specified causes, and the Committee may in other cases waive in whole or in part restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to the Warrants.
- (h) <u>Special Rules for Incentive Warrants</u>. No Warrant that remains exercisable for more than three months following a Grantee's termination of employment for any reason other than death (including death within three months after termination of employment or within one year after a termination of employment due to disability) or disability, or for more than one year following a Grantee's termination of employment as the result of his becoming disabled, may be treated as an Incentive Warrant.

(i) Limitations of Incentive Warrants.

- (i) <u>Exercisability Limitation</u>. The aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the date the Incentive Warrant is issued, of Common Stock for which Incentive Warrants are exercisable for the first time by any Grantee during any calendar year under the Plan (and/or any other stock option plans of the Company or any Subsidiary) shall not exceed \$100,000.
- (ii) 10% Owners. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 5B(d), an Incentive Warrant may not be issued under the Plan to an individual who, at the time the Warrant is issued, owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or its Subsidiary (as such ownership may be determined for purposes of Section 422(b) (6) of the Code), unless (i) at the time such Incentive Warrant is issued the Warrant Exercise Price is at least 110% of the Fair Market Value of the shares subject thereto and (ii) the Incentive Warrant by its terms is not exercisable after the expiration of five (5) years from the date it is issuance.
- **6.**A. **Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock**. Restricted Stock may be granted under this Plan aside from, or in association with, any other award and shall be subject to the following conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions (including provisions relating to the acceleration of vesting of Restricted Stock upon a Change of Control), not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem desirable:
- (a) <u>Grantee rights</u>. A Grantee shall have no rights to an award of Restricted Stock unless and until Grantee accepts the award within the period prescribed by the Committee and, if the Committee shall deem desirable, makes payment to the Company in cash, or by check or such other instrument as may be acceptable to the Committee. After acceptance and issuance of a certificate or certificates, as provided for below, the Grantee shall have the rights of a stockholder with respect to Restricted Stock subject to the non-transferability and forfeiture restrictions described in Section 6(d) below.
- (b) <u>Issuance of Certificates</u>. The Company shall issue in the Grantee's name a certificate or certificates for the shares of Common Stock associated with the award promptly after the Grantee accepts such award.
- (c) <u>Delivery of Certificates</u>. Unless otherwise provided, any certificate or certificates issued evidencing shares of Restricted Stock shall not be delivered to the Grantee until such shares are free of any restrictions specified by the Committee at the time of grant.

- (d) <u>Forfeitability</u>, <u>Non-transferability of Restricted Stock</u>. Shares of Restricted Stock are forfeitable until the terms of the Restricted Stock grant have been satisfied. Shares of Restricted Stock are not transferable until the date on which the Committee has specified such restrictions have lapsed. Unless otherwise provided by the Committee at or after grant, distributions in the form of dividends or otherwise of additional shares or property in respect of shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to the same restrictions as such shares of Restricted Stock.
- (e) <u>Change of Control</u>. Upon the occurrence of a Change in Control as defined in Section 5A(c), the Committee may accelerate the vesting of outstanding Restricted Stock, in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion.
- (f) <u>Termination of Employment</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at or after grant, in the event the Grantee ceases to be an employee or otherwise associated with the Company for any other reason, all shares of Restricted Stock theretofore awarded to him which are still subject to restrictions shall be forfeited and the Company shall have the right to complete the blank stock power. The Committee may provide (on or after grant) that restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to shares of Restricted Stock will be waived in whole or in part in the event of termination resulting from specified causes, and the Committee may in other cases waive in whole or in part restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to Restricted Stock.
- **B. Terms and Conditions of Preferred Stock**. In lieu of grants of Options, Warrants, Restricted Stock and RSUs, to the extent that the Committee shall determine that the issuance of Options, Warrants, Restricted Stock or RSUs to a Participant could cause the beneficial ownership by such Participant or its affiliates to exceed more than 9.99% of the total outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company upon the exercise of the Option or Warrant or the vesting of the Restricted Stock or RSU, as applicable, Preferred Stock may be granted under this Plan aside from, or in association with, any other award and shall be subject to the following conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions (including provisions relating to the acceleration of vesting of Restricted Stock or RSU upon a Change of Control), not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem desirable:
- (a) Grantee rights. A Grantee shall have no rights to an award of Preferred Stock unless and until all of the following conditions have been met (A) the Committee designates an award of Preferred Stock in a series of Preferred Stock that has already been authorized and designated the Board, the Board passes a resolution authorizing and designating a new series of Preferred Stock on the terms and conditions determined by the Committee, (B) if applicable, the Company files a Certificate of Designation with the Secretary of State of the State of British Columbia that sets forth the rights, preferences and other terms of any newly authorized and designated series of the Preferred Stock, and (C) Grantee accepts the award within the period prescribed by the Committee and, if the Committee shall deem desirable, executes an agreement that sets forth the terms and conditions of the issuance of the award of Preferred Stock as may be acceptable to the Committee. After acceptance and issuance of a certificate or certificates, as provided for below, the Grantee shall have the rights set forth in the applicable Certificate of Designation and any related agreement with respect to the Preferred Stock award. The Preferred Stock shall also be subject to the non-transferability and forfeiture restrictions described in Section 6B(d) below.
- (b) <u>Issuance of Certificates</u>. The Company shall issue in the Grantee's name a certificate or certificates for the shares of Preferred Stock associated with the award promptly after the Grantee accepts such award. The Company shall issue in the Grantee's name a certificate or certificates for the shares of Common Stock underlying the Preferred Stock associated with the award promptly after the Grantee converts the Preferred Stock in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the applicable Certificate of Designation and related agreement, if any.
- (c) <u>Delivery of Certificates</u>. Unless otherwise provided, any certificate or certificates issued evidencing shares of Preferred Stock and/or the underlying Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of the Preferred Stock shall not be delivered to the Grantee until such shares are free of any restrictions specified by the Committee at the time of grant.
- (d) <u>Forfeitability</u>, <u>Non-transferability of Preferred Stock</u>. Shares of Preferred Stock and any underlying shares of Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of the Preferred Stock are forfeitable until the terms of the Preferred Stock grant have been satisfied. Shares of Preferred Stock and any underlying shares of Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of the Preferred Stock are not transferable until the date on which the Committee has specified such have lapsed. Unless otherwise provided by the Committee at or after grant, distributions in the form of dividends or otherwise of additional shares or property in respect of shares of Preferred Stock if the applicable Certificate of Designation provides for such distributions, shall be subject to the same restrictions as such shares of Preferred Stock.
- (e) <u>Change of Control</u>. Upon the occurrence of a Change in Control as defined in Section 5A(c), the Committee may waive any conditions and/or restrictions to the issuance of any contingent award of Preferred Stock, in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion.

- (f) <u>Termination of Employment or Consulting Agreement</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at or after grant, in the event the Grantee ceases to be, as applicable, an employee, a consultant or otherwise associated with the Company for any other reason, all shares of Preferred Stock theretofore awarded to him which are still subject to restrictions shall be forfeited and the Company shall have the right to complete the blank stock power. The Committee may provide (on or after grant) that restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to shares of Preferred Stock will be waived in whole or in part in the event of termination resulting from specified causes, and the Committee may in other cases waive in whole or in part restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to Preferred Stock.
- (g) Maximum Percentage. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the Company shall not effect any conversion of Preferred Stock issued under the Plan, and no Participant shall have the right to convert any Preferred Stock, to the extent that after giving effect to such conversion, the beneficial owner of such shares (together with such Participant's affiliates) would have acquired, through conversion of such Preferred Stock or otherwise, beneficial ownership of a number of shares of Common Stock that exceeds 9.99% (the "Maximum Percentage") of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such conversion. The Company shall not give effect to any voting rights of such Preferred Stock, and any Participant shall not have the right to exercise voting rights with respect to any Preferred Stock pursuant hereto, to the extent that giving effect to such voting rights would result in such Participant (together with its affiliates) being deemed to beneficially own in excess of the Maximum Percentage of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise, assuming such exercise as being equivalent to conversion. For purposes of the foregoing, the number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by a Participant and its affiliates shall include the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Preferred Stock with respect to which the determination of such sentence is being made, but shall exclude the number of shares of Common Stock which would be issuable upon (A) conversion of the remaining, nonconverted shares of Preferred Stock beneficially owned by such Participant or any of its affiliates and (B) exercise or conversion of the unexercised or unconverted portion of any other securities of the Company (including, without limitation, any notes or warrants) subject to a limitation on conversion or exercise analogous to the limitation contained in this Section 6B(g) beneficially owned by such Participant or any of its affiliates. Except as set forth in the preceding sentence, for purposes of this Section 6B(g), beneficial ownership shall be calculated in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act. For purposes of this Section 6B(g), in determining the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock, a Participant may rely on the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock as reflected in (1) the Company's most recent Form 10-K, Form 10-Q, or Form 8-K, as the case may be, (2) a more recent public announcement by the Company, or (3) any other notice by the Company or its transfer agent setting forth the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding. For any reason at any time, upon the written request of any Participant, the Company shall within one (1) business day following the receipt of such notice, confirm orally and in writing to any such Participant the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding. In any case, the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock shall be determined after giving effect to the conversion or exercise of securities of the Company, including the Preferred Stock, by such Holder and its affiliates since the date as of which such number of outstanding shares of Common Stock was reported. By written notice to the Company, the Participant may from time to time increase or decrease the Maximum Percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% specified in such notice; provided, that (i) any such increase will not be effective until the sixty-first (61st) day after such notice is delivered to the Company, and (ii) any such increase or decrease will apply only to the Holder providing such written notice and not to any other Holder. In the event that the Company cannot pay any portion of any dividend, distribution, grant or issuance hereunder to a Participant solely by reason of this Section 6B(g) (such shares, the "Limited Shares"), notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Company shall not be required to pay cash in lieu of the payment that otherwise would have been made in such Limited Shares, but shall hold any such Limited Shares in abeyance for such Holder until such time, if ever, that the delivery of such Limited Shares shall not cause the Participant to exceed the Maximum Percentage, at which time such Participant shall be delivered such Limited Shares to the extent as if there had been no such limitation. The provisions of this paragraph shall be construed and implemented in a manner otherwise than in strict conformity with the terms of this Section 6B(g) to correct this paragraph (or any portion hereof) which may be defective or inconsistent with the intended beneficial ownership limitation herein contained or to make changes or supplements necessary or desirable to properly give effect to such limitation.
- **C. Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Units**. Restricted Stock Units, or RSUs, may be granted under this Plan aside from, or in association with, any other award and shall be subject to the following conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions (including provisions relating to the acceleration of vesting of RSUs upon a Change of Control), not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem desirable:
- (a) <u>Grantee rights</u>. A Grantee shall have no rights to an award of RSUs unless and until Grantee accepts the award within the period prescribed by the Committee and, if the Committee shall deem desirable, makes payment to the Company in cash, or by check or such other instrument as may be acceptable to the Committee. After acceptance and issuance of a certificate or certificates, as provided for below, the Grantee shall have the rights of a stockholder with respect to the RSUs subject to the non-transferability and forfeiture restrictions described in Section 6C(d) below.

- (b) <u>Vesting</u>. At the time of the grant of RSUs, the Committee may place restrictions on RSUs that shall lapse, in whole or in part, upon the passage of time. Unless otherwise provided in an Award Agreement, upon the vesting of a RSU, there shall be delivered to the Grantee, within 30 days of the date on which such Award (or any portion thereof) vests, the number of shares of common stock equal to the number of RSUs becoming so vested.
- (c) Non-transferability of RSUs. Prior to the time that shares of common stock underlying RSUs have been delivered to the Grantee, RSUs are not transferable and may be exercised solely by the Grantee during his lifetime or after his death by the person or persons entitled thereto under his will or the laws of descent and distribution. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may permit a transfer of an RSU to (i) a trust for the benefit of the Grantee, (ii) a member of the Grantee's immediate family (or a trust for his or her benefit) or (iii) pursuant to a domestic relations order. Any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge or otherwise dispose of, or to subject to execution, attachment or similar process, any RSU contrary to the provisions hereof shall be void and ineffective and shall give no right to the purported transferee.
- (d) <u>Change of Control</u>. Upon the occurrence of a Change in Control as defined in Section 5A(c), the Committee may accelerate the vesting of outstanding RSUs, in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion.
- (e) <u>Dividend Equivalents</u>. To the extent provided in an Award Agreement, and subject to the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, an award of RSUs may provide the Grantee with the right to receive dividend equivalent payments with respect to common stock subject to such award, which payments may be settled in cash or common stock, as determined by the Committee. Any such settlements and any crediting of dividend equivalents may, at the time of grant of the RSU, be made subject to the transfer restrictions, forfeiture risks, vesting and conditions of the RSUs and subject to such other conditions, restrictions and contingencies as the Committee shall establish at the time of grant of the RSU, including the reinvestment of such credited amounts in common stock equivalents, provided that all such conditions, restrictions and contingencies shall comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code.
- (f) <u>Termination</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at or after grant, RSUs awarded to the Grantee that have not vested shall be forfeited upon termination of the Grantee in accordance with Section 5A(f), (g), (h) and (i), as applicable. The Committee may provide (on or after grant) that restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to the RSUs will be waived in whole or in part in the event of termination resulting from specified causes, and the Committee may in other cases waive in whole or in part restrictions or forfeiture conditions relating to the RSUs.
- **7. Term of Plan**. No Securities shall be granted pursuant to the Plan on or after the date which is ten years from the effective date of the Plan, but Options and Warrants and awards of Restricted Stock and/or Preferred Stock and/or RSUs theretofore granted may extend beyond that date.
- 8. Capital Change of the Company. In the event of any merger, reorganization, consolidation, recapitalization, stock dividend, or other change in corporate structure affecting the Common Stock of the Company, the Committee shall make an appropriate and equitable adjustment in the number and kind of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan and (A) in the number and price of shares subject to outstanding Options or Warrants granted or issued under the Plan, to the end that after such event each Optionee's or Grantee's proportionate interest shall be maintained (to the extent possible) as immediately before the occurrence of such event and (B) in the number and conversion price of shares subject to outstanding Preferred Stock granted under the Plan, to the end that after such event each Participant's (who has received a grant of Preferred Stock) proportionate interest shall be maintained (to the extent possible) as immediately before the occurrence of such event. The Committee shall, to the extent feasible, make such other adjustments as may be required under the tax laws so that any Incentive Options or Incentive Warrants previously granted or issued shall not be deemed modified within the meaning of Section 424(h) of the Code. Appropriate adjustments shall also be made in the case of outstanding Restricted Stock or RSUs granted under the Plan.

The adjustments described above will be made only to the extent consistent with continued qualification of the Option or Warrant under Section 422 of the Code (in the case of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant) and Section 409A of the Code.

9. Purchase for Investment/Conditions. Unless the Securities, and shares of Common Stock underlying such Securities, covered by the Plan have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Company has determined that such registration is unnecessary, each person exercising or receiving Securities under the Plan may be required by the Company to give a representation in writing that he is acquiring the securities for his own account for investment and not with a view to, or for sale in connection with, the distribution of any part thereof. The Committee may impose any additional or further restrictions on awards of Securities as shall be determined by the Committee at the time of award.

10. Taxes.

- (a) The Company may make such provisions as it may deem appropriate, consistent with applicable law, in connection with any Securities granted under the Plan with respect to the withholding of any taxes (including income or employment taxes) or any other tax matters.
- (b) If any Grantee, in connection with the acquisition of Restricted Stock, makes the election permitted under Section 83(b) of the Code (that is, an election to include in gross income in the year of transfer the amounts specified in Section 83(b)), such Grantee shall notify the Company of the election with the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to regulations issued under the authority of Code Section 83(b).
- (c) If any Grantee shall make any disposition of shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to the exercise of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant under the circumstances described in Section 421(b) of the Code (relating to certain disqualifying dispositions), such Grantee shall notify the Company of such disposition within ten (10) days hereof.
- 11. Effective Date of Plan. The Plan is effective as of November 25, 2024.
- **12. Amendment and Termination**. The Board may amend, suspend, or terminate the Plan, except that no amendment shall be made that would impair the rights of any Participant under Securities theretofore granted without the Participant's consent, and except that no amendment shall be made which, without the approval of the stockholders of the Company would:
- (a) materially increase the number of shares that may be issued under the Plan, except as is provided in Section 8;
- (b) materially increase the benefits accruing to the Participants under the Plan;
- (c) materially modify the requirements as to eligibility for participation in the Plan;
- (d) decrease the exercise price of an Incentive Option or Incentive Warrant to less than 100% of the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant or issuance thereof or the exercise price of a Nonqualified Option or Non-Qualified Warrant to less than 100% of the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant or issuance thereof;
- (e) extend the term of any Option or Warrant beyond that provided for in Section 5A(b) and Section 5B(c), respectively;
- (f) except as otherwise provided in Sections 5A(d), 5B(e) and 8 hereof, reduce the exercise price of outstanding Options or Warrants or effect repricing through cancellations and re-grants of new Options or Warrants;
- (g) increase the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued or issuable under the Plan to an amount that is equal to or in excess of 19.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding before the issuance of the stock or securities; or
- (h) otherwise require stockholder approval pursuant to the rules and regulations of The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC.

Subject to the forgoing, the Committee may amend the terms of any Option or Warrant theretofore granted, prospectively or retrospectively, but no such amendment shall impair the rights of any Optionee or Grantee without the Optionee's or Grantee's consent.

It is the intention of the Board that the Plan comply strictly with the provisions of Section 409A of the Code and Treasury Regulations and other Internal Revenue Service guidance promulgated thereunder (the "Section 409A Rules") and the Committee shall exercise its discretion in granting awards hereunder (and the terms of such awards), accordingly. The Plan and any grant of an award hereunder may be amended from time to time (without, in the case of an award, the consent of the Participant) as may be necessary or appropriate to comply with the Section 409A Rules.

13. Government Regulations. The Plan, and the grant and exercise or conversion, as applicable, of Securities hereunder, and the obligation of the Company to issue and deliver shares under such Securities shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules and regulations, and to such approvals by any governmental agencies, national securities exchanges and interdealer quotation systems as may be required.

14. General Provisions.

- (a) <u>Certificates</u>. All certificates for shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock delivered under the Plan shall be subject to such stop transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or other securities commission having jurisdiction, any applicable Federal or state securities law, any stock exchange or interdealer quotation system upon which the Common Stock is then listed or traded and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be placed on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions.
- (b) Employment Matters. Neither the adoption of the Plan nor any grant or award under the Plan shall confer upon any Participant who is an employee of the Company or any Subsidiary any right to continued employment or, in the case of a Participant who is a director, continued service as a director, with the Company or a Subsidiary, as the case may be, nor shall it interfere in any way with the right of the Company or any Subsidiary to terminate the employment of any of its employees, the service of any of its directors or the retention of any of its consultants or advisors at any time.
- (c) <u>Limitation of Liability</u>. No member of the Committee, or any officer or employee of the Company acting on behalf of the Committee, shall be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation taken or made in good faith with respect to the Plan, and all members of the Committee and each and any officer or employee of the Company acting on their behalf shall, to the extent permitted by law, be fully indemnified and protected by the Company in respect of any such action, determination or interpretation.
- (d) <u>Registration of Stock</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Plan, no Option or Warrant may be exercised unless and until the Common Stock to be issued upon the exercise thereof has been registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws, or are, in the opinion of counsel to the Company, exempt from such registration in the United States. The Company shall not be under any obligation to register under applicable federal or state securities laws any Common Stock to be issued upon the exercise of an Option or Warrant granted or issued hereunder in order to permit the exercise of an Option or Warrant and the issuance and sale of the Common Stock subject to such Option or Warrant, although the Company may in its sole discretion register such Common Stock at such time as the Company shall determine. If the Company chooses to comply with such an exemption from registration, the Common Stock issued under the Plan may, at the direction of the Committee, bear an appropriate restrictive legend restricting the transfer or pledge of the Common Stock represented thereby, and the Committee may also give appropriate stop transfer instructions with respect to such Common Stock to the Company's transfer agent.
- **15. Non-Uniform Determinations**. The Committee's determinations under the Plan, including, without limitation, (i) the determination of the Participants to receive awards, (ii) the form, amount and timing of such awards, (iii) the terms and provisions of such awards and (iv) the agreements evidencing the same, need not be uniform and may be made by it selectively among Participants who receive, or who are eligible to receive, awards under the Plan, whether or not such Participants are similarly situated.
- **16. Governing Law**. The validity, construction, and effect of the Plan and any rules and regulations relating to the Plan shall be determined in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws, and applicable federal law.
- 17. Additional Issuance Restrictions. If the Company has not obtained the approval of its stockholders in accordance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(d), then the Company may not issue any Securities under this Plan that would upon the issuance of any Securities or upon the exercise on conversion of such Securities, as applicable, into shares of the Company's Common Stock, when aggregated with any other shares of Common Stock (i) held by a Participant, (ii) underlying any convertible security held by a Participant, and (iii) issuable upon prior exercise of any convertible security held by a Participant, would exceed 19.99% shares of the Company's Common Stock, subject to adjustment for reverse and forward stock splits, stock dividends, stock combinations and other similar transactions of the Common Stock that occur after the date of the adoption of this Plan (such number of shares, the "Issuable Maximum"). The Participant shall be entitled to a portion of the Issuable Maximum as reasonably determined by the Committee so as not to violate Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(d). In addition, the Participant may allocate its pro-rata portion of the Issuable Maximum among Securities held by it in its sole discretion. Such portion shall be adjusted upward ratably in the event a Participant no longer holds any Securities and the amount of shares issued to such Participant pursuant to its Securities was less than such Participant's pro-rata share of the Issuable Maximum.

10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

 \times

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from [—Date—] to [—Date—]

Commission File Number: 001-40578

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

British Columbia

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

Not Applicable (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

800 – 525 West 8th Avenue Vancouver, BC, Canada (Address of principal executive offices)

V5Z 1C6 (Zip Code)

, , ,

(604) 757-0952

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Shares	AGRI	NASDAQ Capital Market
Series A Warrants, every 50 warrants exercisable	AGRIW	NASDAQ Capital Market
for one share of Common Stock at an exercise		
price of \$300.00 per share of Common Stock.		

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes \square No \boxtimes

Note – Checking the box above will not relieve any registrant required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act from their obligations under those Sections.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ⋈ No ☐ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ⋈ Emerging growth company ⋈ Emerging growth company ⋈ If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐ The text associated with those checkboxes is as follows: If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐ Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ⋈ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ⋈ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ⋈ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ⋈ Indicate by check mark
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reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of June 30, 2023 was approximately \$5,129,428. Shares of the registrant's common stock held by each officer and director and each person known to the registrant to own 10% or more of the outstanding voting power of the registrant have been excluded in that such persons may be deemed affiliates. This determination of affiliate status is not a determination for other purposes. APPLICABLE ONLY TO REGISTRANTS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY
PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes \square No \square
(APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE REGISTRANTS)
As of April 1, 2024, the registrant has 22,573,938 shares of common stock, no par value per share, outstanding.
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE
List hereunder the following documents if incorporated by reference and the Part of the Form 10-K (e.g., Part I, Part II, etc.) into which the document is incorporated: (1) Any annual report to security holders; (2) Any proxy or information statement; and (3) Any prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) or (c) under the Securities Act of 1933.

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Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This report on Form 10-K contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements represent our expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies concerning future events, including, but not limited to, any statements regarding our assumptions about financial performance; the continuation of historical trends; the sufficiency of our cash balances for future liquidity and capital resource needs; the expected impact of changes in accounting policies on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows; anticipated problems and our plans for future operations; and the economy in general or the future of the defense industry, all of which were subject to various risks and uncertainties.

When used in this Report on Form 10- K and other reports, statements, and information we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission" or "SEC"), in our press releases, presentations to securities analysts or investors, in oral statements made by or with the approval of an executive officer, the words or phrases "believes," "may," "will," "expects," "should," "continue," "anticipates," "intends," "will likely result," "estimates," "projects" or similar expressions and variations thereof are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. However, any statements contained in this Report on Form 10-K that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. We caution that these statements by their nature involve risks and uncertainties, certain of which are beyond our control, and actual results may differ materially depending on a variety of important factors.

We do not assume the obligation to update any forward-looking statement. You should carefully evaluate such statements in light of factors described in this annual report. In this Form 10-K, AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. ("AgriFORCETM" or the "Company") has identified important factors that could cause actual results to differ from expected or historic results. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. Consequently, you should not consider any such list to be a complete list of all potential risks or uncertainties.

Item 1. Business

Overview

AgriFORCETM was incorporated as a private company by Articles of Incorporation issued pursuant to the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on December 22, 2017. The Company's registered and records office address is at 800 – 525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC, Canada, V5Z 1C6.

Our Business

AgriFORCE™ is an "Ag-Tech" company with a primary focus to developing and utilizing our intellectual property assets for improvements dedicated to the agricultural industry. We believe that this goal is best achieved by using our proprietary IP for solutions in the agricultural industry as well as seeking development of new IP to both enhance the technology which we already retain in house as well as development of new technologies which can increase our footprint in the Ag-Tech space with expansion into other areas which have ESG ramifications.

Our AgriFORCETM Brands division is focused on the development and commercialization of plant-based ingredients and products that deliver more nutritious food. We will market and commercialize ingredient supplies, like our Awakened FlourTM and Awakened Grains TM.

The AgriFORCETM Solutions division is dedicated to transforming modern agriculture through our controlled environment agriculture ("CEA") equipment, including our FORCEGH+TM" solution. We are continuing to modify our business plan to accommodate artificial intelligence and blockchain in the development and implementation of FinTech systems to commercial farmers, and advancing on the commercialization of our Hydroxyl clean room systems to greatly reduce the spread of pathogens, mold and disease at processing facilities worldwide.

AgriFORCETM Brands

UN(THINK)TM Foods

The Company purchased Intellectual Property ("IP") from Manna Nutritional Group, LLC ("Manna"), a privately held firm based in Boise, Idaho on September 10, 2021. The IP encompasses a granted patent to naturally process and convert grain, pulses and root vegetables, resulting in low-starch, low-sugar, high-protein, fiber-rich baking flour as well as produces a natural sweetener juice. The core process is covered under Patent Nr. 11,540,538 in the U.S. and key international markets. The all-natural process is designed to unlock nutritional properties, flavors, and other qualities in a range of modern, ancient and heritage grains, pulses and root vegetables to create specialized all-natural baking and all-purpose flours, sweeteners, juices, naturally sweet cereals and other valuation products, providing numerous opportunities for dietary nutritional, performance and culinary applications.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company has achieved milestones towards the commercialization of our UN(THINK) Awakened Flour™ flour, the Company's first line of products to utilize the IP. Management has defined and tested its quality controls and safety protocols for production, and produced several multi-ton batches of germinated grains, refining and scaling production processes with our partners in Canada. We are also in the process of qualifying partners in the US to establish additional production hubs – at no additional CAPEX - which will support growth and reduce logistics costs for customers in the region. Additionally, we have established our supply chain logistics with a contracted shipping company and two warehouses in Canada and the US. Our commercial team made progress in defining pricing and is starting to approach US and Canadian Bakeries and Baked Goods Companies who are now testing our new flours for integration into their manufacturing operations and innovation pipeline. Online sales logistics and advertising materials were developed during the period to support the establishment of the direct-to-consumer sales channel which will be started once the Business to Business channel sales will ramp up. Lastly, the Company has developed an extensive number of recipes for the application of Awakened Flour™ product line for both customers and consumers.

The Company is developing several finished product prototypes including a line of pancake mixes, which are ready for consumer testing.

Wheat and Flour Market

Modern diet is believed to be a contributor to health risks such as heart disease, cancer, diabetes and obesity, due in part to the consumption of highly processed foods that are low in natural fiber, protein and nutrition; and extremely high in simple starch,

sugar and calories. These "empty carbs" produce glycemic swings that may cause overeating by triggering cravings for food high in sugar, salt and starch. As an example, conventional baking flour is low in natural fiber ($\sim 2-3\%$), low-to-average in protein ($\sim 9\%$), and very high in starch ($\sim 75\%$)⁽⁴⁾. Apart from dietary fiber, whole flour is only marginally better in terms of these macronutrients (5)

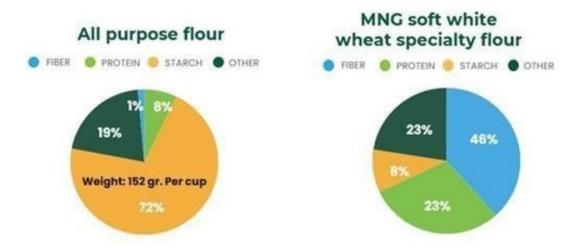
- (4) Based on protein, fiber, and starch content results from a nationally certified independent laboratory, as compared to standard all-purpose flour.
- (5) https://www.soupersage.com/compare-nutrition/flour-vs-whole-wheat-flour

In contrast, foods high in fiber help to satiate hunger, suppress cravings and raise metabolism⁽⁶⁾. They also assist in weight loss, lower cholesterol, and may reduce the risk of cancer, heart disease and diabetes⁽⁷⁾.

Advantages of the UN(THINK)TM Foods IP

Our Controlled Enzymatic Reaction & Endothermic Saccharification with Managed Natural Germination ("CERES-MNG") patented process allows for the development and manufacturing of all-natural flours that are significantly higher in fibers, nutrients and proteins and significantly lower in carbohydrates and calories than standard baking flour.

CERES-MNG baking flour produced from soft white wheat has 40 times more fiber, three (3) times more protein and 75% less net carbohydrates than regular all- purpose flour⁽⁸⁾.



Source: Independent analysis by Eurofins Food Chemistry Testing Madison, Inc, February 2022

The CERES-MNG patent will help develop new flours and products from modern, ancient and heritage grains, seeds, legumes and tubers/root vegetables.

- (6) https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/articles/14400-improving-your-health-with-fiber
- (7) https://www.health.harvard.edu/blog/fiber-full-eating-for-better-health-and-lower-cholesterol-2019062416819
- (8) Based on protein, fiber, and starch content results from a nationally certified independent laboratory, as compared to standard all-purpose flour.

Products that AgriFORCETM intends to develop for commercialization from the CERES-MNG patented process under the UN(THINK)TM foods brand:

- High protein, high fiber, low carb modern, heritage and ancient grain flours (for use in breads, baked goods, doughs, pastry, snacks, and pasta)
- Protein flours and protein additives
- High protein, high fiber, low carb cereals and snacks
- High protein, high fiber, low carb oat based dairy alternatives
- Better tasting, cleaner label, high protein, high fiber, low carb nutrition bars
- High protein, high fiber, low carb nutrition juices
- Sweeteners liquid and granulated
- High protein, high fiber, low carb pet foods and snacks

We intend to commercialize these products behind three (2) main sales channels:

- Branded ingredients (B2B)
- Consumer branded products (B2B and B2C)

Successful commercialization of premium specialized products from the UN(THINK)TM foods IP and the capture of a small percentage share of the category is a notable business opportunity for AgriFORCETM.

	reads & Bakery (2)	V	Whole Wheat ours (1)	 Pulse Flours (3)	Alt	Dairy ternatives	Cereal ars (4)	 Fotal
Global market size of target	 							
categories	\$ 235B	\$	72B	\$ 19B	\$	23B	\$ 23B	
Potential market share	0.1%		0.2%	1%		0.01%	0.01%	
AgriFORCE™ potential net								
revenues	\$ 200M	\$	140M	\$ 190M	\$	20M	\$ 20M	\$ 560M

Sources: Future Market Insights Reports, June 2022 (2), October 2022 (1), January 2023 (3) and October 2022 (4), .

To produce the UN(THINK)TM power wheat flour, we are using our patented process to develop a new germinated whole grain wheat flour, which we have qualified and made available for sale through November 2023 in Canada and the USA, under the UN(THINK)TM Awakened FlourTM brand. This new Awakened GrainsTM flour – available in 3 types: hard white wheat and hard red wheat for breads and soft white wheat for bakery and pastries – will provide enhanced nutrition with over five times more fiber, up to two times more protein and 23% less net carbs versus conventional all-purpose flour (source: Eurofins Food Chemistry Madison, Inc, December 2022).

GROWTH PLAN

AgriFORCETM's organic growth plan is to actively establish and deploy the commercialization of products in four distinct phases:

PHASE 1 (COMPLETED):

- Product and process testing and validation. (completed)
- Filing of US and international patents. (completed)
- Creation of the UN(THINK)TM foods brand. (*completed*)
- Qualification and operational and commercial set up of the Awakened GrainsTM line of products. (*completed*)

PHASE 2:

- Launch of the UN(THINK)TM Awakened FlourTM lightly germinated flour range of products in business to business ("B2B") channel. (*completed*)
- Develop range of finished products behind the wheat grain flours, qualify patented process for pulse/legume, and ricebased protein flours
- Drive business as ingredients for bakery, snack and plant-based protein products manufacturers.
- Develop relationships with universities, nonprofit organizations and civic organizations focused on health in underserved communities to research impact of patented flour on nutrition.

PHASE 3:

- Develop range of finished products behind the wheat grain flours, qualify patented process for pulse/legume, and rice-based protein flours.
- Drive business as ingredients for bakery, snack and plant-based protein products manufacturers.
- Develop manufacturing base through partnerships and licensing.

PHASE 4:

- Expand product range in US/Canada.
- Expand business to other geographies internationally.

AgriFORCE Solutions

Understanding Our Approach –Bringing Cutting Edge Technology to Enhance and Modernize Agriculture

Traditional farming includes three fundamental approaches: outdoor, greenhouse and indoor. We are taking modern technologies such as artificial intelligence ("AI") and blockchain—based advances to bring what is traditionally a low technology industry into the 21st century. This approach means that we are able to reach into areas not readily available to agricultural businesses in the past, such as advanced Fintech to enhance financing capabilities for these businesses and more readily provide advanced intelligence for farmers. These technologies can also be applied to worldwide sourcing and matching food producers to consumers in an efficient manner.

Our intellectual property combines a patented uniquely engineered facility design and automated growing system to solve excessive water loss and high energy consumption, two problems plaguing nearly all controlled environment agriculture systems. FORCEGH+ delivers a patented clean, sealed, self-contained micro-environment that maximizes natural sunlight and offers supplemental LED lighting. It limits human intervention and is designed to provide superior quality control through AI optical technology. It was also created to drastically reduce environmental impact, substantially decrease utility demands, conserving water, while delivering customers daily harvests and higher crop yields.

The Ag-Tech sector is severely underserved by the capital markets, and we see an opportunity to acquire global companies who have provided solutions to the industry and are leading innovation moving forward. The robustness of our engagement with potential targets has confirmed our belief and desire to be part of a larger integrated Ag-Tech solutions provider, where each separate element of the business has its existing legacy business and can leverage across areas of expertise to expand their business footprint.

The Company intends to continue development and license its technology to existing farmers in the plant based pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, and high value crop markets using its unique patented facility design and hydroponics based automated growing system that enable farmers to effectively grow crops in a sealed controlled environment ("FORCEGH+TM"). The Company has designed FORCEGH+TM facilities to produce crops in virtually any environmental condition and to optimize crop yields to as near their full genetic potential possible while substantially eliminating the need for the use of pesticides, fungicides and/or irradiation. The Company continues to develop its solution for fruits and vegetables focusing on the integration of its current structure with a new form of vertical grow technology.

BUSINESS PLAN

The Company will launch a full line up of Hydroxyl Devices and start commercializing the Hydroxyl Devises into the US market of CEA and Food Manufacturing. The Company will identify and establish exclusive distribution agreement for the EMEA region as well Expand Distribution Network into Latin America and Asia. The Company will also advance on the commercialization of our Hydroxyl clean room systems to greatly reduce the spread of pathogens, mold and disease at processing facilities worldwide.

The Company is exploring opportunities to utilize its patented FORCEGH+TM structure and its related technologies in joint ventures and licensing. The Company is also studying the utilization of FORCEGH+ technologies in arctic, tropical and desert environments. The Company intends to continue development of and license of its technology to existing farmers in the plant based pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, and high value crop markets using its unique patented facility design and hydroponics based automated growing system that enable farmers to effectively grow crops in a sealed controlled environment ("FORCEGH+TM").

The Company also looks to expand its efforts into development of blockchain solutions and the implementation of these solutions into FinTech systems to allow quicker and less costly transactions between commercial farmers.

The Company is exploring opportunities to utilize its patented FORCEGH+TM structure and its related technologies in joint ventures and licensing. The Company is also studying the utilization of FORCEGH+ technologies in arctic, tropical and desert environments and artificial intelligence and blockchain in the development and implementation of FinTech systems to commercial farmers, and advancing on the commercialization of our Hydroxyl clean room systems to greatly reduce the spread of pathogens, mold and disease at processing facilities worldwide.

The AgriFORCE Clean Solutions

The Company's Solutions division is charged with the commercialization of our FORCEGH+ technology and our RCS clean room systems. The Company has also begun to advance its initiative to integrate blockchain in the development and implementation of FinTech systems for commercial farmers.

We have a worldwide license to commercialize the proprietary hydroxyl generating devices of Radical Clean Solutions, Inc. ("RCS") for the CEA and food manufacturing industries. The RCS technology is a product line consisting of patent-pending "smart hydroxyl generation systems" focused on numerous industry verticals that is proven to eliminate 99.99+% of all major pathogens, virus, mold, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and allergy triggers⁽⁸⁾.

On October 1, 2023, the Company signed a definitive agreement to purchase a 14% ownership stake in RCS.

The Company generated its first revenue from the sale of RCS devices in late 2023. During 2023, the Company signed an exclusive distribution agreement with a leading distributor of air conditioning and heating solutions in Mexico for the representation and sale of the AgriFORCE/RCS hydroxyl generating devices for greenhouses and food manufacturing facilities for the territory of Mexico. The first products were delivered in October 2023 pursuant to purchase orders for the products.

The Company will continue to expand sales into Mexico through its distributor, Commercializadora DESICO. Based on its sale into the poultry industry in Mexico, the Company is expanding its distribution of its Clean System solutions into other Latin American markets and the United States.

(8) BCI Labs, Gainesville Florida, February 2022; and various institutional studies.

BUSINESS PLAN

2024

- Continue introduction into the Mexico market with our exclusive distributor
- Identify and set up exclusive distribution agreements for the EMEA region
- Start commercializing the Hydroxyl Devices into the US market of CEA and Food Manufacturing
- Launch full line up of Hydroxyl Devices: in-Duct HVAC unit, Portable Industrial QuadPro Unit, Small Rooms Wall-Mount unit

2025

• Expand Distribution Network into Latin America and Asia.

Merger and Acquisition ("M&A")

The Company plans to evaluate accretive M&A opportunities of an appropriate scale as it progresses with its ongoing business plans surrounding its already owned IP and improvements thereto. Any M&A propositions must be of a size and scale which works to complement the Company's ongoing business in terms of allocation of resources.

The Company intends to focus any M& A activity to targets which are focused in the Ag-Tech space with emphasis on businesses which can also increase our ESG footprint. This refocused M&A strategy will ensure that proper personnel and economic resources are allocated to the Company's ongoing businesses, while refocusing efforts on synergistic opportunities which work to enhance the Company's existing assets.

As a result of this refocus of the M&A strategy, the following formerly considered acquisition opportunities are no longer being considered by the Company:

Delphy Groep BV Acquisition

- On February 10, 2022, the Company signed a definitive share purchase agreement (the "Delphy Agreement") to acquire Delphy, a Netherlands-based Ag-Tech consultancy firm, for €23.5 million through a combination of cash and stock.
- On May 25, 2023, the parties mutually terminated the share purchase agreement after extensive due diligence, an evaluation of the historical and projected financial information, potential for impairment risk as well as current market conditions.

Deroose Plants NV Binding Letter of Intent

- On February 23, 2022, the Company signed a binding letter of intent (the "Deroose LOI") with Deroose Plants NV ("Deroose").
- The Deroose LOI was subject to completion of standard due diligence and entry into a definitive purchase agreement.
- The Company is no longer pursuing this acquisition opportunity.

Stronghold Land Acquisition

- On August 30, 2022, the Company entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement ("PSA") with Stronghold Power Systems, Inc. ("Stronghold") to purchase approximately 34 acres of land in Coachella California.
- As at March 31, 2023 the prefunded warrants issued were rescinded and the warrants were rendered null and void as the Company presented termination notice to Stronghold.
- On October 12, 2023, the Company was served a complaint filed in the Superior Court of California from Stronghold for breach of contract in relation to the PSA. The Company denies any liability, other than what is already recorded in the financial statements and will vigorously defend the claims made against the Company.

Berry People LLC Binding Letter of Intent

- On January 24, the Company announced it has entered a binding letter of intent ("BP LOI") to acquire Berry People LLC, ("Berry People").
- The Company is no longer pursuing this acquisition opportunity.

Corporate Structure

The Company currently has the following wholly-owned subsidiaries, which perform the following functions – AgriFORCE Investments holds the Company's U.S. investments, West Pender Holdings retains real estate assets, West Pender Management is a management company, AGI IP holds the Company's intellectual property in the U.S., un(Think) Food Company will manufacture food products in the U.S. and un(Think) Food Company Canada Ltd. manufactures food products in Canada:

Name of Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Incorporation	Date of Incorporation
AgriFORCE Investments Inc. (US)	Delaware	April 9, 2019
West Pender Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	September 1, 2018
AGI IP Co.	Nevada	March 5, 2020
West Pender Consulting Company*	Nevada	July 9, 2019
un(Think) Food Company	Nevada	June 20, 2022
un(Think) Food Company Canada Ltd.**	British Columbia	December 4, 2019
AgriFORCE Europe BV***	Belgium	March 29, 2023
AgriFORCE Belgium BV***	Belgium	March 29, 2023
GrowForce BV***	Belgium	June 19, 2023
AgriFORCE (Barbados) Ltd.***	Barbados	October 14, 2022

- * West Pender Consulting Company changed its name from West Pender Management Co. on August 1, 2022.
- ** un(Think) Food Company Canada Ltd. changed its name from Daybreak AG Systems Ltd. on August 19, 2022.
- *** Entities have no activity and are in the process of being dissolved.

Summary Three Year History

From the date of Incorporation (December 22, 2017) to the date of this filing, the Company has largely been engaged in completion of its initial corporate organization, assembling its management team, completing the design and engineering of its IP and filing the appropriate intellectual property protection and taking the initial steps to implement its business plan through the commencement of initial operations. Significant milestones during the three-year period ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

- On February 18, 2022, the Company signed a license agreement with Radical Clean Solutions Ltd ("Radical"), a New York corporation that has developed a patent pending product line consisting of smart hydroxyl generation systems to eliminate 99.99+% of all pathogens, virus, mold, volatile organic compounds and allergy triggers, to commercialize the proprietary hydroxyl generating devices within the CEA and food manufacturing industries. The license grants the rights to AgriFORCETM in perpetuity as well as joint patent ownership rights for application in CEA.
- On May 18, 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of the food processing intellectual property of Manna Nutritional Group (Manna).
- On January 3, 2023, the Manna patent, which encompasses a process to naturally convert grain, pulses and root vegetables, resulting in low-starch, low-sugar, high-protein, fiber-rich baking flour as well as produces a natural sweetener juice, was approved by the US Patents Office and the title was transferred to the Company.
- On October 18, 2023, the Company delivered its first shipment of hydroxyl generating devices.

Financing

On June 30, 2022, the Company entered into security purchase agreements with certain accredited investors (the "Debenture Investors") for the purchase of \$14,025,000 in convertible debentures (the "First Tranche Debentures") due December 31, 2024. The Debentures were convertible into common shares at \$111.00 per share. The Convertible Debt Investors had the right to purchase additional tranches of \$5,000,000 each, up to a total additional principal amount of \$33,000,000. In addition, the Debenture Investors received 82,129 warrants at a strike price of \$122.10, which expire on December 31, 2025 (the "First Tranche Debenture Warrants"). The Debenture Warrants and Debentures each have down round provisions whereby the conversion and strike prices will be adjusted downward if the Company issues equity instruments at lower prices.

On January 17, 2023, the Debenture Investors purchased additional tranches totaling \$5,076,923 (the "Second Tranche Debentures") and received 53,226 warrants (the "Second Tranche Debenture Warrants"). The Second Tranche Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$62.00 and expire on July 17, 2025. The issuance of the additional tranches triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First Tranche Debentures and the First Tranche Debenture Warrants to \$62.00.

On June 20, 2023 the Company issued 20,000 common shares with 20,000 warrants via a private placement for consideration of \$250,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued 124,652 common shares for cash under the ATM agreement for net proceeds of \$939,695. The issuance triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First and Second Tranche Debentures as well as the First and Second Tranche Debenture Warrants to \$5.50.

On October 18, 2023, a Debenture Investor purchased an additional tranche totaling \$2,750,000 in convertible debentures (the "Third Tranche Debentures") and received 620,230 warrants (the "Third Tranche Debenture Warrants"). The Third Tranche Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$2.62 and expire on April 18, 2027. The issuance of the additional tranche further triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First and Second Tranche Debentures as well as the First and Second Tranche Debenture Warrants to \$2.62.

On November 30, 2023, a Debenture Investor purchased an additional tranche totaling \$2,750,000 in convertible debentures (the "Fourth Tranche Debentures") and received 1,986,112 warrants (the "Fourth Tranche Debenture Warrants"). The Fourth Tranche Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.90 and expire on May 30, 2027. The issuance of the additional tranche further triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second and Third Tranche Debentures as well as the First, Second and Third Tranche Debenture Warrants to \$0.90.

On February 21, 2024, a Convertible Debt Investor purchased an additional tranche of \$1,100,000 in convertible debentures (the "Fifth Tranche Debentures") and received 3,341,122 warrants (the "Fifth Tranche Debenture Warrants"). The Fifth Tranche Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.214 and expire on August 21, 2027. The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second, Third, and Fourth tranche of Debentures and the First, Second, Third, Fourth tranche of Debenture Warrants to \$0.214.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Tranche Debentures (the "Debentures") have an interest rate of 5% for the first 12 months, 6% for the subsequent 12 months, and 8% per annum thereafter. Principal repayments will be made in 25 equal installments which began on September 1, 2022 for the First Tranche Debentures, July 1, 2023 for the Second Tranche Debentures, January 1, 2024 for the Third Tranche Debentures, May 1, 2024 for the Fourth Tranche Debentures and August 1, 2024 for the Fifth tranche Debentures. The Debentures may be extended by nine months at the election of the Company by paying a sum equal to nine months interest on the principal amount outstanding at the end of the 18th month, at the rate of 8% per annum.

All financings per the above were issued in private placement transactions exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Intellectual Property

In accordance with industry practice, the Company protects its proprietary products, technology and its competitive advantage through a combination of contractual provisions and trade secret, copyright and trademark laws in Canada, the United States and in other jurisdictions in which it conducts its business. The Company also has confidentiality agreements, assignment agreements and license agreements with employees and third parties, which limit access to and use of its intellectual property.

Patents

Patent Application #	Application Date	Expiry Date	Title	Case Status	Country
2001/2096	26-	26-	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Pending	Barbados
3151492	Aug-2020 26- Aug-2020	Aug-2040 26- Aug-2040	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Pending	Canada
202080073940.7	26- Aug-2020	8	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Pending	China
20858811.1	26- Aug-2020	26- Aug-2040	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Pending	European Patent Office
TT/A/2022/00024	26- Aug-2020	Ü	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Abandoned (p)	Trinidad & Tobago
11528859	26- Aug-2020	26- Aug-2040	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Registered	United States
17/983109	08- Nov-2022	Ü	AUTOMATED GROWING SYSTEMS	Application allowed	United States
PCT/ CA2023/051251	21-Sep-2023		PROCESS AND SYSTEM FOR GROWING PLANTS USING CLONE TO FLOWER MODEL	Pending	Patent Cooperation Treaty
2018215090	31-Jan-2018	31-Jan-2038	HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR AND POWER JUICE AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Application allowed	Australia
3051860	31-Jan-2018	31-Jan-2038	HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR AND POWER JUICE AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Pending	Canada
18747157.8	31-Jan-2018		HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR AND POWER JUICE AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Pending	European Patent Office
201917032603	31-Jan-2018		HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR AND POWER JUICE AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Pending	India
755792	31-Jan-2018	31-Jan-2038	HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR AND POWER JUICE AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Pending	New Zealand
11540538	31-Jan-2018	31-Jan-2038	HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR, SWEETENED LIQUID, SWEETENERS, CEREALS, AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Registered	United States
17/963690	11-Oct-2022		HIGH FIBER, HIGH PROTEIN, LOW CARBOHYDRATE FLOUR, SWEETENED LIQUID, SWEETENERS, CEREALS, AND METHODS FOR PRODUCTION THEREOF	Application filed	United States
2001/2057	06-	06-	STRUCTURES FOR GROWING	Pending	Barbados
3132672	Mar-2020 06- Mar-2020	Mar-2040 06- Mar-2040	PLANTS STRUCTURES FOR GROWING PLANTS	Granted	Canada
CN202080033944.2	06- Mar-2020	IVIAI-2U4U	STRUCTURES FOR GROWING PLANTS	Pending	China
20765629.9	06- Mar-2020	06- Mar-2040	STRUCTURES FOR GROWING PLANTS	Pending	European Patent Office

TT/A/2021/00093	06-		STRUCTURES FOR GROWING	Abandoned	Trinidad &
	Mar-2020		PLANTS	(p)	Tobago
11582918	06-	06-	STRUCTURES FOR GROWING	Registered	United States
	Mar-2020	Mar-2040	PLANTS		
18/096417	12-Jan-2023		STRUCTURES FOR GROWING	Application	United States
			PLANTS	allowed	
			12		

Trademarks

Application #	Application Date	Expiry Date	Title	Case Status	Country
1997835	26- Nov-2019	<u> </u>	AGRIFORCE	In examination	Canada
018243244	22- May-2020		AGRIFORCE	Registered	European Union Intellectual Property Office
UK00918243244	22- May-2020		AGRIFORCE	Registered	United Kingdom
88/930218	22- May-2020		AGRIFORCE	Suspended	United States
2044675	07- Aug-2020		FORCEFILM	TM Application filed	Canada
018389838	04-Feb-2021		FORCEFILM	Registered	European Union Intellectual Property Office
90/124842	19- Aug-2020		FORCEFILM	Suspended	United States
2127781	18- Aug-2021		UN(THINK)	TM Application filed	Canada
018572674	06-Oct-2021		UN(THINK)	Application filed	European Union Intellectual Property Office
1669126	18-Feb-2022		UN(THINK)	Pending	Madrid Protocol (TM)
90/897689	23- Aug-2021		UN(THINK)	Suspended	United States
2196090	06-Jul-2022		C2F	TM Application filed	Canada
97/495313	08-Jul-2022		C2F	Suspended	United States
2198964	20-Jul-2022		AWAKENED GRAINS	TM Application filed	Canada
97/527128	29-Jul-2022		AWAKENED GRAINS	Suspended	United States
2207782	02-Sep-2022		FORCEGH+	Approved	Canada
97/605026	23-Sep-2022		FORCEGH+	Suspended	United States
2243222	02- Mar-2023		AWAKENED FLOUR	TM Application filed	Canada
1752858	01-Sep-2023		AWAKENED FLOUR	Registered	Madrid Protocol (TM)
97/824500	06- Mar-2023		AWAKENED FLOUR	Suspended	United States
TMA1175334	24-Jan-2019		PLANET LOVE	Registered	Canada
UK00801504091	24-Jul-2019		PLANET LOVE	Registered	United Kingdom
1504091	24-Jul-2019		PLANET LOVE	Registered	Madrid Protocol (TM)
6197554	24-Jul-2019		PLANET LOVE	Registered	United States
UK00801494234	30- Aug-2019		CANIVATE	Registered	United Kingdom

1494234	30- Aug-2019	CANIVATE	Registered	Madrid Protocol (TM)
6191972	30- Aug-2019	CANIVATE	Registered	United States
UK00801494231	30- Aug-2019	THE CANIVATE WAY	Registered	United Kingdom
1494231	30- Aug-2019	THE CANIVATE WAY	Registered	Madrid Protocol (TM)
6182017	30- Aug-2019	THE CANIVATE WAY	Registered	United States

Competitor Comparison and Differentiation

Solutions

The Company believes that it has no direct competitors who provide a proprietary facility design and automated grow system as well as a system of operational processes designed to optimize the performance of the Company's grow houses. On a broader basis, the competitive landscape includes greenhouse vendors, agriculture systems providers, automated grow system vendors, and system/solutions consultants.

The Company believes it has developed one of the world's most technologically advanced indoor agriculture systems by focusing on competitive differentiators to deliver vastly improved results beyond conventional indoor approaches. By conceiving new IP, as well as utilizing tried trued tested existing Ag-Tech and Bio-Tech solutions, the Company delivers integrated unique architectural design, intelligent automation and advanced growing processes to create precisely controlled growing environments optimized for each nominated crop variety. These precision ecosystems should enable the Company to cost-effectively produce the cleanest, greenest and most flavorful produce, as well as consistent medical-grade plant-based nutraceuticals and pharmaceuticals, available.

The Company believes that is has the rights to one of the world's most effective and safe purification solutions via its license and ownership in Radical Clean Solutions. The Company understands that it has competition, however, the quality of the construction and design of the Radical Clean Solutions has proven to highly effective for the Company's customers.

Brands

Our patented technology naturally processes and converts grains, pulses, and root vegetables into low-starch, low-sugar, high-protein fiber-rich baking flour products. The Company is developing a range of consumer products to transform the consumers' diet in multiple verticals.

The Company's UN(THINK)™ power flour has 40 times more fiber, 3 times more protein, and 75% less net carbs than regular all-purpose flour⁸.

(8) Based on protein, fiber, and starch content figures from a nationally certified independent laboratory, as compared to standard all-purpose flour.

Recent Developments

Management Restructuring

On July 18, 2023, the Company announced a restructuring of management. Ingo Mueller departed from his position as CEO and Chair of the Board. Richard Wong was concurrently appointed as interim CEO, and David Welch and John Meekison each assumed the role of Co-Chair of the Board. Ingo Mueller served as a director of the Company until the shareholder meeting dated September 27, 2023 at which time he was not re-elected and ceased to serve as a director. On November 10, 2023, David Welch was appointed Board Chair. The Company is currently evaluating options regarding the appointment of a fulltime CEO.

On January 25, 2024, Troy McClellan, President of AgriFORCE Solutions, submitted a letter of resignation to the Company. On January 25, 2024, the Company accepted his resignation and deemed it effective immediately pursuant to Section 7.3 of his employment agreement with the Company which permits waiver by the Company of Mr. McClellan's notice period (through March 31, 2024) and corresponding acceleration of the resignation date.

On February 10, 2024, Richard Wong resumed his original role as Chief Financial Officer in order to focus on finance and accounting matters for the Company. Effective as of the same day, Jolie Kahn was appointed Executive Turnaround Consultant to support the Company's operational growth and expansion efforts. Jolie Kahn shall report to David Welch, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, who shall act as Executive Chairman until such time as a permanent Chief Executive Officer is appointed.

On February 19, 2024, Margaret Honey resigned as a Director of (the "Company") to pursue other interests. The resignation is not the result of any disagreement with the Company.

Employees

As of April 1, 2024, the Company has seven (7) employees and three (3) consultants /contractors. The Company also relies on consultants and contractors to conduct its operations. The Company anticipates that it will be hiring additional employees to support its planned activities.

Operations

The Company primary operating activities are in Idaho, USA and Saskatoon, Canada. The Company's head office is located in Vancouver, Canada.

Status as an Emerging Growth Company

On April 5, 2012, the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act, was enacted. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have irrevocably elected to avail ourselves of this extended transition period and, as a result, we will adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for private companies.

We are in the process of evaluating the benefits of relying on other exemptions and reduced reporting requirements provided by the JOBS Act. Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, as an "emerging growth company," we intend to rely on certain of these exemptions from, without limitation, (i) providing an auditor's attestation report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and (ii) complying with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements, known as the auditor discussion and analysis. We will remain an "emerging growth company" until the earliest of (a) the last day of our fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the closing of this offering, (b) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1.07 billion, (c) the last day of our fiscal year in which we are deemed to be a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or Exchange Act (which would occur if the market value of our equity securities that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter), or (d) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in nonconvertible debt during the preceding three-year period.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Risks Relating to the Company's Business

The Company is an early stage company with little operating history, a history of losses and the Company cannot assure profitability.

The Company currently has little revenues and does not have any significant history of revenue generating operations. The Company has been involved in the design and development of its CEA FORCEGH+TM facility, acquisition, the sales and development of Hydroxyl generating devices and advancement of the UN(THINK)TM foods IP, product base, and transacting with potential revenue generating acquirees. While the Company has invested considerably in these business plans, no FORCEGH+TM facility has been constructed to date, the Company has not generated revenue from UN(THINK)TM, nor has the Company completed any acquisition of revenue generating companies. The commercial or operating viability of the Company's business plans have not been proven. There is no assurance that the revenue generated from its operations, and if those revenues, when and if generated, will be sufficient to sustain operations, nonetheless achieve profitability.

There is no assurance that the Company's FORCEGH+TM facilities will operate as intended.

The Company's initial state of its business operations will be to construct and deploy and license its initial FORCEGH+. Accordingly, this component of the Company's business plan is subject to considerable risks, including:

- the costs of constructing and operating the laboratories may be greater than anticipated;
- the potential offtake partners who have indicated a willingness to deploy the laboratories at their existing cultivation operations may withdraw and determine not to deploy the laboratories;
- there is no assurance that the facilities will deliver the intended benefits of high production yields, lower crop losses and reduced operation costs;
- if the company is not able to fully develop the grow house or it does not operate as intended, it could prevent the company from realizing any of its business goals or achieving profitability;
- the costs of constructing the grow houses may be greater than anticipated and the Company may not be able to recover these greater costs through increases in the lease rates, license fees and services fees that it charges to its customers; and
- the costs of operating the grow house may be greater than anticipated.

There is no assurance that UN(THINK)TM will operate as intended.

The Company's plans for developing and advancing the UN(THINK)TM are in its preliminary stages. The Company has yet to fully launch their range of products in either the B2B or D2C channels. Accordingly, this component of the Company's business plan is subject to considerable risks, including:

- the potential B2B sales may not achieved the planned levels of sales;
- there is no assurance that the Company's production partners will deliver the planned production levels or scale;
- the quality of product from the co-manufacturing may not be sufficient.
- the cost from co-manufacturing may be greater than anticipated.
- the demand for the products may not be as high as predicted.
- the pricing of the products may deter potential buyers and may not cover the cost of production.
- the brand may not attract sufficient volume.

There is no assurance that Hydroxyl Generating Systems will operate as intended.

The Company's plans for developing and expanding sales of the AgriFORCE Clean Solutions are in its preliminary stages. The Company has yet to generate remarkable sales of its Hydroxyl products. Accordingly, this component of the Company's business plan is subject to considerable risks, including:

- the quality of product from the co-manufacturing may not be sufficient.
- the cost from co-manufacturing may be greater than anticipated.
- the demand for the products may not be as high as predicted.
- the pricing of the products may deter potential buyers and may not cover the cost of production.
- the brand may not attract sufficient volume.
- the quality of product from the co-manufacturing may not be sufficient.

We may not realize the anticipated benefits of, and synergies from, acquisitions and may become responsible for certain

liabilities and integration costs as a result.

The businesses we have proposed to acquire have previously operated independently from us. The proposed integrations of our operations with the proposed businesses acquisitions are intended to result in financial and operational benefits, and business synergies. There can be no assurance, however, regarding when or the extent to which we will be able to realize these and other benefits. Integration may also be difficult, unpredictable, and subject to delay because of possible company culture conflicts, system integrations, regulatory compliance, and other factors. Difficulties associated with the integration of the proposed business acquisitions could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Fluctuations in the exchange rate of foreign currencies could result in losses.

We incur a portion of our operating expenses in Canadian dollars, and in the future, as we expand into other foreign countries, we expect to incur operating expenses in other foreign currencies. We are exposed to foreign exchange rate fluctuations as the financial results of our international operations are translated from the local functional currency into U.S. dollars upon consolidation. A decline in the U.S. dollar relative to foreign functional currencies would increase our non-U.S. revenue and improve our operating results. Conversely, if the U.S. dollar strengthens relative to foreign functional currencies, our revenue and operating results would be adversely affected. We have not previously engaged in foreign currency hedging. If we decide to hedge our foreign currency exchange rate exposure, we may not be able to hedge effectively due to lack of experience, unreasonable costs or illiquid markets.

The Company will require additional financing and there is no assurance that additional financing will be available when required.

The Company will require substantial additional capital in order to execute its business plan. Existing funds will not be sufficient and additional financing will be needed for this purpose and for other purposes. The Company plans to achieve this additional financing through equity and/or debt financing which will likely be dilutive to the position of then current shareholders. However, there is no assurance that this financing will be available at favorable terms, if at all, when required, given the Company's small asset base and current lack of revenue.

The Company had negative cash flow for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Company had negative cash flows from operating activities for year ended December 31, 2023. To the extent that the Company has negative cash flows from operating activities in future periods, it may need to allocate a portion of its cash reserves to fund such negative cash flow. The Company may also be required to raise additional funds through the issuance of equity or debt securities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to generate a positive cash flow from operating activities, that additional capital or other types of financing will be available when needed or that these financings will be on terms favorable to the Company. The Company's actual financial position and results of operations may differ materially from the expectations of the Company's management.

The Company's actual financial position and results of operations may differ materially from the expectations of the Company's management.

The Company's actual financial position and results of operations may differ materially from management's expectations. The process for estimating the Company's revenue, net income and cash flow requires the use of judgment in determining the appropriate assumptions and estimates. These estimates and assumptions may be revised as additional information becomes available and as additional analyses are performed. In addition, the assumptions used in planning may not prove to be accurate, and other factors may affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations. As a result, the Company's revenue, net income and cash flow may differ materially from the Company's projected revenue, net income and cash flow.

The Company expects to incur significant ongoing costs and obligations related to its investment in infrastructure, growth, regulatory compliance and operations.

The Company expects to incur significant ongoing costs and obligations related to its planned investments. To the extent that these costs may be greater than anticipated or the Company may not be able to generate revenues or raise additional financing to cover these costs, these operating expenses could have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. In addition, future changes in regulations, more vigorous enforcement thereof or other unanticipated events could increase costs and have a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations and financial condition of the Company. The Company may not be able to recover sufficient revenues to offset its higher operating expenses or to recoup its initial capital investment. The Company may incur significant losses in the future for a number of reasons, including, unforeseen expenses, difficulties, complications and delays, and other unknown events. If the Company is unable to achieve and sustain profitability, the market price of our securities may significantly decrease.

There is no assurance the Company will be able to repatriate or distribute funds for investment from the United States to Canada or elsewhere.

In the event that any of the Company's investments, or any proceeds thereof, any dividends or distributions there from, or any profits or revenues accruing from such investments in the United States were found to be in violation of money laundering legislation or otherwise, such transactions may be viewed as proceeds of crime under applicable federal laws, rules and regulations or any other applicable legislation. This could restrict or otherwise jeopardize the ability of the Company to declare or pay dividends, effect other distributions or subsequently repatriate such funds back to Canada or elsewhere.

The Company may not be able to effectively manage its growth and operations, which could materially and adversely affect its business.

If the Company implements it business plan as intended, it may in the future experience rapid growth and development in a relatively short period of time. The management of this growth will require, among other things, continued development of the Company's financial and management controls and management information systems, stringent control of costs, the ability to attract and retain qualified management personnel and the training of new personnel. The Company intends to utilize outsourced resources, and hire additional personnel, to manage its expected growth and expansion. Failure to successfully manage its possible growth and development could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and the value of the shares.

The Company may face significant competition from other facilities.

Many other businesses in California engage in similar activities to the Company, leasing commercial space to agricultural producers generally, and providing additional products and services to similar customers. The Company cannot assure you that it will be able to compete successfully against current and future competitors. Competitive pressures faced by the Company could have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results and financial condition.

The Company may face significant competition from other nutritious food companies.

We face significant competition from other nutritious food companies. Many of our competitions may have established brands, more experience and competency in the industry, larger fulfillment infrastructure, significantly more marketing and other financial resources, and larger customers bases than we do. These factors may allow our competitions to achieve greater net sales and profits. The significant competition faced by the Company could have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results and financial condition.

If we are unable to protect our intellectual property, our business may be adversely affected.

There can be no assurance that trade secrets and other intellectual property will not be challenged, invalidated, misappropriated or circumvented by third parties. Currently, our intellectual property includes provisional patents, patent applications, trademarks, trademark applications and know-how related to business, product and technology development. We plan on taking the necessary steps, including but not limited to the filing of additional patents as appropriate. There is no assurance any additional patents will issue or that when they do issue they will include all of the claims currently included in the applications. Even if they do issue, those new patents and our existing patents must be protected against possible infringement. Nonetheless, we currently rely on contractual obligations of our employees and contractors to maintain the confidentiality of our products. To compete effectively, we need to develop and continue to maintain a proprietary position with respect to our technologies, and business. The risks and uncertainties that we face with respect to intellectual property rights principally include the following:

- Provisional protection may not result in full patents being granted, and any full patent applications that we file may not result in issued patents or may take longer than expected to result in issued patents;
- we may be subject to interference proceedings;
- other companies may claim that patents applied for by, assigned or licensed to, us infringe upon their own intellectual property rights;
- we may be subject to trademark opposition proceedings in the U.S. and in foreign countries;

- any patents that are issued to us may not provide meaningful protection;
- we may not be able to develop additional proprietary technologies that are patentable;
- other companies may challenge patents licensed or issued to us as invalid, unenforceable or not infringed;
- other companies may independently develop similar or alternative technologies, or duplicate our technologies;
- other companies may design around technologies that we have licensed or developed;
- any patents issued to us may expire and competitors may utilize the technology found in such patents to commercialize their own products; and
- enforcement of patents is complex, uncertain and expensive.

It is also possible that others may obtain issued patents that could prevent us from commercializing certain aspects of our products or require us to obtain licenses requiring the payment of significant fees or royalties in order to enable us to conduct our business. If we license patents, our rights will depend on maintaining our obligations to the licensor under the applicable license agreement, and we may be unable to do so. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the work-for-hire, intellectual property assignment and confidentiality agreements entered into by our employees and consultants, advisors and collaborators will provide meaningful protection for our trade secrets, know-how or other proprietary information in the event of any unauthorized use or disclosure of such trade secrets, know- how or other proprietary information. The scope and enforceability of patent claims are not systematically predictable with absolute accuracy. The strength of our own patent rights depends, in part, upon the breadth and scope of protection provided by the patent and the validity of our patents, if any.

Impairments of the carrying amounts of intangible asset could negatively affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Our intangible asset balance consists of our patented process to develop germinated whole grain wheat flour. We test our assets for impairment annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate it is more likely than not that the fair value of our intangible asset is less than its carrying amount. Such events and circumstances could include a sustained decrease in our market capitalization, increased competition or unexpected loss of market share, increased input costs beyond projections (for example due to regulatory or industry changes), disposals of significant components of our business, unexpected business disruptions, unexpected significant declines in operating results, or significant adverse changes in the markets in which we operate. We test our intangible asset for impairment by comparing the estimated fair value with its carrying amount. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value, we record an impairment loss based on the difference between fair value and carrying amount.

While there was no single determinative event or factor, the consideration in totality of several factors that developed during the fourth quarter of 2023 led us to conclude that it was possible that the fair value of our intangible asset was below their carrying amounts. These factors included: (i) a sustained decrease in our share price in 2023, which reduced our market capitalization below the book value of net assets; (ii) lack of financing raised during 2023 due to the economic environment (iii) delays in the launch of the sale of our UN(THINK) flour. Impairment of Company's intangible asset could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

We operate in an industry with the risk of intellectual property litigation. Claims of infringement against us may hurt our business.

Our success depends, in part, upon non-infringement of intellectual property rights owned by others and being able to resolve claims of intellectual property infringement without major financial expenditures or adverse consequences. Participants that own, or claim to own, intellectual property may aggressively assert their rights. From time to time, we may be subject to legal proceedings and claims relating to the intellectual property rights of others. Future litigation may be necessary to defend us or our clients by determining the scope, enforceability, and validity of third-party proprietary rights or to establish its proprietary rights. Some competitors have substantially greater resources and are able to sustain the costs of complex intellectual property litigation to a greater degree and for longer periods of time. In addition, patent holding companies that focus solely on extracting royalties and settlements by enforcing patent rights may target us. Regardless of whether claims that we are infringing patents or other intellectual property rights have any merit, these claims are time-consuming and costly to evaluate and defend and could:

• adversely affect relationships with future clients;

- cause delays or stoppages in providing products;
- divert management's attention and resources;
- require technology changes to our platform that would cause our Company to incur substantial cost;
- subject us to significant liabilities; and
- require us to cease some or all business activities.

In addition to liability for monetary damages, which may be tripled and may include attorneys' fees, or, in some circumstances, damages against clients, we may be prohibited from developing, commercializing, or continuing to provide some or all of our products unless we obtain licenses from, and pay royalties to, the holders of the patents or other intellectual property rights, which may not be available on commercially favorable terms, or at all.

We have limited foreign intellectual property rights and may not be able to protect our intellectual property rights throughout the world.

We have limited intellectual property rights outside the United States. Filing, prosecuting and defending patents on devices in all countries throughout the world would be prohibitively expensive, and our intellectual property rights in some countries outside the United States can be less extensive than those in the United States. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect intellectual property to the same extent as laws in the United States. Consequently, we may not be able to prevent third parties from practicing our inventions in all countries outside the United States, or from selling or importing products made using our inventions in and into the United States or other jurisdictions. Competitors may use our technologies in jurisdictions where we have not obtained patents to develop their own products and further, may export otherwise infringing products to territories where we have patents, but enforcement is not as strong as that in the United States.

Many companies have encountered significant problems in protecting and defending intellectual property in foreign jurisdictions. The legal systems of certain countries, particularly China and certain other developing countries, do not favor the enforcement of patents, trade secrets and other intellectual property, which could make it difficult for us to stop the infringement of our patents or marketing of competing products in violation of our proprietary rights generally. To date, we have not sought to enforce any issued patents in these foreign jurisdictions. Proceedings to enforce our patent rights in foreign jurisdictions could result in substantial costs and divert our efforts and attention from other aspects of our business, could put our patents at risk of being invalidated or interpreted narrowly and our patent applications at risk of not issuing and could provoke third parties to assert claims against us. We may not prevail in any lawsuits that we initiate and the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, may not be commercially meaningful. The requirements for patentability may differ in certain countries, particularly developing countries. Certain countries in Europe and developing countries, including China and India, have compulsory licensing laws under which a patent owner may be compelled to grant licenses to third parties. In those countries, we and our licensors may have limited remedies if patents are infringed or if we or our licensors are compelled to grant a license to a third party, which could materially diminish the value of those patents. This could limit our potential revenue opportunities. Accordingly, our efforts to enforce our intellectual property rights around the world may be inadequate to obtain a significant commercial advantage from the intellectual property that we develop or license.

If we are unable to obtain or defend our patents, our business could be materially adversely affected.

Our patent position is highly uncertain and involves complex legal and factual questions. Accordingly, we cannot predict the breadth of claims that may be allowed or enforced under our patents or in third-party patents. For example, we might not have been the first to make the inventions covered by each of our pending patent applications and provisional patents; we might not have been the first to file patent applications for these inventions; others may independently develop similar or alternative technologies or duplicate any of our technologies; it is possible that none of our pending patent applications will result in issued patents; our issued patents may not provide a basis for commercially viable technologies, or may not provide us with any competitive advantages, or may be challenged and invalidated by third parties; and, we may not develop additional proprietary technologies that are patentable.

As a result, our owned and licensed patents may not be valid and we may not be able to obtain and enforce patents and to maintain trade secret protection for the full commercial extent of our technology. The extent to which we are unable to do so could materially harm our business.

We have applied for and will continue to apply for patents for certain products. Such applications may not result in the issuance of any patents, and any patents now held or that may be issued may not provide us with adequate protection from competition. Furthermore, it is possible that patents issued or licensed to us may be challenged successfully. In that event, if we have a preferred competitive position because of such patents, such preferred position would be lost. If we are unable to secure or to continue to maintain a preferred position, we could become subject to competition from the sale of generic products. Failure to receive, inability to protect, or expiration of our patents would adversely affect our business and operations.

Patents issued or licensed to us may be infringed by the products or processes of others. The cost of enforcing our patent rights against infringers, if such enforcement is required, could be significant, and we do not currently have the financial resources to fund such litigation. Further, such litigation can go on for years and the time demands could interfere with our normal operations. We may become a party to patent litigation and other proceedings. The cost to us of any patent litigation, even if resolved in our favor, could be substantial. Many of our competitors may be able to sustain the costs of such litigation more effectively than we can because of their substantially greater financial resources. Litigation may also absorb significant management time.

Unpatented trade secrets, improvements, confidential know-how and continuing technological innovation are important to our scientific and commercial success. Although we attempt to and will continue to attempt to protect our proprietary information through reliance on trade secret laws and the use of confidentiality agreements with our partners, collaborators, employees and consultants, as well as through other appropriate means, these measures may not effectively prevent disclosure of our proprietary information, and, in any event, others may develop independently, or obtain access to, the same or similar information.

International intellectual property protection is particularly uncertain, and if we are involved in opposition proceedings in foreign countries, we may have to expend substantial sums and management resources.

Patent and other intellectual property law outside the United States is more uncertain and is continually undergoing review and revisions in many countries. Further, the laws of some foreign countries may not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States. For example, certain countries do not grant patent claims that are directed to business methods and processes. In addition, we may have to participate in opposition proceedings to determine the validity of its foreign patents or its competitors' foreign patents, which could result in substantial costs and diversion of its efforts and loss of credibility with customers.

If we are found to be infringing on patents or trade secrets owned by others, we may be forced to cease or alter our product development efforts, obtain a license to continue the development or sale of our products, and/or pay damages.

Our processes and potential products may violate proprietary rights of patents that have been or may be granted to competitors, universities or others, or the trade secrets of those persons and entities. As our industry expands and more patents are issued, the risk increases that our processes and potential products may give rise to claims that they infringe the patents or trade secrets of others. These other persons could bring legal actions against us claiming damages and seeking to enjoin manufacturing and marketing of the affected product or process. If any of these actions are successful, in addition to any potential liability for damages, we could be required to obtain a license in order to continue to manufacture or market the affected product or use the affected process. Required licenses may not be available on acceptable terms, if at all, and the results of litigation are uncertain. If we become involved in litigation or other proceedings, it could consume a substantial portion of our financial resources and the efforts of our personnel.

We rely on confidentiality agreements to protect our trade secrets. If these agreements are breached by our employees or other parties, our trade secrets may become known to our competitors.

We rely on trade secrets that we seek to protect through confidentiality agreements with our employees and other parties. If these agreements are breached, our competitors may obtain and use our trade secrets to gain a competitive advantage over us. We may not have any remedies against our competitors and any remedies that may be available to us may not be adequate to protect our business or compensate us for the damaging disclosure. In addition, we may have to expend resources to protect our interests from possible infringement by others.

We have a limited operating history on which to judge our business prospects and management.

Our company was incorporated and commenced operations in 2017. Accordingly, we have only a limited operating history upon which to base an evaluation of our business and prospects. Operating results for future periods are subject to numerous uncertainties and we cannot assure you that we will achieve or sustain profitability. Our prospects must be considered in light of the risks encountered by companies in the early stage of development, particularly companies in new and rapidly evolving markets. Future operating results will depend upon many factors, including increasing the number of affiliates, our success in attracting and retaining motivated and qualified personnel, our ability to establish short term credit lines, our ability to develop and market new products, control costs, and general economic conditions. We cannot assure you that we will successfully address any of these risks.

We may not be able to continue as a going concern.

The Company has incurred substantial operating losses since its inception and expects to continue to incur significant operating losses for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable. As reflected in the financial statements, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$44.5 million at December 31, 2023, a net loss of approximately \$11.7 million, and approximately \$6.5 million of net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The Company anticipates incurring additional losses until such time, if ever, that it can obtain marketing approval to sell, and then generate significant sales, of its technology that is currently in development. As such it is likely that additional financing will be needed by the Company to fund its operations and to develop and commercialize its technology. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is seeking additional financing to support its growth plans. The sale of additional equity may dilute existing shareholders and newly issued shares may contain senior rights and preferences compared to currently outstanding common shares.

Our management team will be required to devote substantial time to regulatory compliance which may divert our attention from the day-to-day management of our business.

Our management team will require substantial attention from our senior management and could divert our attention away from the day-to-day management of our business. Regulatory compliance is increasingly complex and management may not have experience in all areas of public company compliance. The management team will seek assistance from external resources when appropriate for public company regulatory compliance and tax regulatory compliance for applicable jurisdictions.

The Company may become subject to litigation, which may have a material adverse effect on the Company's reputation, business, results from operations, and financial condition.

The Company may be named as a defendant in a lawsuit or regulatory action. The Company may also incur uninsured losses for liabilities which arise in the ordinary course of business, or which are unforeseen, including, but not limited to, employment liability and business loss claims. Any such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, sales, cash flow or financial condition.

If the Company is unable to attract and retain key personnel, it may not be able to compete effectively.

The Company's success has depended and continues to depend upon its ability to attract and retain key management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and technical experts. The Company will attempt to enhance its management and technical expertise by continuing to recruit qualified individuals who possess desired skills and experience in certain targeted areas. The Company's inability to retain employees and attract and retain sufficient additional employees or engineering and technical support resources could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, sales, cash flow or financial condition. Shortages in qualified personnel or the loss of key personnel could adversely affect the financial condition of the Company, results of operations of the business and could limit the Company's ability to develop and market its intellectual property. The loss of any of the Company's senior management or key employees could materially adversely affect the Company's ability to execute the Company's business plan and strategy, and the Company may not be able to find adequate replacements on a timely basis, or at all. The Company does not maintain key person life insurance policies on any of the Company's employees.

The size of the Company's initial target market is difficult to quantify and investors will be reliant on their own estimates on the accuracy of market data.

Because high growth crop technology is in an early stage with uncertain boundaries, there is a lack of information about comparable companies available for potential investors to review in deciding about whether to invest in the Company and, few, if any, established companies whose business model the Company can follow or upon whose success the Company can build. Accordingly, investors will have to rely on their own estimates in deciding about whether to invest in the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company's estimates are accurate or that the market size is sufficiently large for its business to grow as projected, which may negatively impact its financial results. The Company regularly follows market research.

The Company's industry is experiencing rapid growth and consolidation that may cause the Company to lose key relationships and intensify competition.

The agriculture industry and various verticals within it are undergoing rapid growth and substantial change, which has resulted in an increase in competitors, consolidation and formation of strategic relationships. Acquisitions or other consolidating transactions could harm the Company in a number of ways, including by losing strategic partners and or customers if they are acquired by or enter into relationships with a competitor, losing customers, revenue and market share, or forcing the Company to expend greater resources to meet new or additional competitive threats, all of which could harm the Company's operating results. As competitors enter the market and become increasingly sophisticated, competition in the Company's industry may intensify which could negatively impact its profitability.

The Company will be reliant on information technology systems and may be subject to damaging cyberattacks.

The Company's operations depend, in part, on how well it and its suppliers protect networks, equipment, information technology systems and software against damage from a number of threats, including, but not limited to, cable cuts, damage to physical plants, natural disasters, intentional damage and destruction, fire, power loss, hacking, computer viruses, vandalism and theft. The Company's operations also depend on the timely maintenance, upgrade and replacement of networks, equipment, IT systems and software, as well as pre-emptive expenses to mitigate the risks of failures. Any of these and other events could result in information system failures, delays and/or increase in capital expenses. The failure of information systems or a component of information systems could, depending on the nature of any such failure, adversely impact the Company's reputation and results of operations.

The Company has not experienced any material losses to date relating to cyber-attacks or other information security breaches, but there can be no assurance that the Company will not incur such losses in the future. The Company's risk and exposure to these matters cannot be fully mitigated because of, among other things, the evolving nature of these threats. As a result, cyber security and the continued development and enhancement of controls, processes and practices designed to protect systems, computers, software, data and networks from attack, damage or unauthorized access is a risk. As cyber threats continue to evolve, the Company may be required to expend additional resources to continue to modify or enhance protective measures or to investigate and remediate any security vulnerabilities.

The Company's officers and directors may be engaged in a range of business activities resulting in conflicts of interest.

Although certain officers and board members of the Company are expected to be bound by anti-circumvention agreements limiting their ability to enter into competing and/or conflicting ventures or businesses, the Company may be subject to various potential conflicts of interest because some of its officers and directors may be engaged in a range of business activities. In addition, the Company's executive officers and directors may devote time to their outside business interests, so long as such activities do not materially or adversely interfere with their duties to the Company. In some cases, the Company's executive officers and directors may have fiduciary obligations associated with these business interests that interfere with their ability to devote time to the Company's business and affairs and that could adversely affect the Company's operations. These business interests could require significant time and attention of the Company's executive officers and directors.

In addition, the Company may also become involved in other transactions which conflict with the interests of its directors and the officers who may from time to time deal with persons, firms, institutions or companies with which the Company may be dealing, or which may be seeking investments similar to those desired by it. The interests of these persons could conflict with those of the Company. In addition, from time to time, these persons may be competing with the Company for available investment opportunities. Conflicts of interest, if any, will be subject to the procedures and remedies provided under applicable laws. In particular, if such a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the Company's directors, a director who has such a conflict will abstain from voting for or against the approval of such participation or such terms. In accordance with applicable laws, the directors of the Company are required to act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the Company.

There is no guarantee that how the Company uses its available funds will yield the expected results or returns which could impact the business and financial condition of the Company.

The Company cannot specify with certainty the particular uses of available funds. Management has broad discretion in the application of its proceeds. Accordingly, a holder of shares will have to rely upon the judgment of management with respect to the use of available funds, with only limited information concerning management's specific intentions. The Company's management may spend a portion or all of the available funds in ways that the Company's shareholders might not desire, that might not yield a favorable return and that might not increase the value of a purchaser's investment. The failure by management to apply these funds effectively could harm the Company's business. Pending use of such funds, the Company might invest the available funds in a manner that does not produce income or that loses value.

Our Articles of incorporation, by-laws and certain Canadian legislation, contain provisions that may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control.

Certain provisions of our by-laws, together or separately, could discourage potential acquisition proposals, delay or prevent a change in control and limit the price that certain investors may be willing to pay for our common shares. For instance, our by-laws contain provisions that establish certain advance notice procedures for nomination of candidates for election as directors at shareholders' meetings.

The *Investment Canada Act* requires any person that is non-Canadian (as defined in the *Investment Canada Act*) who acquires "control" (as defined in the *Investment Canada Act*) of an existing Canadian business to file either a pre-closing application for review or notification with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada. An acquisition of control is a reviewable transaction where prescribed financial thresholds are exceeded. The *Investment Canada Act* generally prohibits the implementation of a reviewable transaction unless, after review, the relevant Minister is satisfied that the acquisition is likely to be of net benefit to Canada. Under the national security regime in the *Investment Canada Act*, the federal government may undertake a discretionary review of a broader range of investments by a non-Canadian to determine whether such an investment by a non-Canadian could be "injurious to national security." Review on national security grounds is at the discretion of the federal government and may occur on a pre- or post-closing basis.

Furthermore, limitations on the ability to acquire and hold our common shares may be imposed by the *Competition Act* (Canada). This legislation permits the Commissioner of Competition to review any acquisition or establishment, directly or indirectly, including through the acquisition of shares, of control over or of a significant interest in us. This legislation grants the Commissioner of Competition jurisdiction, for up to one year, to challenge this type of acquisition before the Canadian Competition Tribunal on the basis that it would, or would be likely to, substantially prevent or lessen competition. This legislation also requires any person who intends to acquire our common shares to file a notification with the Canadian Competition Bureau if (i) that person (and their affiliates) would hold, in the aggregate, more than 20% of all of our outstanding voting shares, (ii) certain financial thresholds are exceeded, and (iii) no exemption applies. Where a person (and their affiliates) already holds, in the aggregate, more than 20% of all of our outstanding voting shares, a notification must be filed if (i) the acquisition of additional shares would bring that person's (and their affiliates) holdings to over 50%, (ii) certain financial thresholds are exceeded and (iii) no exemption applies. Where a notification is required, the legislation prohibits completion of the acquisition until the expiration of the applicable statutory waiting period, unless compliance with the waiting period has been waived or the Commissioner of Competition provides written notice that he does not intend to challenge the acquisition. The Commissioner of Competition's review of a notifiable transaction for substantive competition law considerations may take longer than the statutory waiting period.

We are governed by the corporate laws of British Columbia, Canada which in some cases have a different effect on shareholders than the corporate laws of the United States.

We are incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act (British Columbia)* (the "BC Act") and other relevant laws, which may affect the rights of shareholders differently than those of a company governed by the laws of a U.S. jurisdiction, and may, together with our charter documents, have the effect of delaying, deferring or discouraging another party from acquiring control of our company by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or otherwise, or may affect the price an acquiring party would be willing to offer in such an instance. The material differences between the BC Act and Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL") that may have the greatest such effect include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) for certain corporate transactions (such as mergers and amalgamations or amendments to our articles) the BC Act generally requires the voting threshold to be a special resolution approved by 66 2/3% of shareholders, or as set out in the articles, as applicable, whereas DGCL generally only requires a majority vote; and (ii) under the BC Act a holder of 5% or more of our common shares can requisition a special meeting of shareholders, whereas such right does not exist under the DGCL. We cannot predict whether investors will find our company and our common shares less attractive because we are governed by foreign laws.

Risks Related to the Ownership of Our Common Shares

New laws, regulations, and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure may create uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming.

These laws, regulations and standards are subject to varying interpretations, in many cases due to their lack of specificity, and, as a result, may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by the courts and other bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations, and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to their application and practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us and our business may be adversely affected.

As a public company subject to these rules and regulations, we may find it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified members of our Board of Directors, particularly to serve on its audit committee and compensation committee, and qualified executive officers.

The market price of our common shares and Series A Warrants may be volatile, and you may not be able to resell your common shares and Series A Warrants at or above the acquisition price.

The market price for our common shares and Series A Warrants may be volatile and subject to wide fluctuations in response to factors including the following:

- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly or annual operating results;
- changes in financial or operational estimates or projections;
- conditions in markets generally;
- changes in the economic performance or market valuations of companies similar to ours;
- general economic or political conditions in the United States or elsewhere;
- any delay in development of our products or services;
- failure to comply with regulatory requirements;
- inability to commercially launch products and services and market and generate sales of our products and services,
- developments or disputes concerning intellectual property rights;
- our or our competitors' technological innovations;
- general and industry-specific economic conditions that may affect our expenditures;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures, capital commitments, new technologies, or patents;
- future sales of our common shares or other securities, including shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants or convertible securities or otherwise issued pursuant to certain contractual rights;
- period-to-period fluctuations in our financial results; and
- low or high trading volume of our common shares due to many factors, including the terms of our financing arrangements.

In addition, if we fail to reach an important research, development or commercialization milestone or result by a publicly expected deadline, even if by only a small margin, there could be significant impact on the market price of our common shares. Additionally, as we approach the announcement of anticipated significant information and as we announce such information, we expect the price of our common shares to be particularly volatile and negative results would have a substantial negative impact on the price of our common shares and Series A Warrants.

In addition, in recent years, the stock market in general has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations. This volatility has had a significant effect on the market price of securities issued by many companies, including for reasons unrelated to their operating performance. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect our stock price, notwithstanding our operating results. The market price of our common shares and Series A Warrants will fluctuate and there can be no assurances about the levels of the market prices for our common shares and Series A Warrants.

In some cases, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, shareholders have often instituted class action securities litigation against those companies. Such litigation, if instituted, could result in substantial costs and diversion of management attention and resources, which could significantly harm our business operations and reputation.

As an "emerging growth company" under applicable law, we will be subject to lessened disclosure requirements, which could leave our shareholders without information or rights available to shareholders of more mature companies.

For as long as we remain an "emerging growth company" as defined in the JOBS Act, we have elected to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to:

- not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- being permitted to provide only two years of audited financial statements, in addition to any required unaudited interim financial statements, with correspondingly reduced "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" disclosure;
- reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports, proxy statements and registration statements;
- taking advantage of an extension of time to comply with new or revised financial accounting standard; and
- exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

We expect to take advantage of these reporting exemptions until we are no longer an "emerging growth company." Because of these lessened regulatory requirements, our shareholders would be left without information or rights available to shareholders of more mature companies. We cannot predict whether investors will find our common shares less attractive if we rely on these exemptions. If some investors find our common shares less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for our common shares and our stock price may be more volatile.

We are also a "smaller reporting company" as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and have elected to follow certain scaled disclosure requirements available to smaller reporting companies.

Because we have elected to use the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards for an "emerging growth company" our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with public company effective dates.

We have elected to use the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards under Section 102(b) (1) of the JOBS Act. This election allows us to delay the adoption of new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until those standards apply to private companies. As a result of this election, our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with public company effective dates and may contain less or more modified disclosure than those public companies. Because our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with public company effective dates, investors may have difficulty evaluating or comparing our business, performance or prospects in comparison to other public companies, which may have a negative impact on the value and liquidity of our common shares.

FINRA sales practice requirements may also limit your ability to buy and sell our common shares, which could depress the price of our shares.

Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA) rules require broker-dealers to have reasonable grounds for believing that an investment is suitable for a customer before recommending that investment to the customer. Prior to recommending speculative low-priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status and investment objectives, among other things. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability such speculative low-priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. Thus, FINRA requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common shares, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our shares, have an adverse effect on the market for our shares, and thereby depress our share price.

If research analysts do not publish research about our business or if they issue unfavorable commentary or downgrade our common shares or Series A Warrants, our securities' price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our securities may depend in part on the research and reports that research analysts publish about us and our business. If we do not maintain adequate research coverage, or if any of the analysts who cover us downgrade our stock or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, the price of our common shares and Series A Warrants could decline. If one or more of our research analysts ceases to cover our business or fails to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our securities could decrease, which could cause the price of our common shares and Series A Warrants or trading volume to decline.

We may issue additional equity securities, or engage in other transactions that could dilute our book value or relative rights of our common shares, which may adversely affect the market price of our common shares and Series A Warrants.

Our Board of Directors may determine from time to time that it needs to raise additional capital by issuing additional shares of our common shares or other securities. Except as otherwise described in this filing, we will not be restricted from issuing additional common shares, including securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive common shares. Because our decision to issue securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing, or nature of any future offerings, or the prices at which such offerings may be affected. Additional equity offerings may dilute the holdings of existing shareholders or reduce the market price of our common shares and Series A Warrants, or all of them. Holders of our securities are not entitled to pre-emptive rights or other protections against dilution. New investors also may have rights, preferences and privileges that are senior to, and that adversely affect, then-current holders of our securities. Additionally, if we raise additional capital by making offerings of debt or preference shares, upon our liquidation, holders of our debt securities and preference shares, and lenders with respect to other borrowings, may receive distributions of its available assets before the holders of our common shares.

An investment in our Series A Warrants is speculative in nature and could result in a loss of your investment therein.

The Series A Warrants do not confer any rights of common share ownership on their holders, such as voting rights or the right to receive dividends, but rather merely represent the right to acquire shares of our common shares at a fixed price for a limited period of time. Specifically, commencing on the date of issuance, holders of the Series A Warrants may exercise their right to acquire the common shares and pay an exercise price of \$300 per share (exercising 50 warrants at \$6 per warrant to receive one common share), prior to three years from the date of issuance, after which date any unexercised Series A Warrants will expire and have no further value. Moreover, the market value of the Series A Warrants is uncertain and there can be no assurance that the market value of the Series A Warrants will equal or exceed their initial price. There can be no assurance that the market price of the common shares will ever equal or exceed the exercise price of the Series A Warrants, and consequently, whether it will ever be profitable for holders of the Series A Warrants to exercise the Series A Warrants.

Our Series A Warrants and contain a provision which only permits securities claims to be brought in federal court.

Section 11 of our Series A Warrants states in relevant part: "The Company hereby irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts sitting in The City of New York, Borough of Manhattan (except for claims brought under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which must be brought in federal court)". Therefore any claims with respect to our Series A Warrants brought under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act must be brought in federal court while all other claims may be brought in federal or state court. Proceedings in federal court may be more expensive than in state court due to more comprehensive rules on how discovery and motion and trial practice are handled. This provision may have a dampening effect on claims brought under these securities laws or limit the ability of the investor to bring a claim in the jurisdiction it deems more favorable. This provision is likely enforceable as requirements regarding bringing securities claims have been met, but it may have the overall effect of discouraging litigation due to the circumstances described herein.

We do not currently intend to pay dividends on our common shares in the foreseeable future, and consequently, your ability to achieve a return on your investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common shares.

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common shares and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends to holders of our common shares in the foreseeable future. Consequently, investors must rely on sales of their common shares after price appreciation, which may never occur, as the only way to realize any future gains on their investments.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity.

We are committed to protecting the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its information systems and the data they contain from cybersecurity threats. We acknowledge that cybersecurity is a dynamic and evolving area of risk that requires ongoing assessment, management, and oversight. As we grow in size and revenue, we intend to work with third party companies to assess, identify, manage, and mitigate material cybersecurity threats, as well as to respond to and recover from cybersecurity incidents, all as necessary.

We recognize the importance of maintaining our technology and data systems. Our cybersecurity policies, standards, processes, and practices are integrated across our operational departments.

Cybersecurity Risk Management and Strategy

As one of the elements of our overall risk management program, we focus on the following key areas:

Technical Safeguards: We have commenced to implement technical safeguards, including by not limited to firewalls, antimalware functionality and access controls.

Outside Consultants: We have identified and, as appropriate and when we have the budget to do so, will utilize outside consultants, including contractors and other third parties, to among other things, conduct regular testing of our networks and systems to identify vulnerabilities through penetration testing, while also measuring and advising on potential improvements to our incident prevention, response, and documentation procedures.

We have not encountered cybersecurity threats or experienced previously cybersecurity incidents that have materially affected or that we believe are reasonably likely to materially affect us, including our business strategy, results of operations or financial condition.

Governance

Board of Directors Oversight

Our Board is aware of the critical nature of managing risks associated with cybersecurity threats. Management works with our Board to establish oversight mechanisms to ensure effective governance in managing risks associated with cybersecurity threats because we recognize the significance of these threats to our operational integrity and stakeholder confidence. The Board has delegated to our Audit Committee the primary responsibility for oversight of cybersecurity risks.

Management's Role Managing Risk

Our Executive Team plays a primary role in informing the Audit Committee on cybersecurity risks. These individuals monitor activity and potential risks related to the day-to-day operations of the business, including reviewing results of the work of our outside consultants. They will provide briefings to the Audit Committee on a periodic basis regarding cybersecurity matters, including but not limited to the following:

- Current cybersecurity landscape and emerging threats;
- Status of ongoing cybersecurity initiatives and strategies;
- Incident reporting, if any, and learning from any cybersecurity events;
- Risk mitigation efforts and insurance, and
- Compliance with regulatory requirements and industry standard.

Item 2. Properties

The Company currently leases office space at 800-525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC V5Z 1C6 as its principal office. The Company will be moving to a virtual office model in order to reallocate rent expenditures to operations.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to the legal proceedings and claims described in detail in "Note 21. Commitments and Contingencies" to the audited financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Although the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we do not believe the outcome of such legal proceeding and claims, if determined adversely to us, would be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on our business. Regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market information

Our common stock is currently quoted on Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "AGRI", and warrants under the symbol "AGRIW". The market price has been volatile.

On March 29, 2024, the closing price for our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Capital Market was \$0.18 per share.

Securities outstanding and holders of record

On April 1, 2024, there were approximately 5,467 shareholders of record for our common stock and 22,573,938 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding.

Dividend Policy

We have never paid any cash dividends on our common shares. However, we have paid common share dividends on our preferred stock. Our preferred stock was retired and there were no preferred shares outstanding after the IPO. We anticipate that we will retain funds and future earnings to support operations and to finance the growth and development of our business. Therefore, we do not expect to pay cash dividends on our common shares in the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay cash dividends on our common shares will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements and other factors that our Board of Directors deems relevant. In addition, the terms of any future debt or credit financings may preclude us from paying dividends.

Information respecting equity compensation plans

The Company adopted a stock option plan originally on December 12, 2018 (the "Option Plan"), as amended, under which the compensation committee of the Board (the "Compensation Committee") may from time to time in its discretion, recommend changes to the Option Plan to grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company non-transferable options to purchase common shares ("Options"). The Board of Directors review recommendations and approve changes. As of the date of this filling, the Company has 76,114 Options outstanding, and [2,129,652] Options available for future issuances. The Option Plan was approved by the shareholders of the Company on June 10, 2019.

The following table provides information with respect to options outstanding under our Plan as at December 31, 2023:

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options	a exer out	eighted- verage cise price of standing ptions	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	76,114	\$	41.75	2,181,280
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	- · · -		_	-
Total	76,114	\$	41.75	2,181,280

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

The Company had the following sales of unregistered securities during the three months ended March 31, 2023:

300 common shares were issued to consultants.

32,742 common shares were issued upon conversion of prefunded warrants.

14,216 common shares were issued upon conversion of convertible debt.

3,118 common shares were issued as part of compensation to Company officers.

Γhe	Company	had the fo	ollowing sa	ales of un	registered s	securities	during th	he three	months ende	ed June 30). 2023:

- 250 common shares were issued to consultants.
- 10,208 common shares were issued upon conversion of prefunded warrants.
- 36,111 common shares upon conversion of convertible debt in lieu of repayment in cash.
- 20,000 common shares issued to a shareholder in a private placement.
- The Company had the following sales of unregistered securities during the three months ended September 30, 2023:
- 350 common shares were issued to consultants.
- 59,660 common shares were issued upon conversion of prefunded warrants.
- 422,194 common shares upon conversion of convertible debt in lieu of repayment in cash.
- 31,889 common shares were issued as part of compensation to Company officers and employees.
- The Company had the following sales of unregistered securities during the three months ended December 31, 2023:
- 580,000 common shares were issued to consultants.
- 38,565 common shares were issued upon conversion of prefunded warrants.
- 2,694,611 common shares were issued upon conversion of convertible debt.
- 1,399,928 common shares upon conversion of convertible debt in lieu of repayment in cash.

On October 18, 2023, a Debenture Investor purchased an additional tranche totaling \$2,750,000 in convertible debentures and received 620,230 warrants. The convertible Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$2.62. The issuance of the additional tranche further triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First and Second Tranche Debentures as well as the First and Second Tranche Debenture Warrants to \$2.62.

On November 30, 2023, a Debenture Investor purchased an additional tranche totaling \$2,750,000 in convertible debentures and received 1,986,112 warrants. The convertible Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.90. The issuance of the additional tranche further triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First and Second Tranche Debentures as well as the First and Second Tranche Debenture Warrants to \$0.90.

The Company had the following sales of unregistered securities from January 1, 2024 to April 1, 2024:

10,622,392 common shares were issued upon conversion of convertible debt.

5,871,210 common shares upon conversion of convertible debt in lieu of repayment in cash.

112,645 common shares were issued as part of compensation to Company officers.

126,646 common shares were issued to consultants.

On February 21, 2024, a Convertible Debt Investor purchased an additional tranche of \$1,100,000 in convertible debentures and received 3,341,122 warrants. The convertible Debentures and Debenture Warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.214. The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second, Third, and Fourth tranche of Debentures and the First, Second, Third, Fourth tranche of Debenture Warrants to \$0.214.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer or Affiliated Purchasers

There were no repurchases of shares of common stock made during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

As a registrant that qualifies as a smaller reporting company, the Company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Prospective investors should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this Annual Report. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Annual Report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." You should review the "Risk Factors" section of this Annual Report for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Revenues

During the year, the Company sold and delivered its first shipment of hydroxyl generating devices. The shipment consisted of 5 units for gross sales of \$16,281.

The Company sells its products directly to customers and indirectly to customers through sales brokers.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses primarily consist of wages and salaries, professional fees, consulting, office and administration, investor and public relations, research and development, and share-based compensation. Operating expenses decreased in the year ended December 31, 2023 as compared to December 31, 2022 by \$2,500,658 or 18% primarily due to the following:

- Professional fees and consulting decreased by \$1,480,038 and \$1,280,672, respectively due to a significant decrease in M&A spending during 2023 as a result of the Company focusing on organic growth of currently active ventures.
- Research and development decreased by \$609,104 due to limited research services procured during 2023 as compared to expenditures paid to RCS in 2022 as well as design and construction fees that were only incurred in 2022.
- Investor and public relations expenses decreased by \$459,711 due to more investor and public relations advisory services utilized in 2022 for communication.
- Wages and salaries decreased by \$441,530 due to a reduction in staff head count in 2023.
- Office and administrative decreased by \$286,012 due to overall cost cutting initiatives during 2023.
- Travel and entertainment decreased by \$170,614 due to a reduction in travel for foreign business development.
- Sales and marketing decreased by \$165,290 due to significant reductions in public relations agency work and social media contracted fees from cost cutting initiatives.
- Share based compensation decreased \$99,864 due to a significant number of option forfeitures from lower staff head count.
- Shareholder and regulatory decreased \$99,611 due to lower Rule 144 share releases in 2023.
- Lease expense decreased \$28,945 due to the termination of the Company's long term office lease in 2023.

This was partially offset by the following:

- Write down of construction in progress deposit of \$1,963,304 due to the termination of an agreement with a construction contractor.
- Depreciation and amortization increased \$657,431 due to the beginning of amortization of the intangible asset which became available for use in January 2023.

Other Expenses / (Income)

Other expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 increased due to the following:

- Accretion interest on debentures increased by \$4,566,721 due to the issuance of three additional tranches of convertible debentures during the year.
- Loss on conversion of convertible debt increased by \$1,284,703 (gain of \$93,973 2022) from the conversions of \$6,970,382 in principal and interest during the year (\$150,000 of principal 2022) of convertible debentures into the Company's common shares at a loss.
- Loss on debt extinguishment increased by \$680,935 (nil 2022) as a result of the conversion of \$1,489,974 of principal from the First Tranche Debentures into the Company's common shares which triggered an extinguishment of debt due to the change of the fair value of the debt after the conversion.

• Foreign exchange loss increased by \$365,088 due to a higher average cash balance during 2022 coupled with an increasing USD to CAD rate throughout versus a lower average cash balance during 2023 which saw several large decreases in USD to CAD rates throughout.

This was partially offset by the following:

- Change in fair value of derivative liabilities increased by \$5,641,017 due to a significant decrease in the Company's per share price of 99% during the period.
- All other items aggregate to \$107,040.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. In order to determine if assets have been impaired, assets are grouped and tested at the lowest level for which identifiable independent cash flows are available ("asset group"). An impairment loss is recognized when the sum of projected undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying value of the asset group. The measurement of the impairment loss to be recognized is based on the difference between the fair value and the carrying value of the asset group. Fair value has been determined using a market approach.

Fair value determinations of intangible assets require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates, and market factors. Estimating the fair value of our intangible asset requires us to make assumptions and estimates regarding our future plans, as well as industry, economic, and regulatory conditions. These assumptions and estimates include estimated future annual net cash flows, discount rates, growth rates, contributory asset charges, and other market factors. If current expectations of future growth rates and margins are not met, if market factors outside of our control, such as discount rates, change, or if management's expectations or plans otherwise change, then our intangible might become impaired in the future.

Our intangible asset balance consists of our patented process to develop germinated whole grain wheat flour. We test our assets for impairment annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate it is more likely than not that the fair value of our intangible asset is less than its carrying amount. Such events and circumstances could include a sustained decrease in our market capitalization, increased competition or unexpected loss of market share, increased input costs beyond projections (for example due to regulatory or industry changes), disposals of significant components of our business, unexpected business disruptions, unexpected significant declines in operating results, or significant adverse changes in the markets in which we operate.

While there was no single determinative event or factor, the consideration in totality of several factors that developed during the fourth quarter of 2023 led us to conclude that it was possible that the fair value of our intangible asset was below their carrying amounts. These factors included: (i) a sustained decrease in our share price in 2023, which reduced our market capitalization below the book value of net assets; (ii) lack of financing raised during 2023 due to the economic environment (iii) delays in the launch of the sale of our UN(THINK) flour;

Accordingly, we performed an impairment test on our intangible asset as of December 31, 2023 based on the asset's fair value based on net assets. As a result of our impairment test, we determined that the intangible asset was not impaired as of December 31, 2023. Subsequent to December 31, 2023, our market capitalization continued to decrease indicating that the intangible asset may be impaired in the foreseeable future.

Equity-linked instruments

The fair value of the Company's warrants is determined in accordance with FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement," which establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the assumptions (inputs) to valuation techniques used to price assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value. The hierarchy, as defined below, gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The guidance for fair value measurements requires that assets and liabilities measured at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Defined as observable inputs, such as quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Defined as observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1. This includes quoted prices for similar
 assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or
 other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or
 liabilities.
- Level 3: Defined as unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include those whose fair value measurements are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar valuation techniques, as well as significant management judgment or estimation.

The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in its convertible instruments in accordance with ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"), which provides that if three criteria are met, the Company is required to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free-standing derivative financial instruments. These three criteria include circumstances in which;

- (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract;
- (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur; and
- (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument.

ASC 815 also provides an exception to this rule when the host instrument is deemed to be conventional as defined under professional standards as "The Meaning of Conventional Convertible Debt Instrument."

The Company accounts for convertible instruments (when it has determined that the embedded conversion options should not be bifurcated from their host instruments) in accordance with professional standards when "Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features," as those professional standards pertain to "Certain Convertible Instruments."

The debenture conversion features are categorized as a Level 3 financial instrument. The Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing for valuing the convertible features.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Tranche of Debenture Warrants, collectively (the "Debenture Warrants") are categorized as a Level 3 financial instrument. The Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model to value the Debenture Warrants.

The most subjective assumptions in such option pricing models include the implied volatility, expected term, risk-free rate and the probability of triggering the down-round provisions.

Share Based Compensation

The Company uses the straight-line method to allocate compensation cost to reporting periods over each optionee's requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period, and estimates the fair value of stock-based awards to employees and directors using the Black-Scholes option-valuation model (the "Black-Scholes model"). This model incorporates certain assumptions for inputs including a risk-free market interest rate, expected dividend yield of the underlying common stock, expected option life, and expected volatility in the market value of the underlying common stock. The Company recognizes any forfeitures as they occur.

Income Taxes

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted at period-end.

Deferred tax assets, including those arising from tax loss carryforwards, requires management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate sufficient taxable earnings in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

The Company operates in various tax jurisdictions and is subject to audit by various tax authorities.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's primary need for liquidity is to fund working capital requirements, capital expenditures, and general corporate purposes. The Company's ability to fund operations and make planned capital expenditures and debt service obligations depends on future operating performance and cash flows, which are subject to prevailing economic conditions, financial markets, business and other factors. We recorded a net loss of \$11,733,210 for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to \$12,873,102 for the year ended December 31, 2022; and recorded an accumulated deficit of \$44,507,304 as of December 31, 2023 (\$32,774,094 – as of December 31, 2022). Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$6,505,072 compared to \$12,079,359 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

We had \$3,878,578 in cash as at December 31, 2023 as compared to \$2,269,320 as at December 31, 2022.

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

- the cost and timing of our regulatory activities, especially the process to obtain regulatory approval for our intellectual properties in the U.S. and foreign countries;
- the costs of R&D activities we undertake to further develop our technology;
- the costs of constructing our grow houses, including any impact of complications, delays, and other unknown events;
- the costs of commercialization activities, including sales, marketing and production;
- the costs of our mergers and acquisitions activity;
- the level of working capital required to support our growth; and
- our need for additional personnel, information technology or other operating infrastructure to support our growth and operations as a public company.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The Company is at an early stage of development. As such it is likely that additional financing will be needed by the Company to fund its operations and to develop and commercialize its technology. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

For the next twelve months from issuance of these financial statements, the Company will seek to obtain additional capital through the sale of debt or equity financings or other arrangements to fund operations; however, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise needed capital under acceptable terms, if at all. The sale of additional equity may dilute existing shareholders and newly issued shares may contain senior rights and preferences compared to currently outstanding common shares. Issued debt securities may contain covenants and limit the Company's ability to pay dividends or make other distributions to shareholders. If the Company is unable to obtain such additional financing, future operations would need to be scaled back or discontinued. Due to the uncertainty in the Company's ability to raise capital, management believes that there is substantial doubt in the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months from the issuance of these financial statements.

Cash Flows

The net cash used by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$6,505,072 compared to \$12,079,359 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The change of \$5,574,287 was primarily due to the following:

- A decrease in net loss of \$1,139,892 due to operating expenses noted above.
- An increase to amortization of debt issuance costs of \$4,707,047 from the issuance of three additional tranches of convertible debentures during the year.
- Write down of construction in progress deposit of \$1,963,304 due to the termination of an agreement with a construction contractor.
- A favorable change in working capital of \$1,277,878 driven by the utilization of a prepaid retainer balance for investor relations services as well as amortization of deferred offering costs for usage of the Company's "At The Market" financing facility in 2023 and by a delay in payment of trade payables as part of a cash savings initiative.
- An increase to the loss on debt conversions and debt extinguishment of \$1,284,703 and \$680,935, respectively due to significant debt conversions.
- An increase to depreciation and amortization \$657,431 due to the beginning of amortization of the intangible asset which became available for use in January 2023.

This was partially offset by the following:

- Non-cash change in the fair value of derivative liabilities of \$5,641,017 due to decreased securities prices.
- A decrease of shares issued for compensation of \$435,851 due to lower employee headcount during 2023.
- All other items in an aggregate amount of \$60,035.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, net cash used in investing activities was for the purchase of an equity investment in RCS for \$225,000. The net cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 was related to the payment against acquisition of IP intangible asset of \$500,000 and acquisition of equipment and leasehold improvements amounting to \$104,986 due to increased staffing and office renovations, respectively. All other items aggregated to \$35,028.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2023, represents net proceeds from debentures of \$9,615,385 as well as common shares issued for cash of \$1,342,915. This was partially offset by repayments on convertible debentures of \$2,143,091, financing costs of debentures of \$387,917 and share issuance costs of \$153,220. Net cash used in financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 represents net proceeds from debentures of \$12,750,000. This was partially offset by financing costs of debentures of \$1,634,894 and repayments of \$2,805,000 as well as payment of \$750,000 for the acquisition of an intangible asset.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As a registrant that qualifies as a smaller reporting company, AgriFORCETM is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Explanatory Paragraph - Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As more fully described in Note 2, the Company has a significant working capital deficiency, has incurred significant losses and needs to raise additional funds to meet its obligations and sustain its operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Marcum LLP

Marcum LLP (PCAOB ID 688)

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2020

Costa Mesa, CA April 1, 2024

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS LTD.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Expressed in US dollars)

	Note	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS						
Current		Ф	2 050 550	ф	2.260.220	
Cash		\$	3,878,578	\$	2,269,320	
Other receivable	_		30,859		48,941	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4		272,872		598,342	
Inventories	5		38,857		-	
Total current assets			4,221,166		2,916,603	
Non-current						
Property and equipment, net	6		11,801		121,672	
Intangible asset, net	7		12,733,885		13,089,377	
Operating lease right-of-use asset	20		-		1,540,748	
Lease deposit, non-current			63,708		-	
Construction in progress	8		113,566		2,092,533	
Investment	9		223,801		-	
Land deposit	4		_		2,085,960	
Total assets	•	\$	17,367,927	\$	21,846,893	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10	\$	1,942,011	\$	1,147,739	
Debentures	11		4,084,643		3,941,916	
Contract liabilities	12		15,336		-	
Lease liability – current	20		<u>-</u>		271,110	
Total current liabilities			6,041,990		5,360,765	
Non-current						
Lease deposit, non-current			25,684		-	
Lease liability – non-current	20		-		1,250,060	
Derivative liabilities	13		2,690,308		4,649,115	
Long term loan	14		45,365		44,300	
Total liabilities	1.		8,803,347		11,304,240	
Commitments and contingencies	21		0,003,317		11,501,210	
Chambaldana' aguite						
Shareholders' equity Common shares, no par value per share - unlimited shares authorized; 5,841,045 and 315,916 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and December						
31, 2022, respectively*	15		49,828,942		27,142,762	
Additional paid-in-capital	15		3,472,444		16,816,695	
Obligation to issue shares	15		97,094		-	
Accumulated deficit			(44,507,304)		(32,774,094)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			(326,596)		(642,710)	
Total shareholders' equity			8,564,580		10,542,653	
Total Cabildian and abanahald 1 '4-			15.075.005	Φ.	21.01.00	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$	17,367,927	\$	21,846,893	

^{*}reflects the 1:50 reverse stock split effected on October 11, 2023.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in US dollars)
For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Note	 2023		2022		
Revenue	16	\$ 16,281	\$	_		
Cost of sales		13,577		_		
Gross profit		2,704		-		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Wages and salaries		2,961,569		3,403,099		
Write down of construction in progress deposit	8	1,963,304		_		
Consulting	-	1,281,236		2,561,908		
Professional fees		1,188,984		2,669,022		
Office and administrative		1,041,725		1,327,739		
Share based compensation	15	841,081		940,945		
Depreciation and amortization	6 & 7	679,844		22,413		
Investor and public relations		447,725		907,436		
Lease expense	20	290,017		318,962		
Sales and marketing		221,840		387,130		
Shareholder and regulatory		121,472		221,083		
Travel and entertainment		110,224		280,838		
Research and development	19	6,589		615,693		
		 11,155,610		13,656,268		
Operating loss		(11,152,906)		(13,656,268)		
OTHER EXPENSES / (INCOME)						
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		75,009		(290,079)		
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities	13	(9,360,886)		(3,719,869)		
Accretion of interest on debentures	11	7,963,299		3,396,578		
Loss (gain) on conversion of convertible debt	11 11	1,190,730 680,935		(93,973)		
Loss on debt extinguishment	11			-		
Write-off of deposit Other loss	6 & 20	12,000 105,684		-		
Other income	0 & 20	(86,467)		(75,823)		
Net loss		(11,733,210)		(12,873,102)		
Other comprehensive loss						
Foreign currency translation		 316,114		(609,624)		
Comprehensive loss		\$ (11,417,096)	\$	(13,482,726)		
Basic and diluted net loss*		\$ (10.11)	\$	(35.60)		
Weighted average number of common shares						
outstanding – basic and diluted*		1,160,523		361,607		

*reflects the 1:50 reverse stock split effected on October 11, 2023.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Expressed in US dollars, except share numbers)

	Note	Commo # of Shares*	n Shares Amount	,	Additional Paid-in- capital		bligation to issue shares	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	S	Total hareholders' Equity
Balance,	Note	# 01 Shares	Amount	-	Сарпат	-	Shares	Deficit	ilicollie (loss)	_	Equity
December 31, 2021 Shares issued for	11	303,534	\$25,637,543	\$	2,203,343	\$	93,295	\$(19,900,992)	\$ (33,086)	\$	8,000,103
conversion of convertible debt	& 15	1,351	131,532		-		-	-	-		131,532
Shares issued for compensation Shares issued for consulting	15	5,336	520,230		-		-	-	_		520,230
services	15	5,695	853,457		_		(93,295)	_	_		760,162
Prefunded	4 &	3,073	055,157				()3,2)3)				700,102
warrants issued Share based	7	-	-		14,192,637		-	-	-		14,192,637
compensation	15		_		420,715						420,715
Net loss	13				420,713		_	(12,873,102)	_		(12,873,102)
Foreign currency		_	_		_		_	(12,073,102)	_		(12,073,102)
translation		_			-	_			(609,624)) _	(609,624)
Balance,											
December 31, 2022		315,916	\$27,142,762	\$	16,816,695	\$		\$(32,774,094)	\$ (642,710)) <u>\$</u>	10,542,653
Shares issued for	11										
conversion of	&										
convertible debt	15	4,566,970	9,292,871		-		-	-	-		9,292,871
Shares issued for	1.7	54.002	240 100				07.004				445 202
compensation	15	54,083	348,199		-		97,094	-	-		445,293
Shares issued for											
consulting services	15	590,000	224 211								224 211
Shares issued for	13	580,900	324,311		-		-	-	-		324,311
cash, net of											
issuance costs	15	124,652	939,695								939,695
Shares issued in	13	124,032	939,093		_		_		-		939,093
private		20.000	204.000								204.000
placement	15	20,000	204,880		-		-	-	-		204,880
Shares issued on conversion of vested prefunded	7 &										
warrants	15	141,175	11 576 224		(11,576,224)						
Fractional shares issued due to	13	141,173	11,370,224	,	(11,370,224)		_	-	_		-
roundup from		27.240									
reverse split Cancelled		37,349	-		-		-	-	-		-
prefunded											
warrants	4	_	_		(2,085,960)		_	_	_		(2,085,960)
Share based					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						. , ,
compensation	15	_	-		317,933		-	_	-		317,933
Net loss		-	-		-		-	(11,733,210)	-		(11,733,210)
Foreign currency translation								, , , ,	316,114		
ti alisiatiOli				_		_			310,114	_	316,114

5,841,045 \$49,828,942 \$ 3,472,444 \$ 97,094 \$(44,507,304) \$ (326,596) \$ 8,564,580

*reflects the 1:50 reverse stock split effected on October 11, 2023.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in US Dollars)
For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Note	2023		2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net loss for the year		\$ (11,733,210)	\$	(12,873,102)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in						
operating activities:						
Write down of construction in progress deposit	8	1,963,304		-		
Depreciation and amortization	6 & 7	679,844		22,413		
Share based compensation	15	317,933		420,715		
Shares issued for consulting services	15	324,311		760,162		
Shares issued for compensation	15	445,293		520,230		
Loss (gain) on debt conversion		1,190,730		(93,973)		
Loss on debt extinguishment		680,935		-		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		75,362		-		
Loss on termination of right of use asset		30,322		-		
Amortization of debt issuance costs		7,764,872		3,057,825		
Write-off of deposit		12,000		-		
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities		(9,360,886)		(3,719,869)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Other receivables		18,082		(16,615)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		313,470		(274,302)		
Inventories		(38,857)		-		
Lease deposit asset		(63,708)		-		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		834,147		75,552		
Right-of-use asset		-		297,034		
Lease liabilities		-		(255,429)		
Contract liabilities		15,300		-		
Lease deposit liability		25,684		-		
Net cash used in operating activities		(6,505,072)		(12,079,359)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		/				
Purchase of investment	9	(225,000)				
Acquisition of equipment and leasehold improvements		-		(104,986)		
Payment against acquisition of intangibles	7	-		(500,000)		
Return of deposit on purchase of land		-		20,000		
Construction in progress		<u>-</u>		(55,028)		
Net cash used in investing activities		 (225,000)		(640,014)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from common shares issued for cash		1,342,915		_		
Share issuance costs paid		(153,220)		_		
Proceeds from debentures – net of discount		9,615,385		12,750,000		
Repayment of convertible debentures		(2,143,091)		(2,805,000)		
Financing costs of debentures		(387,917)		(1,634,894)		
Payment for acquisition of intangible asset	7	(307,717)		(750,000)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	,	 8,274,072		7,560,106		
1 7 8		0,271,072		7,000,100		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		65,258		(346,703)		
Change in cash		1,609,258		(5,505,970		
Cash, beginning of year		 2,269,320		7,775,290		
Cash, end of year		\$ 3,878,578	\$	2,269,320		
Supplemental cash flow information:						
Cash paid during the period for interest		\$ 198,427	\$	338,753		
				,.,.,.		

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and		
financing transactions		
Initial fair value of debenture warrants ("Second		
Tranche Warrants")	\$ 2,378,000	\$ -
Initial fair value of conversion feature of debentures		
("Second Tranche Debentures")	1,599,000	-
Initial fair value of debenture warrants ("Third Tranche		
Warrants")	1,251,000	-
Initial fair value of conversion feature of debentures		
("Third Tranche Debentures")	1,152,000	-
Initial fair value of debenture warrants ("Fourth		
Tranche Warrants")	1,053,000	-
Initial fair value of conversion feature of debentures		
("Fourth Tranche Debentures")	1,065,000	-
Reclassified accrued construction in progress fees	39,875	-
Shares issued for conversion of convertible debt	9,292,871	131,532
Initial fair value of debenture warrants (First Tranche		
Warrants")	-	4,080,958
Initial fair value of conversion feature of debentures		
("First Tranche Debentures")	-	3,336,535
Prefunded warrants issued related to intangible assets	-	12,106,677
Prefunded warrants related to land deposit	-	2,085,960
Prefunded warrants related to land deposit cancelled	2,085,960	-
Initial operating lease liability recognized under Topic		
842	-	1,776,599
Initial lease right-of-use asset recognized under Topic		
842	=	1,837,782

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in US Dollars, except where noted)

1. BUSINESS OVERVIEW

AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. ("AgriFORCETM" of the "Company") was incorporated as a private company by Articles of Incorporation issued pursuant to the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act (British Columbia)* on December 22, 2017. The Company's registered and records office address is at 800 – 525 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V5Z 1C6.

The Company is an innovative agriculture-focused technology company that delivers reliable, financially robust solutions for high value crops through our proprietary facility design and automation Intellectual Property to businesses and enterprises globally through our AgriFORCETM Solutions division ("Solutions") and delivers nutritious food products through our AgriFORCETM Brands division ("Brands"). During 2023, the Company launched its Un(THINK) Awakened FlourTM flour, which is a nutritious flour that provides many health advantages over traditional flour.

Solutions intends to operate in the plant based pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, and other high value crop markets using its unique proprietary facility design and hydroponics based automated growing system that enable cultivators to effectively grow crops in a controlled environment ("FORCEGH+TM"). The Company has designed FORCEGH+TM facilities to produce in virtually any environmental condition and to optimize crop yields to as near their full genetic potential possible whilst substantially eliminating the need for the use of pesticides and/or irradiation. The Company also has a global license to sell and distribute hydroxyl devices. During 2023, the Company completed sales and deliveries of its hydroxyl devices.

Brands is focused on the development and commercialization of plant-based ingredients and products that deliver healthier and more nutritious solutions. We will market and commercialize both branded consumer product offerings and ingredient supply.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying audited consolidated financial statements (the "financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

The financial statements and accompanying notes are the representations of the Company's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. In the opinion of the Company's management, the financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are normal and recurring in nature, necessary for fair financial statement presentation.

Principal of Consolidation

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of our wholly owned subsidiaries. We consolidate variable interest entities (VIEs) when we have variable interests and are the primary beneficiary. The Company has no VIEs.

All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries:

Name of entity:	Country of Incorporation	Purpose	Date of Incorporation
AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd.	Canada	Parent Company	Dec 22, 2017
		Food Product	
un(Think) Food Company Canada Ltd.*	Canada	Manufacturing	Dec 4, 2019
		Real Estate Holding and	
West Pender Holdings, Inc.	United States	Development Company	Sep 1, 2018
AgriFORCE Investments Inc.	United States	Holding Company	Apr 9, 2019
		Management Advisory	
West Pender Consulting Company	United States	Services	Jul 9, 2019
AGI IP Co.	United States	Intellectual Property	Mar 5, 2020
		Food Product	
un(Think) Food Company	United States	Manufacturing	June 20, 2022
AgriFORCE Europe BV***	Belgium	Holding Company	March 29, 2023
AgriFORCE Belgium BV***	Belgium	Holding Company	March 29, 2023
GrowForce BV***	Belgium	Holding Company	June 19, 2023

- * un(Think) Food Company Canada Ltd. changed its name from Daybreak AG Systems Ltd. on August 19, 2022.
 ** West Pender Consulting Company changed its name from West Pender Management Co. on August 1, 2022.
 *** Entities have no activity and are in the process of being dissolved.

AgriFORCE (Barbados) Ltd.***

Functional and Reporting Currency

The functional currency for each entity included in these consolidated financial statements is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. These consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("USD"). Currency conversion to USD is performed in accordance with ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of our financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant estimates reflected in these financial statements include, but are not limited to, accounting for share-based compensation, valuation of derivative liabilities, valuation of embedded conversion feature, going concern, impairment as well as depreciation method. Actual results could differ from these estimates and those differences could be material.

Going Concern

The Company has incurred substantial operating losses since its inception, and expects to continue to incur significant operating losses for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable. As reflected in the financial statements, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$44.5 million at December 31, 2023, a net loss of approximately \$11.7 million, and approximately \$6.5 million of net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The Company anticipates incurring additional losses until such time, if ever, that it can obtain marketing approval to sell, and then generate significant sales, of its technology that is currently in development. The Company will need to raise additional capital in order to fund its operations and to develop and commercialize its technology. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is seeking additional financing to support its growth plans. The sale of additional equity may dilute existing shareholders and newly issued shares may contain senior rights and preferences compared to currently outstanding common shares.

Reverse Stock Split

On October 11, 2023, the Company executed a one-for-fifty reverse stock split of the Company's common shares (the "Reverse Split"). As a result of the Reverse Split, every 50 shares of the Company's old common shares were converted into one share of the Company's new common shares. Fractional shares resulting from the reverse split were rounded up to the nearest whole number. The Reverse Split automatically and proportionately adjusted all issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common shares, as well as convertible debentures, convertible features, prefunded warrants, stock options and warrants outstanding at the time of the date of the Reverse Split. The exercise price on outstanding equity based-grants was proportionately increased, while the number of shares available under the Company's equity-based plans was proportionately reduced. Share and per share data (except par value) for the periods presented reflect the effects of the Reverse Split. References to numbers of common shares and per share data in the accompanying financial statements and notes thereto for periods ended prior to October 11, 2023 have been adjusted to reflect the Reverse Split on a retroactive basis.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash

The Company's cash consists of cash maintained in checking and interest-bearing accounts. The Company accounts for financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase as cash equivalents. The Company held no cash equivalents as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Inventories

Inventories consist of finished goods of milled flour and related packaging material recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value with the cost measured using the average cost method. Inventories includes all costs that relate to bringing the inventory to its present condition and location under normal operating conditions.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are initially recognized at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Company's management. Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognized on a straight-line basis to write down the cost less estimated residual value of computer equipment and furniture and fixtures. The following useful lives are applied:

Computer equipment 3 years Furniture and fixtures 7 years

Leasehold improvements Lower of estimated useful life or remaining lease term

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognized in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.

Construction in progress includes construction progress payments, deposits, engineering costs, interest expense for debt financing on long-term construction projects and other costs directly related to the construction of the facilities. Expenditures are capitalized during the construction period and construction in progress is transferred to the relevant class of property and equipment when the assets are available for use, at which point the depreciation of the asset commences.

Definite Lived Intangible Asset

Definite lived intangible asset consists of a granted patent. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful life of the granted patent is 20 years and the patent was available for use starting January 2023.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. In order to determine if assets have been impaired, assets are grouped and tested at the lowest level for which identifiable independent cash flows are available ("asset group"). An impairment loss is recognized when

the sum of projected undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying value of the asset group. The measurement of the impairment loss to be recognized is based on the difference between the fair value and the carrying value of the asset group. Fair value can be determined using a market approach, income approach or cost approach. The reversal of impairment losses is prohibited.

Investments

The Company accounts for its investments in accordance with ASC 321, Investments – Equity Securities ("ASC 321"). The Company's investment does not have a readily determinable fair value, therefore the Company has elected to account for its investment at cost, less impairment. Adjustments to fair value are made when there are observable transactions that provide an indicator of fair value. Additionally, if qualitative factors demonstrate a potential impairment to the investment, fair value must be estimated, and the investment written down if the fair value is lower than the carrying value.

Convertible Instruments

The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in its convertible instruments in accordance with ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"), which provides that if three criteria are met, the Company is required to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free-standing derivative financial instruments. These three criteria include circumstances in which;

- (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract;
- (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur; and
- (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument.

ASC 815 also provides an exception to this rule when the host instrument is deemed to be conventional as defined under professional standards as "The Meaning of Conventional Convertible Debt Instrument.". Accordingly, the Company records, when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. Debt discounts under these arrangements are amortized over the term of the related debt to their earliest date of redemption. The Company also records when necessary deemed dividends for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in preferred shares based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. ASC 815 provides that, among other things, generally, if an event is not within the entity's control or could require net cash settlement, then the contract shall be classified as an asset or a liability.

Leases

The Company determines at the inception of a contract if the arrangement is or contains a lease. A contract is or contains a lease if the contract gives the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company classifies leases at the lease commencement date as operating or finance leases and records a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with an initial lease term of greater than 12 months. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet, but payments are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company's contracts can contain both lease and non-lease components. The non-lease components may include maintenance, utilities, and other operating costs. The Company combines the lease and non-lease components of fixed costs in its leases as a single lease component. Variable costs, such as utilities or maintenance costs, are not included in the measurement of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. These costs are expensed when the event determining the amount of variable consideration to be paid occurs.

Lease liabilities and their corresponding right-of-use assets are recorded based on the present value of future lease payments over the expected lease term. The Company determines the present value of future lease payments by using its estimated secured incremental borrowing rate for that lease term as the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The Company estimates its incremental borrowing rate for each lease based on the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments over a similar term.

Revenue Recognition

Product revenue in 2023 was limited to sales from hydroxyl generators and will expand to include sales of our un(Think) Foods products in 2024. We recognize product revenue when we satisfy performance obligations by transferring control of the promised products or services to customers. Product revenue is recognized at a point in time when control of the promised good or service is transferred to the customer, which is at the point of shipment or delivery of the goods.

Contract Balances

We recognize a receivable when the Company has a right to consideration for which the Company has completed the performance obligations and only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

We recognize a contract asset when revenue is recognized prior to invoicing.

We recognize a contract liability when a customer provides payment to the Company for a performance obligation not yet satisfied.

Payment terms generally require payments within 30 days.

Loss per Common Share

The Company presents basic and diluted loss per share data for its common shares. Basic loss per common share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The number of common shares used in the loss per shares calculation includes all outstanding common shares plus all common shares issuable for which there are no conditions to issue other than time. Diluted loss per common share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of common shares outstanding to assume conversion of all potentially dilutive share equivalents, such as stock options and warrants and assumes the receipt of proceeds upon exercise of the dilutive securities to determine the number of shares assumed to be purchased at the average market price during the year.

Research and Development

Expenditure on research and development activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognized as expense when incurred.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries whose functional currencies are the local currencies are translated into USD for consolidation as follows: assets and liabilities at the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date, shareholders' equity at the historical rates of exchange, and income and expense amounts at the average exchange rate for the period. Translation adjustments resulting from the translation of the subsidiaries' accounts are included in "Accumulated other comprehensive income" as equity in the consolidated balance sheets. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the applicable functional currency are converted to the functional currency at the exchange rate on the transaction date. At period end, monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured to the reporting currency using exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured at historical exchange rates. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included within non-operating expenses.

Fair value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Company's accounts receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the relatively short maturities of these items.

As part of the issuance of debentures on June 30, 2022, January 17, 2023, October 18, 2023 and November 30, 2023 as well as the private placement on June 20, 2023, the Company issued warrants having strike price denominated in USD. This creates an obligation to issue shares for a price that is not denominated in the Company's functional currency and renders the warrants not indexed to the Company's stock, and therefore, must be classified as a derivative liability and measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. On the same basis, the Series A Warrants and the representative warrants issued as part of the IPO are also classified as a derivative liability and measured at fair value.

The fair value of the Company's warrants is determined in accordance with FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement," which establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the assumptions (inputs) to valuation techniques used to price assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value. The hierarchy, as defined below, gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The guidance for fair value measurements requires that assets and liabilities measured at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Defined as observable inputs, such as quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Defined as observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1. This includes quoted prices for similar
 assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or
 other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or
 liabilities.
- Level 3: Defined as unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are supported by little or no market activity and that
 are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include those whose
 fair value measurements are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar valuation
 techniques, as well as significant management judgment or estimation.

Income Taxes

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted at period-end.

Deferred tax assets, including those arising from tax loss carryforwards, requires management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate sufficient taxable earnings in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

The Company operates in various tax jurisdictions and is subject to audit by various tax authorities.

The Company records uncertain tax positions based on a two-step process whereby (1) a determination is made as to whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on the technical merits of the position and (2) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold the Company recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties accrued on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. Significant judgment is required in the identification of uncertain tax positions and in the estimation of penalties and interest on uncertain tax positions.

There were no material uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Share Based Compensation

The Company generally uses the straight-line method to allocate compensation cost to reporting periods over each optionee's requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period, and estimates the fair value of stock-based awards to employees and directors using the Black-Scholes option-valuation model (the "Black-Scholes model"). This model incorporates certain assumptions for inputs including a risk-free market interest rate, expected dividend yield of the underlying common stock, expected option life, and expected volatility in the market value of the underlying common stock. The Company recognizes any forfeitures as they occur.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Start-ups Act of 2012, (the "JOBS Act"). Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for complying with new or revised accounting standards applicable to public companies. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06 "Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity's Own Equity" ("ASU 2020-06"). The intention of ASU 2020-06 is to address the complexities in accounting for certain financial instruments with a debt and equity component. Under ASU 2020-06, the number of accounting models for convertible notes will be reduced and entities that issue convertible debt will be required to use the if-converted method for the computation of diluted "Earnings per share" under ASC 260. ASC 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and may be adopted through either a modified retrospective method of transition or a fully retrospective method of transition. ASU 2020-06 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2023. Since the Company had a net loss for the year ended December 31, 2023 and its convertible debentures were determined to be anti-dilutive, there was no material impact to its basic and diluted net loss per share for the period as a result of adopting ASU 2020-06.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses." The standard, including subsequently issued amendments, requires a financial asset measured at amortized cost basis, such as accounts receivable and certain other financial assets, to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected based on relevant information about past events, including historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectability of the reported amount. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, and interim periods within those fiscal years, and requires the modified retrospective approach. ASU 2016-13 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2023. Based on the composition of the Company's affected financial assets, current market conditions, and historical credit loss activity, the adoption did not have a material impact to these annual financial statements.

In October 2021, FASB issued ASU 2021-08, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers. Under ASU 2021-08, an acquirer must recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. ASU 2021-08 was adopted on January 1, 2023 and did not have a material impact to these annual financial statements.

In November 2023, FASB issued ASU 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 820): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures." ASU 2023-07 provides guidance to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. We are currently assessing the impact this guidance will have on our financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures." ASU 2023-09 requires companies to provide enhanced rate reconciliation disclosures, including disclosure of specific categories and additional information for reconciling items. The standard also requires companies to disaggregate income taxes paid by federal, state and foreign taxes. ASU 2023-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We are currently assessing the impact this guidance will have on our financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by FASB that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption. The Company does not discuss recent pronouncements that are not anticipated to have an impact on or are unrelated to its financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or disclosures.

Reclassifications

The Company has reclassified certain share base payment expenses from *Wages and salaries* to *Share based compensation* in the 2022 consolidated statements of comprehensive loss to align with the 2023 presentation.

4. PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS AND LAND DEPOSIT

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Deposits	\$ -	\$ 12,000
Legal retainer	8,039	24,457
Prepaid expenses	223,624	436,496
Inventory advances	30,654	-
Deferred offering costs	-	100,337
Others	10,555	25,052
	\$ 272,872	\$ 598,342

On August 31, 2022, the Company signed a purchase and sale agreement with Stronghold Power Systems, Inc. ("Stronghold"), to purchase approximately seventy acres of land located in the City of Coachella as well as the completion of certain permitting, zoning, and infrastructure work by Stronghold for a total purchase price of \$4,300,000. The purchase price consists of:

- (i) \$1,500,000 in cash due on March 31, 2023.
- (ii) A first stock deposit of \$1,700,000 in prefunded warrants. The Company issued 13,917 prefunded warrants on September 9, 2022 to Stronghold.
- (iii) A second stock deposit \$1,100,000 in prefunded warrants. The Company issued 9,005 prefunded warrants on September 9, 2022 to Stronghold.

At December 31, 2022 the \$2,085,960 of prefunded warrants were recorded under land deposit in relation to the Stronghold

agreement.

On March 31, 2023 the prefunded warrants issued were rescinded and the warrants were rendered null and void as the Company presented a termination notice to Stronghold and the value under land deposit was also reversed.

5. INVENTORIES

As at December 31, 2023, the Company had \$38,857 (December 31, 2022 - nil) in finished goods.

6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	December 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022
Leasehold improvements	\$ -	\$	86,979
Computer equipment	30,812		39,112
Furniture and fixtures	10,299		37,590
Total property and equipment	41,111		163,681
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(29,310)		(42,009)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 11,801	\$	121,672

Depreciation expense on property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2023 was \$24,892 (December 31, 2022 - \$22,413). During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company disposed of property and equipment which resulted in a loss of \$75,362 (December 31, 2022 - \$nil). This is included in other losses.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSET

Intangible asset represents \$12,733,885 (December 31, 2022 - \$13,089,377) for intellectual property ("Manna IP") acquired under an asset purchase agreement with Manna Nutritional Group, LLC ("Manna") dated September 10, 2021. The Manna IP encompasses patented technologies to naturally process and convert grains, pulses, and root vegetables, into low-starch, low-sugar, high-protein, fiber-rich baking flour products, as well as a wide range of breakfast cereals, juices, natural sweeteners, and baking enhancers. The Company paid \$1,475,000 in cash and issued 147,600 prefunded warrants valued at \$12,106,677 (the "Purchase Price"). Subject to a 9.99% stopper and SEC Rule 144 restrictions, the prefunded warrants will vest in tranches up until March 10, 2024. When vested the tranches of prefunded warrants are convertible into an equal number of common shares.

On January 3, 2023, Manna satisfied all of its contractual obligations when the patent was approved by the US Patent and Trademark Office and the title was transferred to the Company. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued 141,175 shares in relation to this transaction. As at December 31, 2023, there were 6,425 unconverted prefunded warrants outstanding.

Based on the terms above and in conformity with US GAAP, the Company accounted for purchase as an asset acquisition. The asset was completed and will be amortized over its useful life of 20 years. The Company recorded \$654,952 in amortization expense related to the Manna IP for the year ended December 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 - \$nil).

The estimated annual amortization expense for the next five years are as follows:

Period ending:	Amount
2024	\$ 670,205
2025	670,205
2026	670,205
2027	670,205
2028	670,205
Subsequent years	9,382,860
Total	\$ 12,733,885

8. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The Company engaged external contractors to begin construction work on its first facility. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company terminated the agreement with one of its construction contractors and wrote down the deposit of \$1,963,304 as the return of the deposit is being disputed with the construction contractor. As of December 31, 2023, \$113,566 (December 31, 2022 – \$2,092,533) represents progress payments related to facility construction.

9. INVESTMENT

On June 18, 2023, the Company signed a memorandum of understanding with Radical Clean Solutions Ltd. ("RCS") to purchase common shares issued by RCS. The Company paid RCS \$225,000 for 14% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Under the terms of the MOU, the use of proceeds is exclusively for the advance purchase of hydroxyls generating devices for commercial sales into controlled environment agriculture, food manufacturing, warehousing and transportation verticals. The Company will receive one of five board of director seats of RCS and has a right of first refusal to maintain an ownership percentage in RCS of not less than 10% of the total issued and outstanding common shares. On October 1, 2023 the Company and RCS signed a definitive agreement to convert the advance into a 14% ownership investment in RCS.

As at December 31, 2023, the carrying value of the investment in RCS was \$223,801 adjusted for foreign exchange differences of \$1,199. As at December 31, 2023, there were no qualitative factors demonstrating potential impairment.

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Accounts payable	\$	578,128	\$	498,188
Accrued expenses		868,451		365,521
Others		495,432		284,030
	\$	1,942,011	\$	1,147,739

11. DEBENTURES

On June 30, 2022, the Company executed the definitive agreements (the "Purchase Agreements") with arm's length accredited institutional investors (the "Investors") for \$14,025,000 in debentures with a 10% original issue discount for gross proceeds of \$12,750,000 ("First Tranche Debentures"). The First Tranche Debentures were convertible into common shares at \$111.00 per share. In addition, the Investors received 82,129 warrants at a strike price of \$122.10, which expire on December 31, 2025 (the "First Tranche Warrants"). The First Tranche Warrants and First Tranche Debentures each have down round provisions whereby the conversion and strike prices will be adjusted downward if the Company issues equity instruments at lower prices. The First Tranche Warrants strike price and the First Tranche Debenture conversion price will be adjusted down to the effective conversion price of the issued equity instruments. The transaction costs incurred in relation to first tranche were \$1,634,894. The Debentures are senior to all other indebtedness or claims in right of payment, other than indebtedness secured by purchase money security interested.

The Investors had the right to purchase additional tranches of \$5,000,000 each, up to a total additional principal amount of \$33,000,000.

On January 17, 2023, the Investors purchased additional debentures totaling \$5,076,923 with a 10% original issue discount for gross proceeds of \$4,615,385 (the "Second Tranche Debenture"). The Second Tranche Debentures were convertible into common shares at \$62.00 per share and the Investors received an additional 53,226 warrants at a strike price of \$62.00, which expire on December 31, 2025 (the "Second Tranche Warrants"). The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First Tranche Debentures and the First Tranche Warrants to \$62.00. The transaction costs incurred in relation to second tranche were \$325,962.

On June 26, 2023, the Company entered into waiver and amendment agreements ("Debenture Modification Agreements") with the Investors to modify terms of the Purchase Agreements. The Debenture Modification Agreements provide as follows:

- 1. The July 1, 2023 interest and principal payments will be settled with the Company's Common Shares
- 2. The Conversion Price has been reduced to the lower of \$22.50 or the price of subsequent dilutive issuances under the Company's ATM program.
- 3. 100% of ATM proceeds up to \$1 million USD may be kept by Company, while any dollar amount over this threshold will be distributed 33% to the Company and 67% to the Investors.
- 4. The minimum tranche value for Additional Closings has been reduced from \$5.0 million to \$2.5 million.
- 5. The Investors have each agreed to raise no objection to one or more private placements of securities by the Company with an aggregate purchase price of up to \$1,000,000 at a purchase price of at least \$12.50 per common share and two-year warrant (with a per share exercise price of \$25.00, and no registration rights).
- 6. The Company may not prepay any portion of the principal amount of this Debenture without the prior written consent of the Investor; However the Company must apply the approved or percentage of approved gross proceeds from the sale of its Common Stock from an at-the-market offering to prepay this Debenture (pro-rated among all Debentures) and shall be permitted to prepay the Debentures notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Debenture or the Purchase Agreement.

On August 9, 2023, the Company entered into another waiver and amendment agreement ("Agreement") with the Investors with respect to a certain Senior Convertible Debenture (the "Debentures") due July 17, 2025 issued by the Company to that Investor. The Agreement provides as follows:

- 1. The Company wishes to make Monthly Redemptions in shares of the Company's Common Stock in lieu of cash payments, until further written notice from the Company to the Purchaser.
- 2. The Purchaser is willing to accept such shares as payment of the Monthly Redemption Amount provided that the Equity Conditions are met; and will consider on a case-by-case basis accepting payments in shares of Common Stock if the Equity Conditions are not met, at its sole discretion. The Company may inquire of the Purchaser at least five (5) Trading Days prior to a Monthly Redemption Date whether the Purchaser is willing to accept Shares without the Equity Conditions having been met. An email reply from the Purchaser shall be sufficient evidence of such monthly waiver.
- 3. The Purchaser will accept the August 1, 2023 Monthly Redemption Amount in shares of Common Stock valued at the August 1 Repayment Price for such date.

On October 18, 2023, the Investors purchased additional debentures totaling \$2,750,000 with a 10% original issue discount for gross proceeds of \$2,500,000 (the "Third Tranche Debenture"). The Third Tranche Debentures were convertible into common shares at \$2.62 per share and the Investors received an additional 620,230 warrants at a strike price of \$2.62, which expire on April 18, 2027 (the "Third Tranche Warrants"). The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First and Second Tranche Debentures and the First and Second Tranche Warrants to \$2.62. The transaction costs incurred in relation to third tranche were \$31,915.

On November 30, 2023, the Investors purchased additional debentures totaling \$2,750,000 with a 10% original issue discount for gross proceeds of \$2,500,000 (the "Fourth Tranche Debenture"). The Fourth Tranche Debentures were convertible into common shares at \$0.90 per share and the Investors received an additional 1,986,112 warrants at a strike price of \$0.90, which expire on May 30, 2027 (the "Fourth Tranche Warrants"). The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second and Third Tranche Debentures and the First, Second and Third Tranche Warrants to \$0.90. The transaction costs incurred in relation to fourth tranche were \$30,040.

The First, Second, Third and Fourth Tranche Debentures (the "Debentures") have an interest rate of 5% for the first 12 months, 6% for the subsequent 12 months, and 8% per annum thereafter. Principal repayments will be made in 25 equal installments which began on September 1, 2022 for the First Tranche Debentures, July 1, 2023 for the Second Tranche Debentures, January 1, 2024 for the Third Tranche Debentures and May 1, 2024 for the Fourth Tranche Debentures. The Debentures may be extended by nine months at the election of the Company by paying a sum equal to nine months' interest on the principal amount outstanding at the end of the 18th month, at the rate of 8% per annum.

The following table summarizes our outstanding debentures as of the dates indicated:

	<u>Maturity</u>	Cash Interest Rate	De	ecember 31, 2023	Do	ecember 31, 2022
Principal (First Tranche Debentures)	12/31/2024	5.00% - 8.00%	\$	3,029,676	\$	11,070,000
Principal (Second Tranche Debentures)	07/17/2025	5.00% - 8.00%		2,940,461		-
Principal (Third Tranche Debentures)	04/18/2026	5.00% - 8.00%		2,750,000		-
Principal (Fourth Tranche Debentures)	06/01/2026	5.00% - 8.00%		2,750,000		-
Debt issuance costs and discounts (Note 11 &						
13)				(7,385,494)		(7,128,084)
Total Debentures (current)			\$	4,084,643	\$	3,941,916

The effective interest rates of the First Tranche Debentures were 168.60% and 18.5% as of December 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 – 168.60% for both First Tranche Debentures). The fair value of the First Tranche Debentures as of December 31, 2023 was \$3,113,000 (Level 3).

The effective interest rates of the Second Tranche Debentures were 320.16% as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The fair value of the First Tranche Debentures as of December 31, 2023 was \$3,188,000 (Level 3).

The effective interest rates of the Third Tranche Debentures were 970.08% as of December 31, 2023. The fair value of the First Tranche Debentures as of December 31, 2023 was \$2,946,000 (Level 3).

The effective interest rates of the Fourth Tranche Debentures were 218.52% as of December 31, 2023. The fair value of the First Tranche Debentures as of December 31, 2023 was \$3,006,000 (Level 3).

On November 30, 2023, an Investor converted \$1,489,974 of the First Tranche Debentures into 1,655,527 shares of the Company. The conversion was determined to be an extinguishment of the existing debt and issuance of new debt. As a result, the Company recorded a loss on debt extinguishment in the amount of \$680,935.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Investors converted \$6,543,721 of principal and \$426,661 of interest into 2,911,443 shares of the Company resulting in a \$1,190,730 loss on the conversion of convertible debentures.

During the year, the investors provided waivers for certain monthly redemptions to be settled in shares despite the Company not meeting the equity conditions, which require daily trading volume for the Common Stock on the principal Trading Market exceeds \$1,000,000 per Trading Day for 20 consecutive days.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recorded \$7,963,299 of accretion interest.

Subsequent to the year end, an Investor purchased an additional tranche of \$1,100,000. The convertible debt and warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.214. The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Tranche Debentures and the First, Second, Third and Fourth Tranche Warrants to \$0.214.

12. CONTRACT BALANCES

As at December 31, 2023, contact balances consisted of \$15,336 of advance payments for product sales not yet delivered, which are recognized as a contract liability (December 31, 2022 - \$nil).

13. DERIVATIVE LIABILITIES

The Company's derivative liabilities consist of warrants, denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency (the "Warrant Liabilities") and conversion rights embedded in the Debentures (the "Debenture Convertible Features"), see Note 11.

Warrant Liabilities

As at December 31, 2023, the Warrant Liabilities represent aggregate fair value of publicly traded 61,765 Series A warrants ("IPO Warrants"), 2,721 representative's warrants ("Rep Warrants"), 82,129 First Tranche Warrants, 53,226 Second Tranche Warrants, 620,230 Third Tranche Warrants, 1,986,112 Fourth Tranche Warrants and 20,000 warrants issued in a private placement (Note 15) on June 20, 2023 ("Private Placement Warrants").

The fair value of the Private Placement Warrants amounted to \$23 (June 20, 2023 - \$45,120). As at December 31, 2023 the Company utilized the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for the Private Placement Warrants and used the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (June 20, 2023 - \$12.50), dividend yield - nil (June 20, 2023 - nil), expected volatility 105% (June 20, 2023 - 65.0%), risk free rate of return 3.88% (June 20, 2023 - 4.58%), and expected term of 1.50 years (June 20, 2023 - expected term of 2 years).

The fair value of the IPO Warrants and Rep Warrants amounted to \$11,285 (December 31, 2022 - \$275,115). The Rep Warrants are exercisable one year from the effective date of the IPO registration statement and will expire three years after the effective date.

The fair value of the First Tranche Warrants amounted to \$24,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$2,917,000). As at December 31, 2023 the Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model to value the First Tranche Warrants using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (December 31, 2022 - \$56.50), dividend yield - nil (December 31, 2022 - nil), expected volatility 100.0% (December 31, 2022 - 95.0%), risk free rate of return 4.23% (December 31, 2022 - 4.22%), and expected term of 2 years (December 31, 2022 - expected term of 3 years).

As at December 31, 2023 the Second Tranche Warrants had a fair value that amounted to \$15,000 (January 17, 2023 - \$2,378,000). As at December 31, 2023 the Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model to value the Second Tranche Warrants using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (January 17, 2023 - \$60.50), dividend yield – nil (January 17, 2023 – nil), expected volatility 105.0% (January 17, 2023 – 95.0%), risk free rate of return 4.12% (January 17, 2023 – 3.80%), and expected term of 2.55 years (January 17, 2023 – expected term of 3.5 years).

As at December 31, 2023 the Third Tranche Warrants had a fair value that amounted to \$192,000 (October 18, 2023 - \$1,251,000). As at December 31, 2023 the Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model to value the Second Tranche Warrants using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (October 18, 2023 - \$2.64), dividend yield – nil (October 18, 2023 – nil), expected volatility 107.5% (October 18, 2023 – 105.0%), risk free rate of return 3.98% (October 18, 2023 – 5.00%), and expected term of 3.3 years (October 18, 2023 – expected term of 3.5 years).

As at December 31, 2023 the Fourth Tranche Warrants had a fair value that amounted to \$724,000 (November 30, 2023 - \$1,053,000). As at December 31, 2023 the Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model to value the Second Tranche Warrants using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (November 30, 2023 - \$0.84), dividend yield - nil (November 30, 2023 - nil), expected volatility 107.5% (November 30, 2023 - 105.0%), risk free rate of return 3.97% (November 30, 2023 - 4.44%), and expected term of 3.42 years (November 30, 2023 - expected term of 3.5 years).

Debenture Convertible Feature

As at December 31, 2023 the fair value of the First Tranche Debentures' convertible feature amounted to \$164,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$1,457,000). The Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model for valuing the convertible feature using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (December 31, 2022 - \$56.50), dividend yield – nil (December 31, 2022 – nil), expected volatility 100.0% (December 31, 2022 – 95.0%), risk free rate of return 5.03% (December 31, 2022 – 4.41%), discount rate 17.50% (December 31, 2022 – 13.65%), and expected term of 1 year (December 31, 2022 – 2 years).

As at December 31, 2023 the fair value of the Second Tranche Debentures' convertible feature amounted to \$429,000 (January 17, 2023 - \$1,599,000). The Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model for valuing the convertible feature using the

following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (January 17, 2023 - \$60.50), dividend yield - nil (January 17, 2023 - nil), expected volatility 105.0% (January 17, 2023 - 95.0%), risk free rate of return 4.51% (January 17, 2023 - 4.02%), discount rate 17.50% (January 17, 2023 - 11.65%), and expected term of 1.55 years (January 17, 2023 - 2.50 years).

As at December 31, 2023 the fair value of the Third Tranche Debentures' convertible feature amounted to \$491,000 (October 18, 2023 - \$1,152,000). The Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model for valuing the convertible feature using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (October 18, 2023 - \$2.64), dividend yield - nil (October 18, 2023 - nil), expected volatility 107.5% (October 18, 2023 - 105.0%), risk free rate of return 4.12% (October 18, 2023 - 5.11%), discount rate 17.25% (October 18, 2023 - 18.25%), and expected term of 2.30 years (October 18, 2023 - 2.50 years).

As at December 31, 2023 the fair value of the Third Tranche Debentures' convertible feature amounted to \$640,000 (November 30, 2023 - \$1,065,000). The Company utilized the Monte Carlo option-pricing model for valuing the convertible feature using the following assumptions: stock price \$0.47 (November 30, 2023 - \$0.84), dividend yield - nil (November 30, 2023 - nil), expected volatility 107.5% (November 30, 2023 - 105.0%), risk free rate of return 4.12% (November 30, 2023 - 4.61%), discount rate 17.25% (November 30, 2023 - 18.25%), and expected term of 2.42 years (November 30, 2023 - 2.50 years).

The IPO Warrants, Rep Warrants, and Private Placement Warrants (the "Equity Warrants") are classified as Level 1 financial instruments, while the Debenture Warrants and Debenture Convertible Feature are classified as Level 3 financial instruments.

Changes in the fair value of Company's Level 1 and 3 financial instruments for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	Level 1 Level 3		Level 3	Level 3				
		Equity Warrants		Debenture Warrants		Debenture Convertible Feature		Total
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	275,115	\$	2,917,000	\$	1,457,000	\$	4,649,115
Additions		45,120		4,682,000		3,816,000		8,543,120
Conversions		-		-		(1,229,482)		(1,229,482)
Change in fair value		(314,995)		(6,670,231)		(2,375,660)		(9,360,886)
Effect of exchange rate changes		6,068		26,231		56,142		88,441
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	11,308	\$	955,000	\$	1,724,000	\$	2,690,308

Changes in the fair value of Company's Level 1 and 3 financial instruments for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

		Level 1		Level 3		Level 3		
	,	Equity Warrants		Debenture Warrants		Debenture Convertible Feature		Total
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,418,964	\$		\$		\$	1,418,964
Additions		-		4,080,958		3,336,535		7,417,493
Conversions		-		-		(63,723)		(63,723)
Change in fair value		(1,086,562)		(966,141)		(1,667,166)		(3,719,869)
Effect of exchange rate changes		(57,287)		(197,817)		(148,646)		(403,750)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	275,115	\$	2,917,000	\$	1,457,000	\$	4,649,115

Due to the expiry date of the warrants and conversion feature being subsequent to December 31, 2024, the liabilities have been classified as non-current.

14. LONG TERM LOAN

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Alterna Bank for a principal amount of \$30,243 (December 31, 2022 - \$29,533) (CAD\$40,000) under the Canada Emergency Business Account Program (the "Program").

The Program, as set out by the Government of Canada, requires that the funds from this loan shall only be used by the Company to pay non-deferrable operating expenses including, without limitation, payroll, rent, utilities, insurance, property tax and regularly scheduled debt service, and may not be used to fund any payments or expenses such as prepayment/refinancing of existing indebtedness, payments of dividends, distributions and increases in management compensation.

In April 2021, the Company applied for an additional loan with Alterna Bank under the Program and received \$15,122 (CAD\$20,000) (December 31, 2022 - \$14,767). The expansion loan is subject to the original terms and conditions of the Program.

The loan is interest free for an initial term that ends on January 18, 2024. Repaying the loan balance on or before January 18, 2024 will result in loan forgiveness of up to a third of loan value (up to CAD \$20,000). Any outstanding loan after initial term carries an interest rate of 5% per annum, payable monthly during the extended term i.e. January 19, 2024 to December 31, 2025. The loan is due December 31, 2026.

The balance as at December 31, 2023 was \$45,365 (CAD \$60,000) (December 31, 2022 - \$44,300 (CAD \$60,000)).

15. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized Share Capital

The Company is authorized to issue unlimited preferred shares with no par value and unlimited common shares with no par value.

b) Issued Share Capital

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued shares for cash under its at-the market agreement (the "ATM"). In total 124,652 shares were issued for \$1,092,915 less share issuance costs of \$153,220.

On June 20, 2023 the Company entered in to a private placement agreement issuing 20,000 units of one common share and one whole Private Placement Warrant at a strike price of \$25.00 with an expiry date of June 20, 2025 for total consideration of \$250,000. The fair value of the Private Placement Warrants at initial recognition was \$45,120.

On December 31, 2023, the Company owed \$97,094 worth of stock-based compensation to Company officers ("Shares issued for compensation"). The balance issuable was classified as an *Obligation to issue shares*.

The Company had the following common share transactions during the year ended December 31, 2023:

	# of shares	 Amount
Shares issued for cash, net of share issuance costs	124,652	\$ 939,695
Shares issued in private placement	20,000	204,880
Common shares issued for conversion of convertible debt	4,566,970	9,292,871
Shares issued on conversion of vested prefunded warrants	141,175	11,576,224
Shares issued for compensation	54,083	348,199
Common shares issued to consultants	580,900	324,311
Fractional shares issued due to roundup from reverse split	37,349	 <u>-</u>
Total common shares issued	5,525,129	\$ 22,686,180

The Company had the following common share transactions during the year ended December 31, 2022:

	# of shares	 Amount
Common shares issued for bonuses and compensation	5,336	\$ 520,230
Common shares issued for conversion of convertible debt	1,351	131,532
Common shares issued to consultants	5,695	 853,457
Total common shares issued	12,382	\$ 1,505,219

c) Stock Options

The Company has adopted a stock option plan (the "Option Plan") for its directors, officers, employees and consultants to acquire common shares of the Company. The terms and conditions of the stock options are determined by the Board of Directors.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recorded aggregate share-based compensation expense of \$317,933 (December 31, 2022 - \$420,715) for all stock options on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

As of December 31, 2023, 76,114 (December 31, 2022 - 27,652) options were outstanding at a weighted average exercise price of \$41.75 (December 31, 2022 - \$165.09), of which 26,300 (December 31, 2022 - 8,277) were exercisable.

The amounts recognized as share-based payments and stock options are included in share-based compensation in the Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss.

As of December 31, 2023, there was \$116,646 (December 31, 2022 - \$538,358) of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted; that cost is expected to be recognized over a period of 1 year (December 31, 2022 – 2 years).

The following summarizes stock option activity during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Weighted Average Average Life xercise Price Weighted (years)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	14,338	\$ 281.57	4.48
Granted	14,942	\$ 57.00	4.88
Forfeited	(512)	\$ 350.00	-
Cancelled	(1,116)	\$ 213.56	-
Balance at December 31, 2022	27,652	\$ 165.09	4.24
Granted	57,364	\$ 4.50	4.70
Forfeited	(3,776)	\$ 133.66	-
Cancelled	(5,126)	\$ 224.24	-
Balance at December 31, 2023	76,114	\$ 41.75	4.37

The Company's outstanding and exercisable stock options at December 31, 2023 were:

	О	utstanding Option	Exercisable Options			
Expiry Date	Number	Weighted Average Remaining Life (years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
			\$		\$	
June 30, 2026	1,844	2.50	179.57	1,844	179.57	
May 31, 2026	3,450	2.42	350.00	2,870	350.00	
July 15, 2026	1,109	2.54	350.00	828	350.00	
September 30, 2026	986	2.75	350.00	738	350.00	
November 18, 2027	11,361	3.88	57.00	5,676	57.00	
September 12, 2028	57,364	4.70	4.50	14,344	4.50	
Total Share Options	76,114	4.37	41.75	26,300	86.38	
		20				

The following table summarizes the Company's weighted average assumptions used in the valuation of options granted during the year ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Expected volatility	77.46%	78.05%
Expected term (in years)	2.82	3.07
Risk-free interest rate	3.97%	3.35%
Fair value of options	\$ 2.31	\$ 30.25

d) Warrants

The Company's outstanding warrants as of December 31, 2023 were:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Expiry Date
Outstanding, December 31, 2021	115,407	333.09	
Granted June 30, 2022	82,129	122.10a	December 30, 2025
Outstanding, December 31, 2022	197,536	245.37	
Granted January 17, 2023	53,226	62.00a	July 17, 2026
Granted June 20, 2023	20,000	25.00	June 20, 2025
Granted October 18, 2023	620,230	2.62a	April 18, 2027
Granted November 30, 2023	1,986,112	0.90	May 30, 2027
Outstanding, December 31, 2023	2,877,104	14.39	

(a)The issuance of the Fourth Tranche Debenture on November 30, 2023 triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the Debenture Warrants to \$0.90 (Note 11). Subsequent to December 31, 2023, a Convertible Debt Investor purchased an additional tranche of \$1,100,000 in convertible debentures (the "Fifth tranche") and received 3,341,122 warrants (the "Fifth tranche of Debenture Warrants"). The convertible debt and warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.214. The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second, Third, and Fourth tranche of Debentures and the First, Second, Third, Fourth tranche of Debenture Warrants to \$0.214.

e) Loss per Common Share

Diluted net loss attributable to common shareholders per share does not differ from basic net loss attributable to common shareholders per share for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, since the effect of the Company's warrants, stock options and convertible debentures are anti-dilutive.

Potentially dilutive securities that are not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share because their effect is anti-dilutive are as follows (in common equivalent shares):

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Warrants	2,877,104	197,536
Options	76,114	27,652
Prefunded warrants	-	22,923
Convertible debentures	13,444,835	99,730
Total anti-dilutive weighted average shares	16,398,053	347,841

16. REVENUE

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company sold hydroxyl generating devices. The Company's revenue from the hydroxyl generating devices sales are as follows:

	<u> </u>	December 31, D	
HVAC devices	\$	13,753	\$ -
Transport devices		2,528	
	\$	16,281	\$ -

17. INCOME TAXES

For the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, loss before income tax provision consisted of the following:

	_	December 31, 2023	 December 31, 2022
Domestic operations – Canada	\$	(10,981,917)	\$ (11,753,662)
Foreign operations - United States		(751,293)	 (1,119,440)
Total loss before taxes	\$	(11,733,210)	\$ (12,873,102)

Income tax expense (benefit) consists of the following for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	De	cember 31, 2023	 December 31, 2022
Loss before taxes	\$	(11,733,210)	\$ (12,873,102)
Statutory tax rate		27.00%	27.00%
Income taxes at the statutory rate	\$	(3,167,967)	\$ (3,475,738)
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities		(2,525,761)	(1,032,824)
Non-deductible accretion interest		1,665,506	747,719
Debt conversion and extinguishment losses		509,945	-
Stock-based compensation		314,023	484,035
Share issue costs		(167,075)	(108,685)
Foreign currency translation		(185,096)	298,876
Other		1,893	63,035
Total	\$	(3,554,532)	\$ (3,023,582)
Change in valuation allowance	\$	3,554,532	\$ 3,023,582
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$		\$

The Company is subject to Canadian federal and provincial tax for the estimated assessable profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 at a rate of 27%.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. A valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that we will not realize those tax assets through future operations. Significant components of the Company's deferred taxes are as follows:

	Do	ecember 31, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022
Deferred tax assets:				
Unused net operating losses carry forward - Canada and United States	\$	10,964,564	\$	7,572,932
Share issue costs		285,654		130,732
Other		2,692		(5,286)
Total deferred tax assets		11,252,910		7,698,378

Valuation allowance	(11,252,91	.0)	(7,698,378)
	\$	-	\$ -

The Company has non-capital losses of \$37.4 million as of December 31, 2023 and \$25.8 million as of December 31, 2022, which can be used to offset future taxable income in Canada are due to expire in the following years:

2038	\$ 2,013,889
2039	4,562,12
2040	2,351,633
2041	6,394,85
2042	11,124,183
Thereafter	10,914,51:
	\$ 37,361,200

For foreign operations in United States, aggregate net operating losses are \$3.0 million as of December 31, 2023 and \$2.2 million as of December 31, 2022 which can be carried forward indefinitely. Non-Capital Losses in Canada can be carried forward after change of ownership, if the particular business which gave rise to the loss is carried on by the company for profit or with a reasonable expectation of profit. Certain accumulated net operating losses in United States are subject to an annual limitation from equity shifts, which constitute a change of ownership as defined under Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 382. These rules will limit the utilization of the losses.

The Company files income tax returns in Canada and the United States and is subject to examination in these jurisdictions for all years since the Company's inception in 2017. As at December 31, 2023, no tax authority audits are currently underway.

The Company currently has no uncertain tax position and is therefore not reflecting any adjustments.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having the authority and responsibility of planning, directing, and executing the activities of the Company. The Company has determined that its key management personnel consist of the Company's officers and directors.

As of December 31, 2023, \$57,561 (December 31, 2022, \$32,500) in total was owing to officers and directors, or to companies owned by officers and directors, of the Company for services and expenses. These amounts owing have been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred \$8,213 and \$79,457, respectively, to our U.S. general counsel firm, Enso Law against legal services, a corporation controlled by the Chairman of the Company.

There were no other payments to related parties for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 other than expense reimbursements in the ordinary course of business.

19. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company spent \$6,589 in research and development costs in relation to UN(THINK)™ food product development. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company spent \$615,693 in relation to the license agreement with Radical Clean Solutions Ltd ("Radical"), the testing, nutrient and micro analysis for UN(THINK)TM food product development as well as costs of design and construction for the Coachella land and its future structure architecture. The following represents the breakdown of research and development activities:

				eember 31, 2022	
License agreement		\$		\$	256,703
Product development			6,589		179,563
Design and construction			-		179,427
		\$	6,589	\$	615,693
	F-23				

20. LEASES

On November 1, 2023, the Company terminated its operating lease for office space. This resulted in a loss of \$30,322 which is included in other loss. On the same date, the Company entered into a new short-term lease and has elected not to apply the recognition requirements under ASC 842 "Leases". The Company has no finance leases.

The components of lease expenses were as follows:

	 December 31, 2023	D-	ecember 31, 2022
Operating lease cost	\$ 242,632	\$	295,601
Short-term lease cost	 47,385		23,361
Total lease expenses	\$ 290,017	\$	318,962

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Debenture principal repayments

The following table summarizes the future principal payments related to our outstanding debt as of December 31, 2023:

2024	\$ 7,666,599
2025	3,143,538
2026	660,000
	\$ 11,470,137

Contingencies

Litigation

On August 11, 2023, AgriFORCE's former CEO, Ingo Wilhelm Mueller filed a Notice of Civil Claim in which he alleges that AgriFORCE wrongfully terminated his employment without notice, in breach of the parties' underlying employment agreement. Mr. Mueller alleges to have suffered damages including, among other things, a loss of base salary of \$473,367 CAD per annum and damages from not receiving common stock of AgriFORCE equivalent in value to \$468,313 CAD. AgriFORCE's position is that Mr. Mueller was terminated for 'just cause' because he breached his fiduciary duty to act in AgriFORCE's best interest by, among other things, submitting a sizeable bid for the acquisition of a company without first obtaining Board approval. In doing so, Mr. Mueller misrepresented AgriFORCE's financial standing and forged, or instructed others to forge, a document by affixing the electronic signature of AgriFORCE's CFO.

As at December 31, 2023, the parties were in the discovery stage of litigation. AgriFORCE has produced relevant documents to Mr. Mueller, and is awaiting Mr. Mueller's production of relevant documents. The parties are also in the process of scheduling examinations for discovery. Management is instructing counsel to advance the matter given the relative strength of AgriFORCE's case.

The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is relatively low given the facts supporting AgriFORCE's 'for cause' termination of Mr. Mueller as well as the significant expense that Mr. Mueller would have to incur to advance this matter to trial.

On September 31, 2023, Stronghold filed a Complaint with the Superior Court of California for Breach of Contract; Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and Common Count: Goods and Services Rendered in relation to the purchase and sale agreement for the Coachella property (Note 4). Stronghold alleges that AgriFORCE breached the PSA by failing to deposit certain stocks certificates into Escrow, failing to pay amounts owed for its costs incurred in connection with the Sellers Work, and for terminating the PSA despite Stronghold's performance of the Sellers Work. Stronghold is claiming \$451,684.00 plus interest in damages based on invoices it provided. AgriFORCE will dispute, among other things, the amount and invoices, estimating approximately \$230,000 as Stronghold's true expenses that may be claimed. The Company filed their answer on February 26, 2024. The trial date has not been set for this case.

22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events through April 1, 2024, the date on which these financial statements were available to be issued, to ensure that this filing includes appropriate disclosure of events both recognized in the financial statements as of

December 31, 2023, and events which occurred subsequent to December 31, 2023 but were not recognized in the financial statements.

From January 1, 2024 through April 1, 2024, the Company issued 16,493,602 common shares upon conversion of convertible debt and conversion of convertible debt in lieu of repayment in cash (principal and interest of \$4,062,217).

From January 1, 2024 through April 1, 2024, the Company issued 112,645 common shares as part of compensation to Company officers.

From January 1, 2024 through April 1, 2024, the Company issued 126,646 common shares to consultants for services rendered.

On February 21, 2024, an Investor purchased an additional tranche of \$1,100,000. The convertible debt and warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$0.214. The issuance of the additional tranche triggered the down round provision, adjusting the exercise prices of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Tranche Debentures and the First, Second, Third and Fourth Tranche Warrants to \$0.214.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a—15(e) and 15d—15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act). Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the individuals serving as our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Management conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013 Framework). Based on this assessment, our management concluded that, as of December 31, 2022, our internal control over financial reporting was effective based on those criteria.

Attestation Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm due to the deferral allowed given we are neither an accelerated nor a large accelerated filer.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from our definitive proxy statement for our 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "**Proxy Statement**"). The definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Name	Age	Position	Served Since
David Welch 42		Executive Chairman, Director, Compensation committee Chair, and	December 2017
		M&A Committee Member	
William J. Meekison	58	Director, Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and M&A	June 2019
		Committee Chair	
Richard Levychin	64	Director, Audit Committee Chair, M&A Committee Member	July 2021
Amy Griffith	50	Director, Governance Committee Chair and Compensation Committee	July 2021
		Member	
Elaine Goldwater	50	Director, Audit Committee Member and Governance Committee	October 2023
		Member	
Jolie Kahn	59	Executive Consultant	February 2024
Richard S. Wong	58	Chief Financial Officer and Interim Chief Executive Officer	October 2018
Mauro Pennella	58	Chief Marketing Officer and President AgriFORCE™ Brands division.	July 2021
Margaret Honey	67	Former Director	October 2023
Ingo W. Mueller*	58	Former Chairman, Former Director, and Former Chief Executive	December 2017
		Officer	
Troy T. McClellan	62	Former President, AgriFORCE TM Solutions	February 2018

Directors serve until the next annual meeting and until their successors are elected and qualified. Officers are appointed to serve for one year until the meeting of the Board of Directors following the annual meeting of shareholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

David Welch, Chairman of the Board, Director, Compensation Committee Chair, M&A Committee member

Mr. Welch is a founding partner at ENSO LAW, LLP, a Los Angeles based Intellectual Property and Regulatory law firm. He has a broad base of experience in representing US, Canadian and Mexican corporate clients in the areas of litigation, intellectual property and government regulatory advisement and defense. Mr. Welch has represented recognizable businesses in the agriculture and food services space in Federal Court, California state courts and before the USPTO and TTAB. Mr. Welch has also argued before the California Supreme Court and the US 9th Circuit Court of Appeals on constitutional issues related to preemption and the application of US law to various companies. Mr. Welch obtained his Juris Doctorate degree from Loyola Law School with an emphasis in international trade and has received various accolades for his work in intellectual property and regulatory law, including Top 40 under 40 by the Daily Journal; National Law Journal Intellectual Property Trail Blazer, and Super Lawyers from 2013 until 2023. In his business ventures, Mr. Welch is a registered aquaculturist and farmer focusing on sustainable and regenerative agricultural practices. He is suited to serve as a director due to his long-standing experience in international intellectual property, agriculture and business.

William John Meekison, Director, Audit Committee, and M&A Committee Chair

Mr. Meekison is a career Chief Financial Officer and former investment banker. He has spent the last fifteen years serving in a variety of executive management and CFO roles with both private and public companies, currently as the CFO of Exro Technologies Inc. (since October 2017), a technology company in the emobility sector. He is currently on the board of Telo Genomics Corp. (since July 2018) and Adven Inc. (since April 2021). Prior to his position at Exro Technologies Inc. and other CFO roles, Mr. Meekison spent fifteen years in corporate finance with a focus on raising equity capital for North American technology companies, including nine years at Haywood Securities Inc. Mr. Meekison received his Bachelor of Arts from the University of British Columbia and is a Chartered Professional Accountant, Professional Logistician and Certified Investment Manager. Mr. Meekison also holds the NACD.DC certification as a member of the National Association of Corporate Directors. He is suited to serve as a director due to his long time experience as a CFO.

Richard Levychin, Director, Audit Committee Chair, M&A Committee Member

Richard Levychin, CPA, CGMA, is a Partner in Galleros Robinson's Commercial Audit and Assurance practice where he focuses on both privately and publicly held companies. Prior to taking this position in October 2018, Richard was the managing partner of KBL, LLP, a PCAOB certified independent registered accounting firm, since 1994. Mr. Levychin has over 25 years of accounting, auditing, business advisory services and tax experience working with both privately owned and public entities in various industries including media, entertainment, real estate, manufacturing, not-for-profit, technology, retail, technology, and professional services. His experience also includes expertise with SEC filings, initial public offerings, and compliance with regulatory bodies. As a business adviser, he advises companies, helping them to identify and define their business and financial objectives, and then provides them with the on-going personal attention necessary to help them achieve their established goals. Mr. Levychin is well suited to serve on our Board due to his decades of experience as the managing partner of a PCAOB certified independent registered accounting firm, which included decades of expertise with SEC filings and initial public offerings.

Amy Griffith, Director, Governance Committee Chair and Compensation Committee Member

Ms. Griffith currently serves as Head, Government Relations & External Affairs for McCain Foods - North America. She is responsible for the North America ("NA") Public Affairs strategy and provides strategic leadership and direction on behalf of McCain with policymakers in the United States and Canada. She leads external communications and stakeholder management. Previously, she was the Group Director for the North America Operating unit of the Coca-Cola Company, in this capacity she oversaw public affairs, government relations, sustainability and communications in Canada and the Northeastern United States. Previously, she served as Wells Fargo's State & Local Government Relations Senior Vice President. She was recruited to Wells Fargo's Government Relations and Public Policy team in 2019. In this role, Griffith led Wells Fargo's legislative and political agenda in her region and managed relationships with state and local policymakers and community stakeholders. From 2008-2019, Ms. Griffith led government relations for sixteen states in the Eastern United States for TIAA for over a decade. Prior to that, she worked in the aerospace, high tech, education, private and public sectors, and has managed multiple high-profile political campaigns at the local, state and national level. Griffith is active in her community and has co-chaired The Baldwin School Golf Outing to raise funds for girls' athletics programs. She is a graduate of Gwynedd-Mercy College and holds a Bachelor of Arts in History. Ms. Griffith is well qualified to serve as a director due to her significant experience in government relations, policy and regulatory agencies as well as decades of experience working with companies in both the private and public sectors.

Elaine Goldwater, Director, Audit Committee Member, and Governance Committee Member

Elaine Goldwater is an executive in the Bio-Pharmaceutical Industry. She is the Senior Director of Marketing, Endocrinology at Recordati Rare Diseases. Prior to Recordati Rare Diseases she was at Merck. Elaine offers 20 plus years of experience creating and launching complex global marketing strategies in the competitive pharmaceutical industry, she offers a talent for guiding informed decision-making, leading strategic planning and strategic operations, and delivering double-digit growth and transform across high-value product portfolios. Her expertise includes deep knowledge of the product lifecycle from pre-clinical/early-stage development through launch, loss of exclusivity (LOE), line-extension, and late lifecycle products. In addition, Elaine's mastery of country and global operations is leveraged with a background in building market archetypes, shared best practices, and profitable strategy and execution models. She drives end to end commercial strategy creation and execution through a collaborative cross functional process that delivers above brand performance driving to growing net revenue and ensuring patient access.

Jolie Kahn, Executive Consultant

Jolie Kahn has an extensive background in corporate finance and corporate and securities law. She has been the proprietor of Jolie Kahn, Esq. since 2002. Ms. Kahn has also acted in various corporate finance roles, including extensive involvement of preparation of period filings and financial statements and playing an integral part in public company audits. She also works with companies and hedge funds in complex transactions involving the structuring and negotiation of multi-million-dollar debt and equity financings,

mergers, and acquisitions. Ms. Kahn has practiced law in the areas of corporate finance, mergers & acquisitions, reverse mergers, and general corporate, banking, and real estate matters. She represents both public and private companies, hedge funds, and other institutional investors in their role as investors in public companies. Ms. Kahn holds a BA from Cornell University and a J.D. magna cum laude from the Benjamin N. Cardozo School of Law.

Richard Wong, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Wong, who works full time for the Company, has over 25 years of experience in both start-up and public companies in the consumer goods, agricultural goods, manufacturing, and forest industries. Prior to joining the Company in 2018, he was a partner in First Choice Capital Advisors from 2008-2016 and a partner in Lighthouse Advisors Ltd. from 2016-2018. Mr. Wong has also served as the CFO of Emerald Harvest Co., Dan-D Foods, Ltd., and was the Director of Finance and CFO of SUGOI Performance Apparel and had served positions at Canfor, Canadian Pacific & other Fortune 1000 companies. Mr. Wong is a Chartered Professional Accountant, and a member since 1999. Mr. Wong has a Diploma in Technology and Financial Management from the British Columbia Institute of Technology.

Mauro Pennella, Chief Marketing Officer and President, AgriFORCE TM Brands

Mr. Pennella, who works full time for the Company, is a consumer products veteran with more than 30 years of experience in the consumer-packaged goods industry. From May 2018 until January 2021, he was Chief Growth & Sustainability Officer at McCain Foods, a Canadian multinational frozen food company. In that role, he was responsible for global marketing, sales, research and development (R&D) and sustainability. From October 2014 to April 2018, Mr. Pennella served as the President, International of Combe Incorporated, a personal care products company where he oversaw the international division, R&D and the internal advertising agency. He was also a member of the Executive Committee at Combe Incorporated, where he was responsible for the P&L - overseeing eight subsidiaries with more than 100 employees around the world. Prior to that, Mr. Pennella led the Retail and International businesses at Conagra's Lamb Weston division and developed his career at Diageo and Procter & Gamble. Mr. Pennella received a Master of Business from Audencia, a premier European business school, as well as an M.A.B.A. in Marketing and Finance from The Ohio State University Fisher College of Business.

Ingo Wilhelm Mueller - Former Chairman, Former Director and Former Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Mueller has been involved in the finance and advisory business for the past 25 years having been involved in the financing of companies and projects. Mr. Mueller is the founder and was the CEO of the Company since inception and has been responsible for the development of the Company's intellectual property, business model and financing. On July 18, 2023, the Company announced a restructuring of management. Ingo Mueller departed from his position as CEO and Chair of the Board.

Troy McClellan, Former President AgriFORCETM Solutions

Mr. McClellan, who worked full time for the Company, had focused on innovative design and construction technologies throughout his career. Mr. McClellan is a registered professional architect and received his Master's Degree in Architecture from Montana State University.

On January 25, 2024, Troy McClellan, President of AgriFORCE Solutions, submitted a letter of resignation to the Company. On January 25, 2024, the Company accepted his resignation and deemed it effective immediately pursuant to Section 7.3 of his employment agreement with the Company which permits waiver by the Company of Mr. McClellan's notice period (through March 31, 2024) and corresponding acceleration of the resignation date.

Corporate Governance

The business and affairs of our Company are managed under the direction of the Board of Directors.

Director Independence

We use the definition of "independence" of The NASDAQ Stock Market to make this determination. We are not yet listed on NASDAQ, and although we use its definition of "independence," its rules are inapplicable to us until such time as we become listed on NASDAQ. NASDAQ Listing Rule 5605(a)(2) provides that an "independent director" is a person other than an officer or employee of our Company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. The NASDAQ rules provide that a director cannot be considered independent if:

- the director is, or at any time during the past three years was, an employee of our Company;
- the director or a family member of the director accepted any compensation from our Company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of 12 consecutive months within the three years preceding the independence determination (subject to certain exclusions, including, among other things, compensation for board or board committee service);
- a family member of the director is, or at any time during the past three years was, an executive officer of our Company;
- the director or a family member of the director is a partner in, controlling shareholder of, or an executive officer of an entity to which our Company made, or from which our Company received, payments in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenue for that year or \$200,000, whichever is greater (subject to certain exclusions);
- the director or a family member of the director is employed as an executive officer of an entity where, at any time during
 the past three years, any of the executive officers of our Company served on the compensation committee of such other
 entity; or

•	the director or a family member of the director is a current partner of our Company's outside auditor, or at any time during
	the past three years was a partner or employee of our Company's outside auditor, and who worked on our Company's
	audit.

Under the following three NASDAQ director independence rules a director is not considered independent: (a) NASDAQ Rule 5605(a)(2)(A), a director is not considered to be independent if he or she also is an executive officer or employee of the corporation, (b) NASDAQ Rule 5605(a)(2)(B), a director is not consider independent if he or she accepted any compensation from our Company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of twelve consecutive months within the three years preceding the determination of independence, and (c) NASDAQ Rule 5605(a)(2)(D), a director is not considered to be independent if he or she is a partner in, or a controlling shareholder or an executive officer of, any organization to which our Company made, or from which our Company received, payments for property or services in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenues for that year, or \$200,000. Under such definitions, we have four independent directors.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships among any of the directors and executive officers.

Board Committees

Our Board has established the following three standing committees: audit committee; compensation committee; and nominating and governance committee, or nominating committee. Our board of directors has adopted written charters for each of these committees. Copies of the charters will be available on our website. Our board of directors may establish other committees as it deems necessary or appropriate from time to time.

Audit Committee

Our Audit Committee is comprised of at least three individuals, each of whom are independent director and at least one of whom will be an "audit committee financial expert," as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K. Our audit committee is currently comprised of Richard Levychin (Chair), John Meekison and Elaine Goldwater, who are independent, and Mr. Levychin is our financial expert.

Our Audit Committee will oversee our corporate accounting, financial reporting practices and the audits of financial statements. For this purpose, the Audit Committee will have a charter (which will be reviewed annually) and perform several functions. The Audit Committee will:

- evaluate the independence and performance of, and assess the qualifications of, our independent auditor and engage such independent auditor;
- approve the plan and fees for the annual audit, quarterly reviews, tax and other audit-related services and approve in advance any non-audit service to be provided by our independent auditor;
- monitor the independence of our independent auditor and the rotation of partners of the independent auditor on our engagement team as required by law;
- review the financial statements to be included in our future Annual Reports on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and review with management and our independent auditor the results of the annual audit and reviews of our quarterly financial statements; and
- oversee all aspects our systems of internal accounting control and corporate governance functions on behalf of the Board of Directors.

Compensation Committee

Our Compensation Committee comprises of at least three individuals, each of whom will be an independent director, Our Compensation committee is currently comprised of David Welch (Chair), Amy Griffith, and John Meekison, who are independent.

The Compensation Committee will review or recommend the compensation arrangements for our management and employees and also assist our Board of Directors in reviewing and approving matters such as company benefit and insurance plans, including monitoring the performance thereof. The Compensation Committee will have a charter (which will be reviewed annually) and perform several functions.

The Compensation Committee will have the authority to directly engage, at our expense, any compensation consultants or other advisers as it deems necessary to carry out its responsibilities in determining the amount and form of employee, executive and director compensation.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (the "N&CG Committee")

Our N&CG Committee is comprised of at least three individuals, each of whom will be an independent director. Currently Amy Griffith (Chair) and Elaine Goldwater are members of the committee. The committee has one vacancy.

The NC&G Committee is charged with the responsibility of reviewing our corporate governance policies and with proposing potential director nominees to the Board of Directors for consideration. This committee also has the authority to oversee the hiring of potential executive positions in our Company. The NC&G Committee also has a charter, which is to be reviewed annually.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

				Share- Based	Option-	All Other	Total
N 0 D ' ' 1 D ' '	T 7	G 1	ъ		Based		
Name & Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Awards ^c	Awards	Compensation	Compensation
Richard S. Wong,	2023	264,041	-	179,004	42,148	1,793	486,986
Chief Financial Officer	2022	295,216	134,696a	86,456	28,831	1,741	546,940
Mauro Pennella	2023	259,317	-	158,105	25,544	1,793	444,759
Chief Marketing Officer, President							
AgriFORCE™ Brands	2022	268,962	-	115,269	45,593	1,741	431,565
Troy T. McClellan,	2023	231,755	-	74,091	-	1,656	307,502
Former President Design &							
Construction	2022	246,732	69,162ь	76,846	30,132	1,741	424,613
Ingo W. Mueller,	2023	289,025	-	86,744	-	-	375,769
Former Chief Executive Officer	2022	392,464	375,718	359,881	6,866	1,741	1,136,670

⁽a) Bonus was paid out \$101,022 in shares and \$33,674 in cash.

⁽b) Bonus was paid out \$69,162 in shares

⁽c) Some share-based awards were issued net of income taxes. The Company repurchased shares on the issuance date to remit as income taxes to the appropriate government revenue service agencies.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth information known to us regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of April 1, 2024 by:

Ontions

- each person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding common stock;
- each of our executive officers and directors; and
- all of our executive officers and directors as a group.

	Common shares	Granted vested within 60 days of April 1, 2024	Warrants	Total	Percentage beneficially owned
Directors and Officers:					
Richard Wong	37,602	11,584	-	49,186	0.3%
Mauro Pennella	61,055	7,396	-	68,451	0.4%
John Meekison	865	2,541	-	3,406	0.0%
David Welch	1,049	2,507	-	3,556	0.0%
Amy Griffith	-	2,150	-	2,15-	0.0%
Richard Levychin	-	2,150	-	2,150	0.0%
Elaine Goldwater	-	-	-	-	-%
Ingo Mueller (Former CEO and					
Chairman)	3,954	-	-	3,954	0.0%
Troy McClellan (Former President Design &					
Construction)	28,159	-	-	28,159	0.1%
Margaret Honey (Former Director)	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-%
Total all officers and directors					
(10 persons)*	128,730	28.328	-	157.058	0.8%
5% or Greater Beneficial					
Owners					
-	-	-	-	-	-

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

We have adopted a written related-person transactions policy that sets forth our policies and procedures regarding the identification, review, consideration and oversight of "related-party transactions." For purposes of our policy only, and not for purposes of required disclosure, which will be all related party transactions, even if less than \$120,000, a "related-party transaction" is a transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which we and any "related party" are participants involving an amount that exceeds \$120,000.

Transactions involving compensation for services provided to us as an employee, consultant or director are not considered related-person transactions under this policy. A related party is any executive officer, director or a holder of more than five percent of our common shares, including any of their immediate family members and any entity owned or controlled by such persons.

At present, we have appointed two independent directors to the N&CG Committee. As a result, our Chief Financial Officer, Richard Wong, must present information regarding a proposed related-party transaction to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Under the policy, where a transaction has been identified as a related-party transaction, Mr. Wong must present information regarding the proposed related-party transaction to our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, once the same is established, for review. The presentation must include a description of, among other things, the material facts, the direct and indirect interests of the related parties, the benefits of the transaction to us and whether any alternative transactions are available. To identify related-party transactions in advance, we rely on information supplied by our executive officers, directors and certain significant shareholders. In considering related-party transactions, our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee takes into account the relevant available facts and circumstances including, but not limited to:

- whether the transaction was undertaken in the ordinary course of our business;
- whether the related party transaction was initiated by us or the related party;
- whether the transaction with the related party is proposed to be, or was, entered into on terms no less favorable to us than terms that could have been reached with an unrelated third party;
- the purpose of, and the potential benefits to us from the related party transaction;
- the approximate dollar value of the amount involved in the related party transaction, particularly as it relates to the related party;
- the related party's interest in the related party transaction, and
- any other information regarding the related party transaction or the related party that would be material to investors in light of the circumstances of the particular transaction.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall then make a recommendation to the Board, which will determine whether or not to approve of the related party transaction, and if so, upon what terms and conditions. In the event a director has an interest in the proposed transaction, the director must recuse himself or herself from the deliberations and approval.

Except as set forth below, we have not had any related party transactions, regardless of dollar amount:

As of December 31, 2023, \$57,561 (December 31, 2022, \$32,500) in total was owing to officers and directors or to companies owned by officers and directors of the Company for services and expenses. These amounts owing have been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred \$11,984 and \$79,457, respectively, to our U.S. general counsel firm, Enso Law against legal services, a corporation controlled by a director of the Company.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Aggregate fees billed to us by Marcum LLP, the Company's principal independent accountants, during the last two fiscal years were as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Audit Fees ^a	\$ 155,000	\$	170,000	
Audit – Related Fees	 41,200		197,649	
	\$ 196,200	\$	367,649	

(a) Amounts represent the contractual fees related to the fiscal year, not the accrued fees incurred during the year.

Audit Fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of our consolidated annual financial statements and review of the interim consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by our auditors in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees consist of services by our independent auditors that, including accounting consultations on transaction related matters including work related to our S-1 fillings, are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and are not reported above under Audit Fees.

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and	1 2022, Marcum LLP did not incu	r fees for any other professional services
,	,	7 1

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

Financial Statements

The following Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID: 688) included in Part II, Item 8:

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Financial Statement Schedules

All schedules have been omitted because they are not required or because the required information is given in the Consolidated Financial Statements or Notes thereto set forth under Item 8.

Exhibits

The exhibits listed below are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of Issuer*
4.1	Form of Series A Warrant and Representatives Warrant***
4.2	Amended and Restated Stock Option Plan – Form of Stock Option Certificate attached as Schedule A*
4.3	Form of Broker Compensation Warrant Certificate for \$1.00 warrants issued to brokers in connection in May 2019
	in connection with \$1.00 preferred unit financing*
10.1	Vacant Land Purchase Agreement, dated July 13, 2020, between Company and Coachella Properties, Inc.*
10.2	Capital Funding Group-Commercial Loan Terms Sheet - Re Coachella 3837v2*
10.3	Commercial Loan Agreement with Alterna Bank-2020-04-30*
10.4	Vacant Land Offer Extension_of_Time_Addendum_Coachella-IM Signed*
10.5	Employment Agreement - Ingo Mueller******
10.6	Employment Agreement - Richard Wong*******
10.7	Employment Agreement - Troy McClellan******
10.8	Employment Agreement - Mauro Pennella******
10.9	Second Vacant Land Offer Extension_of_Time_Addendum_Coachella-IM Signed***
10.10	Warrant Agent Agreement***
10.11	Capital Funding Term Sheet dated February 5, 2021 ****
10.12	Extension of Land Purchase Agreement ****
10.13	Pharmhaus Termination Agreements *****
10.14	Bridge Loan Agreement dated March 24, 2021*****
10.15	Bridge Note, dated March 24, 2021*****
10.16	Bridge Warrant, dated March 24, 2021*****
10.17	Asset Purchase Agreement - Manna Nutritional Group******
10.18	<u>Definitive Agreement with Humboldt Bliss, Ltd******</u>
10.19	Share Purchase Agreement with Delphy Groep B.V.******
10.20	Binding LOI to Acquire Deroose Plants NV*******
10.21	License Agreement with Radical Clean Solutions Ltd.******
14.1	Code of Ethics**
21.1	<u>List of Subsidiaries**</u>
23.1	Consent of Marcum, LLP**
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer filed pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the
	Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer filed pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the
	Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**

32.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of
	the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
32.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of
	the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
97	Policy for the Recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

^{*} Filed with our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission on December 16, 2020.

****** Filed with Form 10-K filed with the Commission on March 30, 2022.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None.

^{**} Filed herewith

^{****} Filed with Amendment No. 1 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission on January 20, 2021.

**** Filed with Amendment No. 2 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission on March 3, 2021.

***** Filed with Amendment No. 3 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission on March 22, 2021.

^{******} Filed with Amendment No. 4 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission on June 3, 2021.

****** Filed with Amendment No. 5 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission on June 14, 2021.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS, LTD.

Date: April 1, 2024 By: /s/ Jolie Kahn

Name: Jolie Kahn

Title: Executive Consultant (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: April 1, 2024 By: /s/ Richard Wong

Name: Richard Wong

Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and

Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Jolie Kahn		April 1, 2024
Jolie Kahn	Executive Consultant	
/s/ Richard Wong Richard Wong	Chief Financial Officer	April 1, 2024
/s/ David Welch David Welch	Chairman of the Board of Directors	April 1, 2024
/s/ John Meekison John Meekison	Director	April 1, 2024
/s/ Richard Levychin Richard Levychin	Director	April 1, 2024
/s/ Amy Griffith Amy Griffith	Director	April 1, 2024
/s/ Elaine Goldwater Elaine Goldwater	Director	April 1, 2024
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2.0 BUSINESS ETHICS

2.1 Company Ethics & Conduct

The successful business operation and reputation of AgriFORCETM is built upon the principles of fair dealing and ethical conduct of our employees. Our reputation for integrity and excellence requires careful observance of the spirit and letter of all applicable laws and regulations, as well as the highest regard for standards of conduct and personal integrity.

The continued success of AgriFORCETM is dependent upon our customers' trust and we are dedicated to preserving that trust. Employees owe a duty to AgriFORCETM and its customers to act in a way that will merit the continued trust and confidence of our customers and the public in general.

AgriFORCETM will comply with all applicable laws and regulations and expects its directors, officers, and employees to conduct business in accordance with the letter, spirit, and intent of all relevant laws and to refrain from any illegal, dishonest, or unethical conduct.

In general, the use of common sense and good judgment, together with our core values, will guide you with respect to lines of acceptable conduct. If a situation arises where it is difficult to determine the proper course of action, the matter should be discussed openly with your immediate supervisor, a member of senior management, or Human Resources for advice and consultation, if necessary.

Compliance with this policy of business ethics and conduct is the responsibility of every AgriFORCE™ employee. Disregarding or failing to comply with this standard of business ethics and conduct may lead to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

Employees must report violations of this policy, or any of the policies in the Business Ethics section, to their immediate supervisor, a member of senior management, or Human Resources.

2.2 Employment Equity

AgriFORCETM is committed to providing equal employment opportunity for all employees and applicants for employment. The company does not discriminate in employment opportunities or practices on the basis of race, colour, religion, sex, marital status, family status, age, place of origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, political belief, sexual orientation, or any other grounds protected by the laws or regulations of any jurisdiction in which we operate. We base all employment decisions – including recruitment, selection, training, compensation, benefits, discipline, promotions, transfers, terminations, and social/recreational programs – on merit and the principles of equal employment opportunity.

Our employees have diverse backgrounds, skills and ideas that collectively contribute to greater opportunities for innovation. Our recruitment strategy is designed to attract a diverse pool of talent so that we may select the best candidates and open doors at all levels of this organization.

2.3 Conflict of Interest

Everyone working at AgriFORCETM has an obligation to conduct business within guidelines that prohibit actual or potential conflicts of interest. This policy establishes the framework within which AgriFORCETM wishes the company to operate. The purpose of these guidelines is to provide general direction so that team members can seek further clarification on issues regarding conflict of interest.

An actual or potential conflict of interest occurs when someone on the team is able to influence a decision that may result in a personal gain for that individual or for a relative because of AgriFORCETM's business dealings. For the purposes of this policy, a relative is any person who is related by blood or marriage or whose relationship with anyone working in the company is like that of persons who are related by blood or marriage.

If an employee has any influence on transactions involving purchases, contracts, or leases, it is imperative that they disclose to their supervisor, as soon as possible the existence of any actual or potential conflict of interest so that safeguards can be established to protect all parties.

Personal gain may result not only in cases where an employee or relative has a significant ownership or other interests in a business with which AgriFORCETM does business, but also when an employee or relative receives any kickback, bribe, substantial gift, or special consideration as a result of any transaction or business dealings involving AgriFORCETM.

2.4 Gifts

AgriFORCETM employees (or immediate family members) are not permitted to give or accept gifts, services, discounts, favours, loans personal discounts and similar gratuities offered to you because of your position at AgriFORCETM. This applies to or from individuals or companies who are doing business or would like to do business with AgriFORCETM. Items of modest value may be permitted if they are not given or received on a regular or frequent basis, provided that the gift is reported to the CEO or the Chair of the Audit Committee and they do not advise that retaining the gift would be inappropriate. This does not apply to officially approved corporate rebates.

2.5 Entertainment

You must not encourage or solicit entertainment from any individual or company with whom AgriFORCETM does business. Entertainment includes, but is not limited to, activities such as dining, attending sporting or other special events, and travel. From time-to-time employees may accept unsolicited entertainment, but only under the following conditions:

- 1. the entertainment occurs infrequently,
- 2. it arises out of the ordinary course of business,
- 3. it involves reasonable expenditures (the amounts involved should be such as employees, officers and Directors are accustomed to normally spending for their own business or personal entertainment) and
- 4. the entertainment takes place in settings that also are reasonable, appropriate, and fitting to employees, officers and Directors, their hosts, and their business at hand.

2.6 Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption

Part of behaving ethically means that you should never participate in any corrupt activities and that you comply with all applicable Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption laws and regulations of each jurisdiction in which AgriFORCETM conducts business. AgriFORCETM does not permit providing payments, kickbacks, gifts, or anything else of significant value for the purpose of improperly influencing third parties. Even if the intent is not to influence, you should not provide a payment or benefit to any third party if it could appear to be improper.

AgriFORCETM can be held responsible for improper payments and benefits provided by agents, contractors, suppliers and other third parties acting on its behalf. You must ensure that you only deal with legitimate, reputable parties, and that they understand their obligation not to provide such improper payments or benefits in connection with the business they conduct for AgriFORCETM.

2.7 Confidentiality

All employees are required to keep all AgriFORCETM's financial, operational and business information acquired while working at AgriFORCETM; secure and confidential. Business strategies and plans, including technologies and products used, are AgriFORCETM intellectual property. Employees must not discuss details of AgriFORCETM's financial, business operations, plans or strategies with any third party including the media, family or friends, or at social or public functions, and should direct all inquiries to the CFO. Any employee who divulges confidential information may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

2.8 Disclosure, Confidentiality, and Insider Trading

At times you may find that you are in possession of material non-public information regarding AgriFORCETM and/or a competitor or supplier. Material non-public information is any information that could reasonably be expected to alter the value of a company's security (ies) if it were made public. Securities laws in both Canada and the United States provide that it is illegal to trade on such information or disclose it to others. These laws are extensive and complex, and violation of these laws may lead to civil and criminal actions against you.

If you find yourself in possession of such information, you and your immediate family members are prohibited from trading in those securities until such time as the information becomes public or you are notified by your manager that restrictions are no longer in place.

The purchase and sale of AgriFORCETM securities may only be done in accordance with the AgriFORCETM Insider Trading Policy. The Policy also addresses legal prohibitions against trading with knowledge of undisclosed material information, tipping, market manipulation or fraud and insider trade reporting requirements. Violations of such requirements may also have severe consequences, including fines, imprisonment and civil liability and may subject the individual to disciplinary action by the Corporation, up to and including termination. Employees, Officers, and Directors who engage in insider trading may also be accountable to AgriFORCETM for any benefit or advantage received as a result.

Please refer to the AgriFORCETM Insider Trading Policy provided as an Appendix to this Handbook for more detailed information on this subject. The AgriFORCETM Insider Trading Policy requires your signature separate from the Handbook Acknowledgement.

2.9 Whistleblower Policy

Employees are often the first to have concerns that there may be something wrong or unethical occurring within the organisation in which they work. However, they may feel that their concerns cannot be openly expressed, because it may be disloyal to colleagues; their concerns may not be taken seriously; or it may be easier to ignore their concern.

As a means of reinforcing AgriFORCETM's commitment to the highest standards, this 'Whistle-blowing Procedure' serves to help build the commitment of all employees, by providing a means of identifying and eliminating unethical practices within the workplace. The 'Whistle-blowing Procedure' provides an effective mechanism for employees to report potential concerns (confidentially and anonymously, if required), in the knowledge that genuine concerns will be appropriately investigated and resolved, without fear of discrimination or victimisation.

Please refer to the separate Whistleblower Policy document for more detail.

2.10 Anti-Retaliation Provisions

Retaliation against any employee, who in good faith seeks advice, raises a concern, reports misconduct, or provides information in an investigation will not be tolerated and will itself be considered a violation of AgriFORCETM Business Ethics. Some examples of retaliation include denial of benefits, termination, demotion, suspension, threats, harassment, or discrimination. If any individual retaliates against an employee who has truthfully and in good faith reported a potential violation, AgriFORCETM will take appropriate action. However, if an individual has intentionally made a false report, the Company will respond accordingly. For more details, please refer to the AgriFORCETM Whistleblower Policy.

If you believe that you or another employee has been retaliated against for (in good faith) seeking advice, raising a concern, reporting misconduct, or providing information in an investigation, please advise your immediate manager, Human Resources, the AgriFORCETM CEO or the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the AgriFORCETM Board. All reports will be handled promptly and confidentially.

2.11 Outside Employment

While not encouraged, should employees wish to engage in outside employment, in addition to their full-time position at AgriFORCETM, we request that:

- such outside employment does not interfere in any way with the employee's work performance or hours of employment with the Company;
- such employment is non-competitive with the business activities of the Company; and
- such employment has no possible conflict of interest with the employee's position at the Company.

All employees are reminded that they have signed an agreement which legally prohibits them from passing on the Company's ideas and work methods to other organizations. Employees may not use Company property, equipment, facilities, or time in connection with outside employment.

If it is deemed that, because of outside employment, an employee is repeatedly late, unable to work overtime, or unable to successfully fulfill the obligations of their position at AgriFORCETM, it may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

2.12 Off Duty Conduct Policy

In general, how employees decide to lead their lives when they are off duty is a private matter. However, the way in which employees conduct and present themselves off-duty can also have a significant impact on AgriFORCETM its business, reputation, products, customer relations and workplace environment. Accordingly, while the Company respects your personal freedoms, it also has a legitimate interest in establishing standards of off duty conduct and holding workers accountable for following those standards, including using discipline where necessary.

Off-duty conduct will be considered a work-related matter subject to discipline if it:

- harms the Company's reputation or products;
- has consequences that render you unable to perform your job or any part of your job effectively;
- leads other workers to refuse, be reluctant to or unable to work with you;
- makes you guilty of a serious breach of the Criminal Code of Canada/Title 18 of the United States Code or;
- makes it difficult for the Company to manage its operations and/or direct its workforce efficiently.

Violations of the Company's off-duty standards of conduct that meet the above criteria will be treated like a disciplinary infraction committed on-duty and subject to discipline up to and including termination.

You must report to your supervisor as soon as possible if you are arrested, detained, or charged with a violation under the Criminal Code of Canada/Title 18 of the United States Code or other Canadian/US laws related to your official duties.

2.13 Board Participation and Involvement with Other Companies

For any employee who wishes to participate on a for-profit, or not-for-profit board, these involvements must be approved by the CEO. All Directors should notify the Chair of the Audit Committee of all other board engagements and seek approval before assuming additional Board roles. You may not be a Director, officer, partner or consultant of an organization (other than an organization in which AgriFORCETM holds an interest or in which AgriFORCETM has the right to nominate a Director, officer, partner or consultant) doing or seeking to do business with AgriFORCETM, nor may you permit your name to be used in any way indicating a business connection with such an organization, without appropriate prior written approval of the AgriFORCETM CEO, in the case of an employee, and of the Chair of the Governance and Nominating Committee in the case of an officer or Director of AgriFORCETM.

2.14 AgriFORCETM Property

Employees are responsible for and are expected to take proper care of all AgriFORCETM property, materials, or written information issued to them or in their possession or control.

Upon request of the Company or upon termination or expiration of employment, the employee will turn over to the Company all property belonging to the Company including all confidential information belonging to the Company, including but not limited to, all documents, plans, specifications, disks, or other computer media, as well as any duplicates or backups made of that Confidential Information in whatever form or media, in the possession or control of the employee that:

- may contain or be derived from ideas, concepts, creations, or trade secrets and other proprietary and confidential information; or
- is connected with or derived from the employee's employment with AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd.

2.15 Copyright and Protection of Intellectual Property

Employees are not entitled to any copyright or moral right in or arising from any work they produce in the course of their employment with AgriFORCETM. This includes any program, strategy, design, or system they develop during their employment with the Company. Any copyright or merchandising rights in such work shall be the sole and exclusive property of AgriFORCETM in accordance with the Canadian and International Copyright Acts.

2.16 Public Reporting and Retention of Records

Depending on your position with AgriFORCETM, you may be called upon to provide necessary information to ensure that the Company's public reports are complete, fair and understandable. AgriFORCETM expects you to take this responsibility very seriously and to provide prompt accurate answers to inquiries related to AgriFORCETM public disclosure requirements.

Employees are required to ensure that all records are kept confidential and meet regulatory and legal requirements in the jurisdiction in which they are created and/or maintained. Destruction of records can only take place if they are not required for any pending legal matters. If you are unclear on what documents may be discarded, contact company legal counsel, or speak to your manager.

2.17 Non-Solicitation

During the employee's term of employment with AgriFORCETM and for a period of twelve (12) months after the end of that term, the employee will not in any way, directly or indirectly:

- induce or attempt to induce any employee or contractor of the Employer to quit employment or retainer with AgriFORCETM;
- otherwise interfere with or disrupt AgriFORCETM's relationship with its employees and contractors;
- discuss employment opportunities or provide information about competitive employment to any of AgriFORCETM's employees or contractors; or
- solicit, entice, or hire away any employee or contractor of AgriFORCETM for the purpose of an employment opportunity that is in competition with AgriFORCETM.

This non-solicitation obligation as described above will be limited to employees or contractors who were employees or contractors of AgriFORCETM during the period that the employee was employed by AgriFORCETM.

During the term of the employee's active employment with AgriFORCETM, and for one (1) year thereafter, the employee will not divert or attempt to divert from AgriFORCETM any business AgriFORCETM had enjoyed, solicited, or attempted to solicit, from its customers, prior to termination or expiration, as the case may be, of the employee's employment with AgriFORCETM.

2.18 Contract Binding Authority

Unless authorized in writing by AgriFORCETM, employees do not have the authority to enter any contracts or commitments for or on the behalf of the Company. AgriFORCETM will maintain a list of delegated authorities in this regard.

<u>AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES :</u>

un(Think) Food Company Canada Ltd.
AgriFORCE Investments Inc.
West Pender Holdings, Inc.
AGI IP Co.
West Pender Consulting Company
un(Think) Food Company
AgriFORCE Europe BV
AgriFORCE Belgium BV
GrowForce BV
AgriFORCE (Barbados) Ltd.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM'S CONSENT

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. on Form S-3, (File No. 333-266722) and Form S-8 (File No. 333-259052) of our report dated April 1, 2024, which includes an explanatory paragraph as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, with respect to our audits of the consolidated financial statements of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, which report is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. for the year ended December 31, 2023.

/s/ Marcum LLP

Marcum LLP Costa Mesa, CA April 1, 2024

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14 and 15d-14 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Jolie Kahn, Executive Consultant, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 1, 2024		
/s/ Jolie Kahn		
Jolie Kahn		
Executive Consultant		

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14 and 15d-14 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Richard Wong, Chief Financial Officer, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 1, 2024

/s/ Richard Wong

Richard Wong Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, the undersigned, Jolie Kahn, as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 1, 2024

/s/ Jolie Kahn

Jolie Kahn Executive Consultant (Principal Executive Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code) and is not being filed as part of the Form 10-K or as a separate disclosure document.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of AgriFORCE Growing Systems Ltd. (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, the undersigned, Richard Wong, as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 1, 2024

/s/ Richard Wong

Richard Wong Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code) and is not being filed as part of the Form 10-K or as a separate disclosure document.

AGRIFORCE GROWING SYSTEMS, LTD.

POLICY FOR THE RECOVERY OF ERRONEOUSLY AWARDED COMPENSATION

1. OVERVIEW

1.1. In accordance with Nasdaq Rule 5608, Section 10D and Rule 10D-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") ("Rule 10D-1"), the Board of Directors (the "Board") of AgriForce Growing Systems, Ltd. (the "Company") has adopted this Policy (the "Policy") to provide for the recovery of erroneously awarded Incentive-based Compensation from Executive Officers. All capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth below.

2. RECOVERY OF ERRONEOUSLY AWARDED COMPENSATION

- 2.1. In the event of an Accounting Restatement, the Company will reasonably promptly recover the Erroneously Awarded Compensation Received in accordance with Rule 5608 and Rule 10D-1 as follows:
 - 2.1.1. After an Accounting Restatement, the Compensation Committee (the "Committee") shall determine the amount of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation Received by each Executive Officer and shall promptly notify each Executive Officer with a written notice containing the amount of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation and a demand for repayment or return of such compensation, as applicable.
 - 2.1.1.1. For Incentive-based Compensation based on (or derived from) the Company's stock price or total shareholder return, where the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in the applicable Accounting Restatement:
 - 2.1.1.2. The amount to be repaid or returned shall be determined by the Committee based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Accounting Restatement on the Company's stock price or total shareholder return upon which the Incentive-based Compensation was Received. The Company shall maintain documentation of the determination of such reasonable estimate and provide the relevant documentation as required to Nasdaq.
 - 2.1.1.3. The Committee shall have discretion to determine the appropriate means of recovering Erroneously Awarded Compensation based on the particular facts and circumstances. Notwithstanding the foregoing, except as set forth in Section B(2) below, in no event may the Company accept an amount that is less than the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation in satisfaction of an Executive Officer's obligations hereunder.

- 2.1.1.4. To the extent that the Executive Officer has already reimbursed the Company for any Erroneously Awarded Compensation Received under any duplicative recovery obligations established by the Company or applicable law, it shall be appropriate for any such reimbursed amount to be credited to the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation that is subject to recovery under this Policy.
- 2.1.1.5. To the extent that an Executive Officer fails to repay all Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the Company when due, the Company shall take all actions reasonable and appropriate to recover such Erroneously Awarded Compensation from the applicable Executive Officer. The applicable Executive Officer shall be required to reimburse the Company for any and all expenses reasonably incurred (including legal fees) by the Company in recovering such Erroneously Awarded Compensation in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence.
- 2.2. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Company shall not be required to take the actions contemplated above if the Committee determines that recovery would be impracticable *and* the following conditions are met:
- 2.3. The Committee has determined that the direct expenses paid to a third party to assist in enforcing the Policy would exceed the amount to be recovered. Before making this determination, the Company must make a reasonable attempt to recover the Erroneously Awarded Compensation, documented such attempt(s) and provided such documentation to Nasdaq; and
- 2.4. Recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to employees of the Company, to fail to meet the requirements of Section 401(a)(13) or Section 411(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and regulations thereunder.

3. DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

3.1. The Company shall file all disclosures with respect to this Policy required by applicable SEC rules.

4. PROHIBITION OF INDEMNIFICATION

4.1. The Company shall not be permitted to insure or indemnify any Executive Officer against (i) the loss of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation that is repaid, returned or recovered pursuant to the terms of this Policy, or (ii) any claims relating to the Company's enforcement of its rights under this Policy. Further, the Company shall not enter into any agreement that exempts any Incentive-based Compensation that is granted, paid or awarded to an Executive Officer from the application of this Policy or that waives the Company's right to recovery of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation, and this Policy shall supersede any such agreement (whether entered into before, on or after the Effective Date of this Policy).

5. ADMINISTRATION AND INTERPRETATION

5.1. This Policy shall be administered by the Committee, and any determinations made by the Committee shall be final and binding on all affected individuals. The Committee is authorized to interpret and construe this Policy and to make all determinations necessary, appropriate, or advisable for the administration of this Policy and for the Company's compliance with Nasdaq Rules, Section 10D, Rule 10D-1 and any other applicable law, regulation, rule or interpretation of the SEC or Nasdaq.

6. AMENDMENT; TERMINATION

6.1. The Committee may amend this Policy from time to time in its discretion and shall amend this Policy as it deems necessary. Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, no amendment or termination of this Policy shall be effective if such amendment or termination would (after taking into account any actions taken by the Company contemporaneously with such amendment or termination) cause the Company to violate any federal securities laws, SEC rule or Nasdaq rule.

7. OTHER RECOVERY RIGHTS

7.1. This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all Executive Officers and, to the extent required by applicable law or guidance from the SEC or Nasdaq, their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives. The Committee intends that this Policy will be applied to the fullest extent required by applicable law. Any employment agreement, equity award agreement, compensatory plan or any other agreement or arrangement with an Executive Officer shall be deemed to include, as a condition to the grant of any benefit thereunder, an agreement by the Executive Officer to abide by the terms of this Policy. Any right of recovery under this Policy is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies or rights of recovery that may be available to the Company under applicable law, regulation or rule or pursuant to the terms of any policy of the Company or any provision in any employment agreement, equity award agreement, compensatory plan, agreement or other arrangement.

8. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Policy, the following capitalized terms shall have the meanings set forth below.

- 8.1. "Accounting Restatement" means an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance of the Company with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws, including any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements (a "Big R" restatement), or that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (a "little r" restatement).
- 8.2. "Clawback Eligible Incentive Compensation" means all Incentive-based Compensation Received by an Executive Officer (i) on or after October 2, 2023, (ii) after beginning service as an Executive Officer, (iii) who served as an Executive Officer at any time during the applicable performance period relating to any Incentive-based Compensation (whether or not such Executive Officer is serving at the time the Erroneously Awarded Compensation is required to be repaid to the Company), (iv) while the Company has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange or a national securities association, and (v) during the applicable Clawback Period (as defined below).
- 8.3. "Clawback Period" means, with respect to any Accounting Restatement, the three completed fiscal years of the Company immediately preceding the Restatement Date (as defined below), and if the Company changes its fiscal year, any transition period of less than nine months within or immediately following those three completed fiscal years.

- 8.4. "Erroneously Awarded Compensation" means, with respect to each Executive Officer in connection with an Accounting Restatement, the amount of Clawback Eligible Incentive Compensation that exceeds the amount of Incentive-based Compensation that otherwise would have been Received had it been determined based on the restated amounts, computed without regard to any taxes paid.
- 8.5. "Executive Officer" means each individual who is currently or was previously designated as an "officer" of the Company as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act. For the avoidance of doubt, the identification of an executive officer for purposes of this Policy shall include each executive officer who is or was identified pursuant to Item 401(b) of Regulation S-K or Item 6.A of Form 20-F, as applicable, as well as the principal financial officer and principal accounting officer (or, if there is no principal accounting officer, the controller).
- 8.6. "Financial Reporting Measures" means measures that are determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company's financial statements, and all other measures that are derived wholly or in part from such measures. Stock price and total shareholder return (and any measures that are derived wholly or in part from stock price or total shareholder return) shall, for purposes of this Policy, be considered Financial Reporting Measures. For the avoidance of doubt, a Financial Reporting Measure need not be presented in the Company's financial statements or included in a filing with the SEC.
- 8.7. "*Incentive-based Compensation*" means any compensation that is granted, earned or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure.
- 8.8. "Received" means, with respect to any Incentive-based Compensation, actual or deemed receipt, and Incentive-based Compensation shall be deemed received in the Company's fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-based Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive-based Compensation to the Executive Officer occurs after the end of that period.
- 8.9. "Restatement Date" means the earlier to occur of (i) the date the Board, a committee of the Board or the officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required, concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement, or (ii) the date a court, regulator or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare an Accounting Restatement.
- 9. This policy is effective as of December 1, 2023.

Exhibit A

ATTESTATION AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF POLICY FOR THE RECOVERY OF ERRONEOUSLY AWARDED COMPENSATION $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

By my signature below, I acknowledge and agree that:

I have received and read the attached Policy for the Recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation (this "*Policy*"), and I agree that the Policy supersedes any clawback provision set forth in my existing employment agreement with the Company.

I hereby agree to abide by all of the terms of this Policy both during and after my employment with the Company, including, without limitation, by promptly repaying or returning any Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the Company as determined in accordance with this Policy.

Signature:	-	
Printed Name:	_	
Date:	_	

